

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Together with Independent Auditors' Report)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

AND

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SCHEDULE REQUIRED BY THE OMB UNIFORM GUIDANCE

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

MARKS PANETH

ACCOUNTANTS & ADVISORS

COUNTY OF ROCKLAND

State of New York



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Year Ended December 31, 2017

> Edwin J. Day County Executive

Stephen F. DeGroat, CPA Commissioner of Finance & Budget Director

Steven J. Grogan, MPA, MS
Deputy Budget Director

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Together with Independent Auditors' Report)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017 AND SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SCHEDULE REQUIRED BY THE OMB UNIFORM GUIDANCE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

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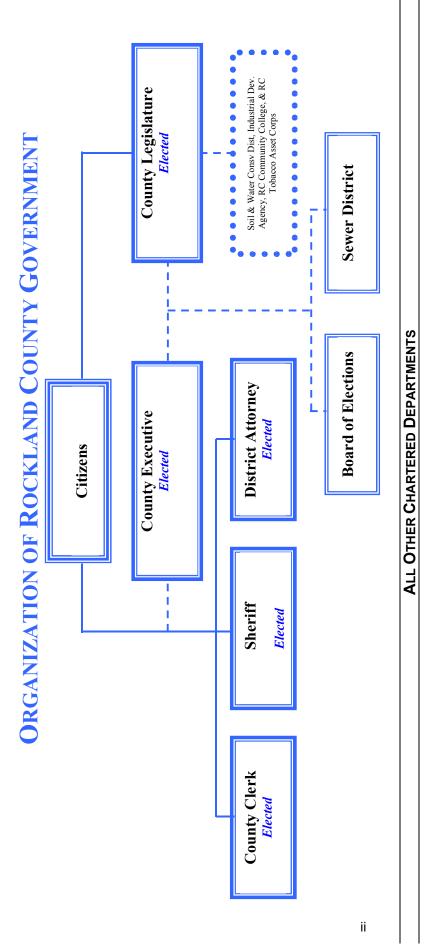


Rockland County Legislature

District 1	Hon.	Douglas J. Jobson
District 2	Hon.	Michael M. Grant
District 3	Hon.	Jay Hood, Jr.
District 4	Hon.	Ilan S. Schoenberger
District 5	Hon.	Lon M. Hofstein
District 6	Hon.	Alden H. Wolfe
District 7	Hon.	Philip Soskin
District 8	Hon.	Toney L. Earl
District 9	Hon.	Christopher J. Carey
District 10	Hon.	Harriet D. Cornell
District 11	Hon.	Laurie Santulli
District 12	Hon.	Charles J. Falciglia
District 13	Hon.	Aron B. Wieder
District 14	Hon.	Aney Paul
District 15	Hon.	Patrick J. Moroney
District 16	Hon.	Vincent D. Tyer
District 17	Hon.	Nancy Low-Hogan

Legislative Leadership

Chairman	Hon.	Toney L. Earl
Vice Chair	Hon.	Nancy Low Hogan
Majority Leader	Hon.	Aney Paul
Deputy Majority Leader	Hon.	Alden H. Wolfe
Minority Leader	Hon.	Lon M. Hofstein
Deputy Minority Leader	Hon.	Vince D. Tver



calth Dept of Social Services Commissioner Charter 10.01	Human Rights Commissioner Charter 19.01
Dept of Mental Health Commissioner Charter 9.01	Dept of Audit County Auditor Charter 18.01
Dept of Hospitals Commissioner Charter 8.01	Dept of Finance Commissioner Charter 17.01
Dept of Health Commissioner Charter 7.01	Dept of Law County Attorney Charter 16.01
Dept of Personnel Commissioner Charter 6.01	Office of the Public Defender Charter 15.01
Dept of Planning Commissioner Charter 5.01	Dept of Highways Superintendent Charter 11.01

Other County Boards,
Offices, Institutions &
Functions
Charter 20.04



COUNTY OF ROCKLAND DEPARTMENTS OF FINANCE AND BUDGET

18 New Hempstead Road New City, New York 10956 (845) 638-5131 Fax (845) 638-5644

EDWIN J. DAY County Executive

STEPHEN F. DeGROAT, CPA Commissioner of Finance Budget Director

> STEVEN J. GROGAN Deputy Budget Director

June 30, 2018

To the Honorable County Executive and the County Legislature of the County of Rockland, New York:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report ("CAFR") for the County of Rockland, New York for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017 is submitted herewith. New York State requires the County to submit an annual report of our financial records and transactions presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. This CAFR is issued pursuant to that requirement.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the County of Rockland. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, the management of the County has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to both protect the County's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the County's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the County's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements will

be free from material misstatement. Management asserts that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The County's financial statements have been audited by Marks Paneth LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the County of Rockland's basic financial statements for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report. The financial section also includes a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the December 31, 2017 financial statements to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A").

This letter of transmittal was designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The County's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditor.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the County was part of a broader, Federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of Federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to not only report on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of Federal awards. These reports are contained in the County's separately issued Single Audit Report.

PROFILE OF THE COUNTY

The County was organized in 1798 and has a land area of 176 square miles. The County is approximately 33 miles northwest of Manhattan and is bordered by Orange County to the north

and west, Bergen County, New Jersey to the south and the Hudson River to the east. Within the County are 5 towns and 19 incorporated villages.

The County is one of the suburban counties located within the New York Metropolitan Area and is primarily residential in character. Southern portions of the County are in close proximity to the New York State Thruway and are well developed and heavily populated. Approximately 83% of the County's population resides in this area. Northern sections of the County are more rural due in part to the extensive system of parks located in this part of the County.

PROFILE OF GOVERNMENT

Pursuant to the provisions of Local Law 14 of 1984, the County adopted a charter form of government in accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Home Rule Law of the State. The charter provides for separate and independent executive and legislative functions. A County Executive was elected in November 1985 and took office on January 31, 1986, when the provisions of Local Law 14 became effective. The County Executive is elected from the County at large for a term of four years with the right of unlimited self-succession. The County Executive must reside in the County for a minimum of five years before his/her election and may not concurrently hold another public office. The County Executive is the chief executive officer responsible for the administration of all County affairs and also acts as the County's Budget Officer. The County Executive is required to consider all acts of the County Legislature for approval or disapproval.

The County Legislature is the legislative, appropriating and policy determining body of the County. It consists of 17 members elected from single member districts located within the County. Members are elected to serve an unlimited number of four-year terms and each legislator has one vote instead of a weighted vote. Duties of the Legislature include; review and adoption of the County's annual budget, approval of budgetary modifications during the year and authorization by resolution for the issuance of debt by the County.

The Chief Fiscal Officer of the County is the Commissioner of Finance who is appointed by the County Executive and confirmed by the County Legislature. The Commissioner of Finance is responsible for the administration of the financial affairs of the County. Duties of this position include; collecting and disbursing County funds, investing such funds for temporary periods, issuing debt, maintaining accounting records and preparing financial statements there from.

The County provides a full range of services to its residents, including education, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and general administrative support. This report includes all of the funds of the County. It includes all County organizations and activities for which the County is financially accountable. The County has considered all potential component units based on criteria set forth in GASB Statement No. 14, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability. Based on these criteria, the Rockland Community College, the Industrial Development Agency, the Soil and Water Conservation District and the Solid Waste Management Authority are considered component units and are included in the County's reporting entity as discrete presentations.

The County also maintains budgetary controls to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual budget approved by the County Legislature. The administrative head of each department, on or before August 1, is required to submit to the County Executive the expenditure requirements for the ensuing fiscal year. The County Executive is required to file the tentative budget for the ensuing year with the Clerk of the Legislature on or before October 1. Subsequent to October 1, the Legislature conducts the necessary review of the tentative budget and proposes any changes thereto. The Legislature holds a public hearing on the budget prior to November 20, and after the public hearing, the Legislature may make changes to the budget. The budget is adopted no later than December 7. Budget to actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual governmental fund for which an appropriated annual budget has been adopted. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established within individual funds at the function level.

FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the County operates.

Local Economy

A major part of the County's labor force, over 50%, is employed in service related industries. According to preliminary 2nd quarter 2017 data compiled by the State Labor Department, only 5.7% of the workforce is employed by companies engaged in manufacturing. Many residents

commute to jobs in New York City or Westchester County, which is connected to the County by the Tappan Zee Bridge and U.S. Interstate 287/87. Approximately 15% of the County's labor force is classified as government related, a significant part of this group of employees works at the various State hospitals and institutions located in the County. Major non-governmental employers in the County include Pfizer Corporation, Orange and Rockland Utilities, Good Samaritan Hospital and Nyack Hospital.

Wealth levels for the County's residents are significantly above State and national averages. According to the Bureau of Economic Analysis, the estimated per capita personal income of County residents in 2016 was \$55,407. State and U.S. income averages reported on this basis were \$59,563 and \$49,246 respectively. According to the U.S, Census Bureau, the median household income for households in the County for 2016 was \$85,515, which was significantly greater than the median household income of \$62,909 for the State.

Hospital services are provided by Good Samaritan Hospital, Helen Hayes Hospital, Nyack Hospital, and Summit Park Nursing Care Center (a County owned facility) which offer residents of the County a wide range of inpatient and outpatient services.

A network consisting of all the major forms of transportation serves the County. Several primary State and U.S. Highways including the New York State Thruway, Palisades Interstate Parkway, Garden State Parkway and U.S. Routes 9W and 17 run through the County. The Metro-North Commuter Railroad division of the New York Metropolitan Transportation Authority, in cooperation with New Jersey Transit, provides rail service to Manhattan via the PATH rapid transit. Freight service is provided by Conrail. NY Waterways, NY Water Taxi, Transport of Rockland, Coach USA and Monsey Trails provide bus and ferry passenger service to New York City and other points in and outside of the County. Air transportation is provided by the three New York Metropolitan Airports (Kennedy, LaGuardia and Newark), as well as Westchester County Airport and Stewart International Airport in Newburgh, New York.

Primary education is the responsibility of the nine independent public school districts located within the County. There are numerous colleges, universities and vocational schools located throughout the County as well. Rockland Community College offers two-year associate degree and one-year certificate programs. Dominican College, St. Thomas Aquinas College and Empire State College/SUNY are four-year liberal arts colleges. Iona College - Rockland Campus and Long Island University - Rockland Campus offer graduate programs.

The County has a wide array of recreational and cultural facilities highlighted by the Palisades Interstate Park System, the County Park System and the Community College. Over one-third of the Palisades Interstate Park System's 80,000 acres lie within the County and the parklands account for approximately 30% of the County's area. The Bear Mountain-Harriman State Park on the Hudson River, in the County's northeast corner, has 26,118 of its 51,026 acres in the County. Facilities include fishing, hiking, camping, swimming, picnicking, museum, playfield, winter sports and row boating. The County has 27 parks/open space, all of which have natural scenic areas, some affording panoramic views of the County. There are also over 20 private commercial swimming pools and lakes, and twelve golf courses, eight of which are open to the public. All of the towns and many of the villages have separate park facilities. In addition, there are numerous libraries, museums and marinas in the County.

In 2017 the County of Rockland generated an increase in total sales tax revenues of 1.0% from the previous year, bringing in \$199.2 million in general sales tax and \$9.1 million in residential energy sales tax. The main reason for this increase is due in part to a strengthening economy. The County's housing market remained stable in 2017, with mortgage tax revenues remaining constant from the previous year, bringing in \$5.2 million.

LONG TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

Rockland County has a six-year plan for capital improvements and this plan is updated each year in the form of a Capital Program. As required by Article IV of the County Charter, the administration is required to submit an updated Capital Program to the legislature by October 1st of each year, and the Legislature is required to approve the plan on or before December 20th of each year. The Six-Year Capital Program is prepared by the Planning Department. The first year of the Six-Year Capital Program is represented by the Capital Budget. Projects are listed by function and include County Center, Fire Training Center, Public Transportation, Parks, Highway, Hospital, Planning, Drainage & Rockland Community College projects. The Capital Budget is prepared by the Department of Budget & Management and is separate from the Six-Year Capital Program.

The County's ongoing and future projects include the following:

- ➤ Continuation of Rockland County Highway Department's revolving road repaving, equipment replacement, and bridge/culvert repair and maintenance programs.
- Complete Orangeburg Road Bridge Repair.
- Complete extension of the Sewer District's boundaries to include Hillburn, Sloatsburg and Western Ramapo. Additionally, the proposed new plant will provide advanced treatment to enhance the water supply in the Ramapo River basin, which is the sole source aquifer for the County's needs.
- Continue reconstruction of Forshay Road, from Viola Road to Willow Tree Road.
- ➤ Continuation of a West Shore Railroad Safety and Quiet Zone Project to be funded with an 80% Federal Grant.
- ➤ Improvements at Rockland Community College including campus-wide electrical upgrades, upgrades to the utility plant and fieldhouse\PE building upgrade.
- > Continue phase I of relocation of county departments project.
- Construction and repairs to Pascack Brook\Union Road including bridges and culverts.
- Continuation of Orangeburg Road Bridge reconstruction. 85-95% estimated Federal and NYS reimbursement.
- > Begin improvements and restoration of the Cropsey Community Farm Barn.

OPERATIONAL PROCEDURES AND PRACTICES

Closure of Hospital Facility

The County Legislature has determined to end its financial support of the Hospital Facility. The initial plan to accomplish this goal was implemented on April 16, 2013 when the County Legislature passed Resolution #192-2013, which authorized the formation and organization of a local development corporation to be known as the Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation (the "Corporation") and the execution of lease and leaseback agreements between the County and the Corporation (the "Lease Agreements") providing for transfer to the Corporation of all of the County's right, title and interest in and to the County-owned 321 bed residential health care facility known as Summit Park Nursing Care Center (the "Skilled Nursing Facility"), constituting a portion of the Hospital Facility, by ninety-nine year lease, with option to take fee title, subject to the retained rights of the County to continue to operate such facility until such time as the Corporation terminates such reserved rights. The Corporation is governed by seven

voting directors, four of whom were appointed by the County Executive and three of whom were appointed by the County Legislature.

On August 6, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Corporation held their organizational meeting and approved the transfer of the Skilled Nursing Facility from the County to the Corporation through execution of the Lease Agreements and preparation and circulation of a Request for Proposals ("RFP") for private acquisition and operation of the Skilled Nursing Facility. The RFP was circulated and four proposals were received. The Lease Agreements were finalized and executed as of November 1, 2013. By resolution adopted on December 30, 2013, the County Legislature authorized the transfer to the Corporation of the County's remaining interest in Building A at the County's office campus in Pomona, New York ("Building A") which houses the Skilled Nursing Facility and the County-owned, 100-bed long term acute care hospital ("LTACH"). Such transfer was made by ninety-nine year lease, with option to take fee title, subject to the retained rights of the County to continue to operate its remaining interest in Building A including the Skilled Nursing Facility and the LTACH, until such time as the Corporation terminates such reserved rights. At a meeting held March 14, 2014, the

Board of Directors of the Corporation accepted such transfer and authorized execution of amendments to the Lease Agreements to include such remaining interest in Building A. The amendments to the Lease Agreements were finalized and executed on March 18, 2014.

The Corporation engaged in the procurement of a private purchaser and operator for the Skilled Nursing Facility and the LTACH, and in July 2014 approved a purchase and sale agreement by and among the Corporation, Summit Park Acquisition Group LLC and its related entities (collectively, "SPAG") as the purchaser of Building A, and operator of the Skilled Nursing Facility and the LTACH. The State Department of Health, by letter dated August 7, 2015 approved the Certificate of Need applications of the SPAG operating entity, subject to enumerated conditions, to operate the LTACH and the Skilled Nursing Facility. The purchase and sale agreement ("PSA") between the Corporation and SPAG provided for a Closing Date of December 31, 2014, subject to monthly extensions up to September 30, 2015 upon payment by SPAG to the Corporation of \$100,000 extension fees for each month. Pursuant to the PSA, SPAG has paid to the Corporation \$3,000,000 as a good faith deposit on the purchase price (of which \$150,000 is non-refundable) as well as nine monthly extension fees totaling \$900,000. The Corporation's payments, net of the non-refundable portion of the good faith deposit and totaling \$3,750,000 plus accrued interest, are being held in an escrow account in accordance with the terms of the PSA.

On September 29, 2015, SPAG notified the Corporation that it was exercising its right to terminate the PSA, and on September 30, 2015 the Corporation sent a Notice of Termination to SPAG stating that SPAG was in default under the PSA because it had intentionally failed to appear to close the sale transaction by September 30, 2015 in accordance with the terms of the PSA. Such Notice of Termination also stated that SPAG had an extension termination right which provided that such Notice of Termination became effective on October 31, 2015.

As a consequence of SPAG's September 29, 2015 delivery of its notice of termination of the PSA by the parties, on September 30, 2015, the County Executive announced a contingency plan to cease operations and close the Skilled Nursing Facility and LTACH facilities by the end of 2015. Such closure plan was approved by the State Department of Health and was implemented by the County. On November 3, 2015, the Corporation's final Notice of Termination was delivered to SPAG.

The County is in receipt of a Summons and Complaint from Shalom Braunstein, individually and as principal of the Plaintiff's Sympaticare LLC, Sympaticare Health LLC and SPAG filed in New York Supreme Court, Rockland County, Index No. 30759/2016. The suit is brought against the County, as operator and owner of the property and operation, and the Corporation, as the property possessor and the party who contracted with Plaintiffs for the transaction.

The claim arises from a dispute over the rights to keep or return the good faith deposit related to the now terminated sale of the Skilled Nursing Facility and LTACH. The claimants are the principal of the intended purchaser and related companies. The claim, sounding in contract, is for the return of approximately \$3.9 million in good faith deposit funds and approximately \$122,000 of miscellaneous contract damages and damages for other, unspecified claims that bring the total claims to 5.87 million. The County has answered the suit and brought a counterclaim in the amount of approximately 16 million. The County alleges that the Plaintiffs breached the contract in such a manner that the County is entitled to the 3.9 million down payment and that the Plaintiffs misrepresented their ability to close the transaction, as they knew or should have known they would not be able to obtain the financing or the licenses and other State authorizations required to operate the facilities by the contractual date of closing, thus causing the County to expend about 12 million in operating costs it could have avoided.

With respect to closing the facility, approximately \$5.7 million in compensated balances, such as sick time, holiday and vacation time for County employees whose positions will be abolished in connection with the closure plan, were funded in the 2015 fiscal year. The County's 2016 Adopted Budget provides funding in the amount of approximately \$14 million for additional costs related to the closure plan for the Skilled Nursing Facility and the LTACH facilities including unemployment insurance, healthcare and other costs allocated to the Hospital Enterprise fund.

IN 2017, any legacy costs incurred by the closure of the Hospital are now being appropriated in the County's General Fund.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

GFOA - Certificates of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

The Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA") of the United States and Canada awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the County of Rockland, New York for its CAFR for the year ended December 31, 2015. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award-recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of only one year. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements, and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

GFOA also bestowed a Distinguished Budget Presentation Award to the County of Rockland for the 2006 through 2009 Budgets. In order to achieve this prestigious award, a budget document must meet program criteria as a policy document, as an operations guide, as a financial plan, and as a communications device.

Acknowledgements

I would like to thank all of the personnel in the Budget and Finance departments who have assisted in the preparation of this report, as well as our independent auditor who assisted in its preparation. Appreciation is also offered to the County Executive and the members of the County Legislature for their interest and support in the financial operation of the County.

Respectfully Submitted,

Stephen F. DeGroat, CPA

Commissioner of Finance/ Budget Director

Marks Paneth LLP 685 Third Avenue New York, NY 10017 P 212.503.8800 F 212.370.3759 markspaneth.com



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Members of the County Legislature of the County of Rockland, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Rockland, New York (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

We did not audit the financial statements of certain component units of the County as disclosed in Note 2A, which represent 1%, 43% and 1%, respectively, of the assets, net position and revenues of the government-wide financial statements and 100% of the assets, net position and revenues of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors, whose reports have been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for such component units, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audits and the reports of other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of December 31, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules included under required supplementary information (unaudited) in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audits for the year ended December 31, 2017 were conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards for the year ended December 31, 2017, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by us and other auditors. In our opinion, based on our audits, the procedures performed as described above, and the reports of the other auditors, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2017.



We also previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the basic financial statements of the County as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016 (not presented herein), and have issued our report thereon dated January 26, 2018 which contained unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules for the year ended December 31, 2016 are presented for the purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2016 financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the 2016 basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare those financial statements or to those financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole for the year ended December 31, 2016.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2017 and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 29, 2018 on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

New York, NY

Marks Pareth UP

June 29, 2018, except for the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as to which the date is September 28, 2018



Introduction

The County of Rockland's (the "County") management team offers the readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2017 are as follows:

- The General Fund reported an ending balance of cash and cash equivalents of \$38,695,395, which represents an increase of \$6,299,145 from fiscal year 2016. This increase is the net result of the cash flows from operating activities; in effect, the net change in fund balance and changes in assets and liabilities. With the addition of: excess revenues over expenditures of \$10,486,505, a prior period adjustment of \$4,593,438, and a decrease in taxes receivable, net allowance for uncollectible taxes, of \$2,553,558; less: an increase in other receivables of \$3,618,221, an increase in prepaid expenditures in the amount of \$967,313, a decrease in liabilities in the amount of \$6,058,439 and a decrease in deferred tax revenues of \$690,383.
- For the year ended December 31, 2016, the operations of the General Liability Claims Fund were reported with the General Fund in 2016 as the 2017 adopted budget reflected the closing of the General Liability Claims Fund. As a result, all 2016 revenues and expenses of the General Liability Claims Fund, as well as applicable assets and liabilities of the fund were recognized in the General Fund. However, whereas Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby "...expenditures related to certain pension costs, compensated absences, net pension liability, retirement incentives, certain claims and other post-employment obligations, are recorded only when payment is due" the County recognized a prior period adjustment in 2017 for the long-term claims liability payable in the amount of \$4,593,438 (which is the indicated liability to the County under its self-insured liability program as of December 31, 2017). Thus, the long-term claims liability is reflected on the government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities), which are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; and the prior period adjustment in the General Fund reflects the reversal of the liability that was reported on the fund level.
- For 2017 the County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$138,038,448, a decrease of \$6,079,618 in comparison with the 2016 balance of \$144,118,066, as restated. The governmental funds decrease is composed of decreases in the Capital Projects Fund of \$18,767,912 offset by the increases in the General Fund of \$15,079,943 and the Nonmajor governmental funds of 2,201,789.
- The General Fund's unrestricted fund balance (as defined by the NYS Office of the State Comptroller as the "total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications" as set forth by GASB Statement No. 54) was \$11,743,471 or 2.49% of the total General Fund expenditures for 2017.
- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the primary government of the County exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the fiscal year by (\$190,421,293) (net position deficit), an increase of \$11,827,454 in comparison to

(\$202,248,747) in 2016. An unrestricted net deficit of (\$493,607,746) exists, an increase of \$20,513,426 in comparison to (\$554,362,222) in 2016.

- The total net position of the County's Governmental Activities increased by \$13,646,312 to (\$109,153,391) in 2017 from (\$122,799,703) in 2016.
- The County's total outstanding bonds payable for December 31, 2017 were \$495,912,879 a decrease of \$46,795,000 from the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The County's financial statements are composed of this Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and the basic financial statements. This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the basic financial statements. The MD&A provides analysis and overview of the County's financial activities. The basic financial statements include three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, 3) notes to the financial statements.

This report also includes other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, along with the statistical tables.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are presented in a manner similar to private sector business financial statements. The statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The government-wide financial statements include two statements: statement of net position and statement of activities. Fiduciary activities, whose resources are not available to finance County programs, are excluded from these statements.

The statement of net position presents information on all the County's assets and liabilities and deferred inflows/outflows of resources (when applicable), with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in the net position may serve as a useful indicator as to whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (for example, uncollected taxes, other post-employment benefit obligations ("OPEB"), and net pension liabilities.

Both financial statements have separate sections for the two different types of activities. These two types of activities are:

Governmental Activities - The activities reflected in this section are general government support, education, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services and interest. These activities are mostly supported by taxes, charges for services, and operating grants and contributions.

Business-type Activities - These activities consist of the Rockland Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation, the Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation and the Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation. These activities are intended to recover all, or in part a portion, of their costs through user fees and charges.

The government-wide financial statements include the County itself (the primary government) and the Rockland County Community College, the Rockland County Soil and Water Conservation District, the Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority and the Rockland County Industrial Development Agency, for which the County is financially accountable. Financial information for these component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government.

The government-wide financial statements can be found immediately following this discussion and analysis.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is an accounting entity with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balance, net position, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The County divides its funds into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Most of the basic services provided by the County are financed and accounted for through governmental funds. Governmental fund financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as the spendable balances of these resources at the end of the fiscal year. This information is useful in determining the County's financing requirements for the subsequent fiscal period.

Governmental funds use the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Because the focus of governmental funds is for the current period, it is useful to compare this information to the data presented in the government-wide financial statements. From this comparison, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's current financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County has eight individual governmental funds: General, County Road, Road Machinery, Community Development, Sewer District, Special Purpose, Debt Service and Capital Projects funds. Of these, the General and Capital Projects funds are reported as major funds, and are presented in separate columns on the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Data for the other six governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated column of these statements. Individual fund data for these non-major funds can be found on the statements elsewhere in this report.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund, certain Special Revenue Funds and the Debt Service Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for these funds to demonstrate compliance with the respective budgets. The governmental fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Proprietary Funds - These funds are used to show activities that operate similar to private business enterprises. Because these funds charge fees for services provided, they are known as Proprietary funds. Proprietary fund financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The Proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the Enterprise funds. In addition, the Internal Service funds are presented in the Proprietary fund financial statements. The Proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Fiduciary Funds - These funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the County. The Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the assets of these funds are not available to support the activities of the County. The Fiduciary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Component Units - As discussed above, component units are legally separate entities for which the County is financially accountable. The component units enumerated above are reported in the aggregate in the government-wide financial statements. The combining statements can be found in the basic financial statements section of this report.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found following the basic financial statements section of this report.

Other Information

Additional statements and schedules can be found immediately following the notes to the financial statements. These include the combining statements for the non-major governmental funds and proprietary funds, schedules of budget to actual comparisons, and the statistical tables.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, liabilities exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$109,153,391 for fiscal year 2017.

The following table reflects the condensed statement of net position:

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total		
	2017	2016		2017		2016	2017	2016	
Current and Other									
Assets	\$ 335,699,742	\$ 346,989,395	\$	14,177,160	\$	14,520,386	\$ 349,876,902	\$ 361,509,781	
Capital Assets	755,137,524	764,537,699			_		755,137,524	764,537,699	
Total Assets	1,090,837,266	1,111,527,094		14,177,160		14,520,386	1,105,014,426	1,126,047,480	
Deferred Outflows of									
Resources	47,983,945	92,589,385		-	_	-	47,983,945	92,589,385	
Current Liabilities	181,887,184	187,531,599		4,578,108		4,583,359	186,465,292	192,114,958	
Long-Term Liabilities	1,056,151,579	1,127,639,968		90,866,954		89,386,071	1,147,018,533	1,217,026,039	
Total Liabilities	1,238,038,763	1,315,171,567		95,445,062	_	93,969,430	1,333,483,825	1,409,140,997	
Deferred Inflows of									
Resources	9,935,839	11,744,615					9,935,839	11,744,615	
Net Position: Net Investment in Capital Assets, Net of									
Related Debt	358,033,024	329,875,330		-		-	358,033,024	329,875,330	
Restricted	26,421,331	22,238,145		-		-	26,421,331	22,238,145	
Unrestricted	(493,607,746)	(474,913,178)	_	(81,267,902)		(79,449,044)	(574,875,648)	(554,362,222)	
Total Net Position	\$ (109,153,391)	\$ (122,799,703)	\$	(81,267,902)	\$	(79,449,044)	\$ (190,421,293)	\$ (202,248,747)	

The largest component of the County's net position is invested in capital assets, net of related debt of \$358,033,024 which reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. Capital assets include: parkland, buildings, roads, bridges, sewer lines and treatment facilities, a hospital and the community college among other things. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A portion of the County's 2017 net position of \$26,421,331 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The restrictions are as follows:

Capital Projects	\$ 2,223,657
Law Enforcement	3,079,532
Section 8	211,568
Debt Service	11,058,413
Special Revenue Funds	 9,848,161
	\$ 26,421,331

The County's governmental activities had a net increase of \$4,183,186 in restricted net position compared to the prior year. The increase in amount restricted for special revenue funds which consists of Community Development, Sewer and Trusts, of \$2,383,132 is largely due to the increase in reserve for encumbrances in the Sewer Fund in the amount \$2,389,984. The amounts restricted for debt service saw an increase of \$1,327,256 primarily due to decrease of appropriation of reserves for bond payments.

The remaining net position, unrestricted net position, is a negative \$574,875,648, with a deficit of \$493,607,746 reported in governmental activities and a \$81,267,902 deficit reported for business-type activities. This deficit does not mean the County does not have the resources available to meet its obligations in the ensuing year. Rather, it is partly the result of having long-term commitments, including claims payable (\$26,166,572) and compensated absences (\$20,310,116) and OPEB obligations of (\$409,324,774) that are greater than currently available resources.

Governmental activities increased the County's total net position for 2017 by \$13,646,312. The decrease in program expenses in the amount of \$52,458,656 offset by the decrease in program and general revenues in the amount of \$23,686,743 in comparison to 2016 were the primary reasons for the overall increase.

A comparative analysis of the changes in net position follows:

Rockland County Changes in Net Position:

	Government	al Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
REVENUE							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 58,586,104	\$ 74,923,264	\$ 163,505	\$ 127,569	\$ 58,749,609	\$ 75,050,833	
Operating Grants and							
Contributions	129,567,597	127,591,118	3,997,044	4,188,394	133,564,641	131,779,512	
Capital Grants and							
Contributions	7,172,124	18,968,235			7,172,124	18,968,235	
Total Program Revenue	195,325,825	221,482,617	4,160,549	4,315,963	199,486,374	225,798,580	
Total i Togram Nevende	190,020,020	221,402,017	4,100,543	4,515,365	199,400,574	223,730,300	
General Revenues:							
Real Property Taxes	132,833,513	131,211,789	-	-	132,833,513	131,211,789	
Other Tax Items	13,197,289	12,745,729	-	-	13,197,289	12,745,729	
Non-Property Taxes	217,993,399	216,048,696	-	-	217,993,399	216,048,696	
Unrestricted Use of							
Money & Property	1,704,694	3,306,048	-	-	1,704,694	3,306,048	
Licenses and Permits	1,845,288	1,664,002	-	-	1,845,288	1,664,002	
Fines and Forfeitures	1,563,842	1,336,011	-	-	1,563,842	1,336,011	
Sale of Property &							
Compensation for Loss	92,893	308,362	-	-	92,893	308,362	
Other Revenues	3,004,427	3,144,659	-	-	3,004,427	3,144,659	
Gain on Sale of Property	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total General Revenue	372,235,345	369,765,296			372,235,345	369,765,296	
Total Revenue	567,561,170	591,247,913	4,160,549	4,315,963	571,721,719	595,563,876	
Total Neverlue	307,301,170	391,247,913	4,100,549	4,313,903	3/1,/21,/19	393,303,670	
PROGRAM EXPENSES							
General Government							
Support	89,872,406	100,787,584	-	-	89,872,406	100,787,584	
Education	58,413,123	56,142,327	-	-	58,413,123	56,142,327	
Public Safety	85,761,711	92,396,592	-	-	85,761,711	92,396,592	
Health	50,459,489	56,674,745	-	-	50,459,489	56,674,745	
Transportation	51,900,294	59,415,474	-	-	51,900,294	59,415,474	
Economic Opportunity							
and Development	162,773,574	178,556,781	-	-	162,773,574	178,556,781	
Culture and Recreation	752,071	1,069,966	-	-	752,071	1,069,966	
Home and Community Services	37,263,161	43,390,235	-	-	37,263,161	43,390,235	
Interest	16,719,029	17,939,810	-	-	16,719,029	17,939,810	
Home and Infirmary	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Rockland Tobacco							
Assets Corporations	-	-	5,823,441	6,413,524	5,823,441	6,413,524	
Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation	_	_	155,966	134,036	155.966	134,036	
Total Expenses	553,914,858	606,373,514	5,979,407	6,547,560	559,894,265	612,921,074	
Total Expenses	333,914,030	000,373,314	3,373,407	0,547,500	333,034,203	012,321,014	
(Decrease)/Increase in Net							
Position Before Transfers	13,646,312	(15,125,601)	(1,818,858)	(2,231,597)	11,827,454	(17, 357, 198)	
Transfers	-	(103,737,849)	-	103,737,849	-	-	
(Decrease)/Increase in Net			<u> </u>				
Position	13,646,312	(118,863,450)	(1,818,858)	101,506,252	11,827,454	(17,357,198)	
NET DOSITION							
NET POSITION	(400 700 700)	(2.020.050)	(70.440.044)	(490 055 000)	(202 240 747)	(104 004 540)	
Beginning of Year	(122,799,703)	(3,936,253)	(79,449,044)	(180,955,296)	(202,248,747)	(184,891,549)	
End of Year	\$ (109,153,391)	\$ (122,799,703)	\$ (81,267,902)	\$ (79,449,044)	\$ (190,421,293)	\$ (202,248,747)	

Governmental Activities - For the year ended December 31, 2017, the revenues from governmental activities totaled \$567,561,170.

Tax revenues of \$364 million, comprised of real property taxes, sales and mortgage tax items and non-property taxes, increased by \$4.0 million from 2016 and represents the largest revenue source (64%). The 2017 budgeted property taxes increased by 1.2%, non-property taxes yielded \$218 million, an increase of \$1.9 million from 2016.

Collection of the current tax levy remains strong at 96.49%, while averaging 95.18% over the last five years.

Business-type Activities – Business–type activities decreased the County's net position by \$1.8 million for the year ended December 31, 2017. The reasons are discussed in the next section of this report.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As previously noted, the County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

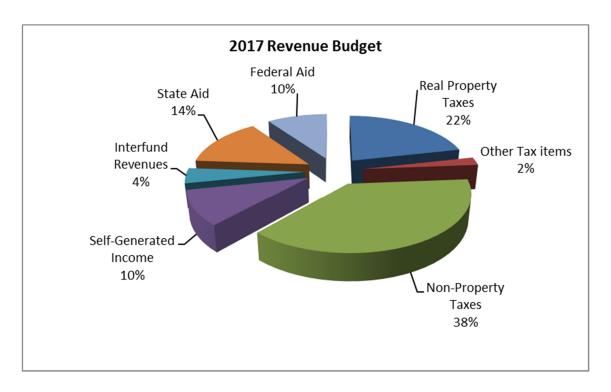
Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds schedules is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

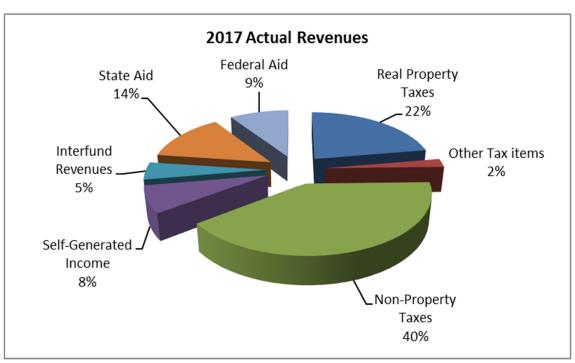
As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's total governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$138.0 million, a decrease of \$6.1 million in comparison with \$144.1 million the prior year, as restated.

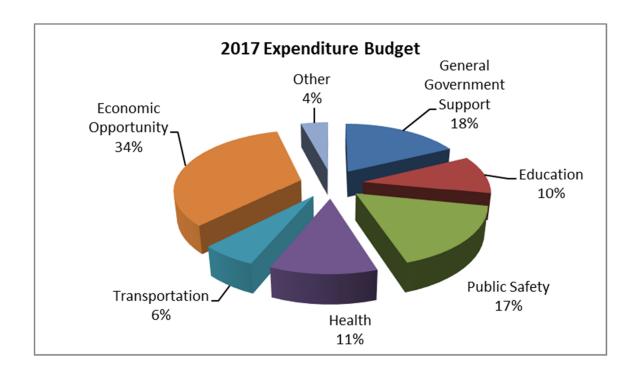
The non-spendable fund balance component of \$15.5 million is reserved for prepaid retirement and collection of long-term taxes receivables. The restricted fund balance component of \$79.8 million is for \$4.9 million of law enforcement and related items in the general fund, \$12.4 million of unspent bond proceeds restricted for debt service, and \$62.5 million for capital projects, exclusive of unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings. The committed portion of fund balance of \$1.6 million is designated for treatment plant and collection system in the Sewer Fund. The assigned fund balance totaling \$34.9 million is composed primarily of encumbrances of \$8.4 million, subsequent years expenditures of \$7.1 million and undesignated of \$16.6 million in the special revenue funds, further detail of which can be found in Note 4 of this report. The remaining fund balance of \$6.2 million is composed primarily of the unassigned fund balance of \$6.3 million in the General Fund.

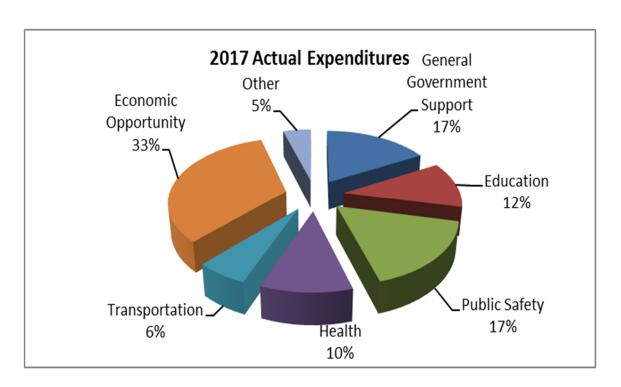
The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the County. At the end of the current 2017 fiscal year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was \$32.8 million (composed of non-spendable \$14.8 million, restricted \$6.3 million, assigned \$5.5 million and unassigned \$6.2 million). At the end of the 2016 fiscal year, the total fund balance of \$17.7 million (composed of non-spendable \$14.1 million, restricted \$7.7 million, and unassigned (\$4) million).

The following graphs indicate the sources and uses of the General Fund.









General Fund revenues were \$8.2 million lower in 2017 than in 2016 due to increases or (decreases) as indicated in the following table:

	004=	0040		Increase/
	 2017	2016		(Decrease)
Real Property Taxes	\$ 120,966,743	\$ 117,807,368	\$	3,159,375
Other Tax Items	12,540,389	12,315,637		224,752
Non-Property Taxes	217,993,399	216,048,696		1,944,703
Self-Generated Income	40,783,662	53,825,307		(13,041,645)
Interfund Revenues	26,189,206	25,081,046		1,108,160
State Aid	72,948,034	71,732,141		1,215,893
Federal Aid	 50,972,372	 53,765,401		(2,793,029)
	\$ 542,393,805	\$ 550,575,596	\$	(8,181,791)

Self-Generated Income which consists of Departmental income, use of money and property, Licenses and permits, Fines and forfeitures, Sale of property and compensation for loss and Miscellaneous revenues decreased by 24.2% in the amount of \$13,041,645 which was largely due to no Intergovernmental Transfer (IGT) received from New York State in 2017.

Federal Aid decreased in comparison to 2016 in the amount of \$2,793,029 due to a decrease in Federal Aid for Social Services Administration in the amount of \$2,028,847, from \$13,333,517 in 2016 to \$11,304,670 in 2017. As Federal Aid for Social Services is expense driven it is noted that the corresponding administrative expenses for Medical Assistance, Child Support Enforcement, Childcare Block Grant, Adoption Assistance and Title XX also decreased as indicated in the table below in Economic Opportunity.

Real property tax revenues increased in the amount of \$3,159,375 from \$117,807,368 in 2016 to \$120,966,743 in 2017 due to budgeted property tax increase of 1.2% and decrease in deferred tax revenues and allowance for uncollectible taxes in the amount of \$790,382.

General Fund expenses were \$3.2 million lower in 2017 than they were in 2016 due to increases or (decreases) as indicated in the table below:

,						Increase/	
	2017		2016		(Decrease)		
General Government Support	\$	80,091,454	\$	84,220,831	\$	(4,129,377)	
Education		54,820,250		51,223,270		3,596,980	
Public Safety		80,083,980		76,601,762		3,482,218	
Health		49,690,796		50,729,442		(1,038,646)	
Transportation		28,411,803		27,378,130		1,033,673	
Economic Opportunity		158,061,501		164,896,077		(6,834,576)	
Other		21,473,140		21,175,982		297,158	
	\$	472,632,924	\$	476,225,494	\$	(3,592,570)	

General Government Support spending decreased in the amount of \$1,876,005 and \$2,218,022 in Department of Budget & Finance and Other General Departments, respectively; due to decrease in refunds of tax judgements and an increase in allocable costs to the General Fund net decrease in expenses for closed departments due to closure of the Hospital Fund in 2016.

Education spending increased in amount of \$3,596,980 from \$51,223,270 in 2016 to \$54,820,250 in 2017 due to increase in tuition costs for handicap children and early intervention programs.

Although New York State law effective April of 2013 provides for the State to directly fund Early Intervention program providers, the County is required as of April 2013 to fund the escrow balance.

Public Safety spending increased in amount of \$3,482,218 from \$76,601,762 in 2016 to \$80,083,980 primarily for Office of the Sheriff for increased building security in the amount of \$1,933,790 and increased costs of operations for Correctional Facility in the amount of \$777,015.

Expenditures for Economic Opportunity (which consists of Department of Social Services, Veteran's Service Agency, Office for the Aging and Contract Agencies) decreased in the amount of \$6,834,576 from \$164,896,077 in 2016 to \$158,061,501 in 2017. As noted earlier, decreases in Administrative and program expenses in the amount of \$7,212,059 for the Department of Social Services directly correlates to the decrease in Federal Aid revenue for 2017.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for capital project activity throughout the County. The Capital Projects Fund's ending fund balance is \$64,706,028. This is a decrease of \$18,767,912; due primarily to decreases in revenues from State aid and Federal aid in the amount of \$2,457,890 and \$4,756,494 respectively. This shortfall was partially offset by decrease in capital outlay in amount of \$22,085,867. However, the Fund did not issue any new bonds for 2017 as opposed to \$20,280,382 in 2016 and transfers in decreased in the amount of \$6,981,266.

Non-major Governmental Funds consist of the Special Revenue Funds and the Debt Service Fund. The Special Revenue Funds are made up of the following individual funds: County Road Fund, Road Machinery Fund, Community Development Fund, Sewer District Fund and Special Purpose Fund. For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, the combined fund balance of these funds totaled \$40.5 million. This represents an increase of \$2.2 million from the prior year.

Proprietary Funds – The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

Budgetary Highlights

General Funds - Actual General Fund revenues, exclusive of other financing sources, were \$542.4 million, which was \$16.5 million less from the final budget. Most of this shortfall was from the area of self-generated income, State Aid, and Federal Aid. This shortfall was offset by a \$6.2 million excess revenue over budget in non-property taxes and \$1.7 million excess revenue over budget in interfund revenues. The three main revenue sources that comprised this number were as follows:

Self-Generated Income \$ (15.6) million State Aid \$ (6.0) million Federal Aid \$ (3.5) million

Overall, the actual General Fund expenditures, exclusive of other financing uses, were \$472.6 million, which was \$18.1 million less than the final budget. The major areas where spending was less than budget was Education, \$7.3 million; Health and Transportation was \$3.1 and \$1.7 million respectively; and General Government Support was \$8.5 million primarily because of budgeted contingent fund savings.

Actual General Fund miscellaneous revenues were \$2,208,876, which was \$16,267,117 less from the final budget. Much of this shortfall was primarily in Contribution from the General Fund in the amount of \$17,290,365. This shortfall was mainly negated by the 2017 adopted contribution of \$17,290,365 from the General Fund to the Hospital Fund that was not transferred due to the closure of the Hospital Fund in 2016.

Actual General Fund expenses, exclusive of other financing uses, were \$472.6 million, which was \$18.1 million less from the final budget due to the positive or (negative) variances as indicated in the table below:

		Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
General Government Support	\$	87,048,344	\$	80,091,454	\$	6,956,890	
Education		51,021,505		54,820,250		(3,798,745)	
Public Safety		82,879,963		80,083,980		2,795,983	
Health		55,452,535		49,690,796		5,761,739	
Transportation		29,368,877		28,411,803		957,074	
Economic Opportunity		164,736,448		158,061,501		6,674,947	
Other		20,224,153		21,473,140		(1,248,987)	
	\$	490,731,825	\$	472,632,924	\$	18,098,901	

General Government Support spending was less than budgeted in the amount of \$6,956,890 in the Department of Budget and Finance, Other General Departments and Contingency Fund. Whereas Education spending was more than budgeted in the amount of \$3,798,745 in the education of handicap children and early intervention mandated programs. Whereas, decreased public need caused areas of Public Safety (mainly the Office of the Sheriff Correctional Facility), Department of Health and Economic Opportunity (mainly the Department of Social Services), to spend less than budgeted in the amount of \$2,795,983, \$5,761,739 and \$6,674,947 respectively.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business type activities as of December 31, 2017, amounts to \$755.1 million, net of accumulated depreciation. This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, equipment, infrastructure and construction-in-progress.

Rockland County Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation) (In Thousands)

		2017	2016		
Land	Φ.	60.540	Φ.	60.540	
Land	\$	68,549	\$	68,549	
Building and Improvements		84,806		88,757	
Equipment		49,443		22,252	
Infrastructure		394,728		397,483	
Contruction-in-Progress		157,612		187,497	
Total	\$	755,138	\$	764,538	

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Long-Term Debt – For the fiscal year end, December 31, 2017, the County had \$601 million in total long-term debt outstanding. This represents a decrease of \$47.5 million over 2016. All this debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the County.

Rockland County Outstanding Debt General Obligation Bonds (In Thousands)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total		
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016	
General Obligation			<u> </u>				
Bonds - Gross	<u>\$ 510,610</u>	\$ 559,616	\$ 90,867	\$ 89,386	\$ 601,477	\$ 649,002	

The County's current long-term borrowing rating assigned as of April 2018 is A- by Fitch Ratings Inc. (positive), and A2 by Moody's Investors Service (stable).

The State Constitution limits the amount of indebtedness, both long-term and short-term, which the County may incur. In accordance with Article VIII of the State Constitution, the County may not contract indebtedness in an amount greater than seven percent of the average full value of taxable real property in the County of the most recent five years. Certain indebtedness is excluded in ascertaining the County's authority to contract indebtedness within the constitutional limits; accordingly, debt of this kind, commonly referred to as "excluding debt", may be issued without regard to the constitutional limits and without affecting the County's authority to issue debt subject to the limit.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Stephen F. DeGroat, CPA, Commissioner of Finance, Rockland County Finance Department, 50 Sanatorium Road, Building A, 8th Floor, Pomona, NY 10970. The telephone number is (845) 364-3870, or visit the County's website at http://rocklandgov.com.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

		Governmental Activities	В	Business-Type Activities	Total	Component Units
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	145,926,503	\$	6,484,216	\$ 152,410,719	\$ 41,638,159 4,309,948
Receivables Taxes, net Accounts, net		69,362,589 41,737,084		3,795,252	69,362,589 45,532,336	6,609,081
Loans State and Federal aid, net Funds held in escrow		417,161 53,596,713		3,773,546	417,161 53,596,713 3,773,546	1,306,915
Due from other governments Internal balances		8,115,054 (102,794)		102,794	8,115,054	7,355,410
Inventories Prepaid expenses and other assets		98,802 7,766,210		21,352	 98,802 7,787,562	1,090,360
		326,917,322		14,177,160	 341,094,482	 62,309,873
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted investments		8,782,420		-	8,782,420	8,007,321 1,396,671
Intangible asset Net pension asset		-		-	-	15,506,746 317,011
		8,782,420		_	8,782,420	25,227,749
Capital assets Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net		226,160,958 528,976,566		- -	 226,160,958 528,976,566	 6,819,541 26,284,958
		755,137,524			 755,137,524	 33,104,499
Total Assets		1,090,837,266		14,177,160	 1,105,014,426	 120,642,121
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		47,983,945			 47,983,945	 7,794,008
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		38,663,242		114,156	38,777,398	13,515,863
Accrued liabilities		9,514,549 9,895,376		4,463,952	13,978,501 9,895,376	1,003,397
Due to other governments Due to school districts		55,112,624		-	55,112,624	735,356
Unearned revenues		3,499,298		-	3,499,298	5,136,215
Accrued interest payable		5,202,095		_	5,202,095	-
Tax anticipation note payable		60,000,000		-	60,000,000	-
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within one year		53,416,001		-	53,416,001	4,329,167
Due in more than one year		1,002,735,578		90,866,954	 1,093,602,532	 110,015,608
Total Liabilities		1,238,038,763		95,445,062	 1,333,483,825	 134,735,606
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		9,935,839			 9,935,839	 3,195,011
NET POSITION Net Investment in capital assets Restricted for		358,033,024		-	358,033,024	12,385,918
Capital projects Law enforcement		2,223,657 3,079,532		-	2,223,657 3,079,532	5,602,779
Section 8 housing		211,568		_	211,568	_
Debt service		11,058,413		_	11,058,413	_
Student loans		-		-	-	11,269
Environmental programs		-		-	-	378,793
Scholarships and student services		-		-	-	3,445,081
Permanent endowments		-		-	-	848,078
Special Revenue funds		1 504 070			1 504 070	
Community Development Sewer		1,504,973		-	1,504,973	-
Sewer Trusts		8,319,173 24,015		-	8,319,173 24,015	-
Unrestricted		(493,607,746)		(81,267,902)	(574,875,648)	(32,166,406)
Total Net Position	\$	(109,153,391)	\$	(81,267,902)	\$ (190,421,293)	\$ (9,494,488)

					Pro	gram Revenues	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	,	Charges for Services	(Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and ontributions
Primary government							
Governmental activities							
General government support	\$	89,872,406	\$	14,020,496	\$	1,888,181	\$ -
Education		58,413,123		-		-	-
Public safety		85,761,711		1,770,588		4,745,428	-
Health		50,459,489		5,227,151		40,331,841	-
Transportation		51,900,294		8,015,052		21,627,326	3,610,287
Economic opportunity and development		162,773,574		5,389,196		60,671,020	-
Culture and recreation		752,071		-		115,379	-
Home and community							
services		37,263,161		24,163,621		188,422	-
Interest		16,719,029					 3,561,837
Total Governmental Activities		553,914,858		58,586,104		129,567,597	 7,172,124
Business-type activities							
Rockland Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation		5,569,405		-		3,234,464	-
Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization							
Corporation		254,036		-		762,580	-
Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation		155,966		163,505			
Total Business-type Activities		5,979,407		163,505		3,997,044	
Total Primary Government	\$	559,894,265	\$	58,749,609	\$	133,564,641	\$ 7,172,124
Component units							
Rockland County Community College	\$	82,864,253	\$	19,236,207	\$	19,910,927	\$ 424,246
Rockland County Soil and Water Conservation District		121,365		, , , , ₋		, , , , ₌	· -
Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority		50,203,539		53,239,334		-	-
Rockland County Industrial Development Agency		266,132		1,224,350			
Total Component Units	\$	133,455,289	\$	73,699,891	\$	19,910,927	\$ 424,246
•							

General revenues

Real property taxes

Other tax items

Interest and penalties on real property taxes

Gain on sale of tax acquired property STAR renunciation

Payments in lieu of taxes

Special assessments

Non-property taxes
Sales and use tax

Mortgage tax

E-911 surcharge

Hotel/motel tax Residential energy use tax

Motor vehicle use tax

Unrestricted use of money and property

Licenses and permits

Fines and forfeitures

Sale of property and compensation for loss

Contributions from Rockland County
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Primary Government

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Units
\$ (73,963,729) (58,413,123) (79,245,695) (4,900,497) (18,647,629) (96,713,358) (636,692)	\$ - - - - - - -	\$ (73,963,729) (58,413,123) (79,245,695) (4,900,497) (18,647,629) (96,713,358) (636,692)	\$ - - - - - - -
(12,911,118) (13,157,192)	<u> </u>	(12,911,118) (13,157,192)	<u> </u>
(358,589,033)	<u> </u>	(358,589,033)	
-	(2,334,941)	(2,334,941)	-
<u> </u>	508,544 	508,544 7,539	- -
	(1,818,858)	(1,818,858)	
(358,589,033)	(1,818,858)	(360,407,891)	
- - - -	- - - -	- - - -	(43,292,873) (121,365) 3,035,795 958,218
			(39,420,225)
132,833,513	-	132,833,513	-
10,862,650 619,885 (145,531) 1,203,385 656,900	- - - -	10,862,650 619,885 (145,531) 1,203,385 656,900	- - - -
199,115,739 5,199,083 1,311,551 1,486,320 9,078,819 1,801,887 1,704,694 1,845,288 1,563,842	- - - - - - -	199,115,739 5,199,083 1,311,551 1,486,320 9,078,819 1,801,887 1,704,694 1,845,288 1,563,842	- - - - - 496,856
92,893 - -	- - -	92,893 - -	16,870,110 17,102,929
3,004,427		3,004,427	2,284,462
372,235,345 13,646,312	(1,818,858)	372,235,345 11,827,454	36,754,357 (2,665,868)
(122,799,703)	(79,449,044)	(202,248,747)	(6,828,620)
\$ (109,153,391)	\$ (81,267,902)	\$ (190,421,293)	\$ (9,494,488)

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds December 31, 2017

	General	Capital Projects
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,695,395	\$ 64,627,830
Taxes receivable, net	69,362,589	
Other receivables Accounts, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts Loans	40,072,322	- -
State and Federal aid, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts Due from other governments Due from other funds	48,590,024 8,115,054	2,032,653
	96,777,400	2,032,653
Restricted cash		7,434,122
Prepaid expenditures	6,379,565	
Total Assets	\$ 211,214,949	\$ 74,094,605
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Due to school districts Due to other funds Unearned revenues Tax anticipation note payable Total Liabilities	\$ 28,581,029 7,551,000 9,658,143 55,112,624 1,284,311 1,994,325 60,000,000	\$ 6,994,115 27,378 237,233 - 2,129,851 - - 9,388,577
Deferred inflows of resources Deferred tax revenues	14,230,143	
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	178,411,575	9,388,577
Fund balances (deficits) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned	14,776,092 6,283,811 - 5,485,610 6,257,861	62,482,371 - 2,223,657
Total Fund Balances	32,803,374	64,706,028
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 211,214,949	\$ 74,094,605

G	Non-Major overnmental	 Total Governmental Funds
\$	39,749,493	\$ 143,072,718
		 69,362,589
	1,575,207 417,161 2,521,881 - 1,608,578	41,647,529 417,161 53,144,558 8,115,054 1,608,578
	6,122,827	 104,932,880
	_	7,434,122
	680,410	7,059,975
\$	46,552,730	\$ 331,862,284
\$	2,226,704 927,431 - - 1,364,576 1,504,973	\$ 37,801,848 8,505,809 9,895,376 55,112,624 4,778,738 3,499,298 60,000,000
	6,023,684	179,593,693
		 14,230,143
	6,023,684	 193,823,836
	680,410 11,082,428 1,560,191 27,219,037 (13,020)	 15,456,502 79,848,610 1,560,191 34,928,304 6,244,841
	40,529,046	 138,038,448
\$	46,552,730	\$ 331,862,284

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-Wide Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 138,038,448
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	 753,784,807
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance and general services to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are	
included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	 (47,664,664)
Governmental funds do not report the effect of losses on refunding bonds and assets or liabilities related to net pension assets (liabilities) whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities	
Deferred amounts on refunding bonds	8,178,077
Deferred amounts on net pension liabilities	 28,092,227
	36,270,304
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.	
Real property taxes	14,230,143
	 14,230,143
Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.	
Bonds payable	(504,796,078)
Compensated absences	(18,517,049)
Claims payable	(4,593,438)
HUD Section 108 loans payable	(4,362,000)
New York State Ioan payable - NYPA New York State Ioan payable - retirement	(971,292) (33,814,556)
Other post employment benefit obligations payable	(383,962,218)
Net pension liability	(47,593,703)
Accrued interest payable	 (5,202,095)
	(1,003,812,429)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (109,153,391)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2017

DEVENUE	General	Capital Projects	Non-Major Governmental	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes	\$ 120,966,743 12,540,389 217,993,399	\$ - - -	\$ 12,557,154 656,900	\$ 133,523,897 13,197,289 217,993,399
Departmental income	34,409,543 742,554	-	24,176,561 960,748	58,586,104 1,703,302
Use of money and property Licenses and permits	1,819,788	-	25,500	1,845,288
Fines and forfeitures	1,537,288	-	26,554	1,563,842
Sale of property and compensation for loss Interfund revenues	65,613 26,189,206	-	27,280 853,406	92,893 27,042,612
State aid	72,948,034	2,743,219	3,313,382	79,004,635
Federal aid Miscellaneous	50,972,372 2,208,876	867,068 24,302	5,293,347 174,249	57,132,787 2,407,427
Total Revenues	542,393,805	3,634,589	48,065,081	594,093,475
			,,	
EXPENDITURES Current				
General government support	80,091,454	-	-	80,091,454
Education Public safety	54,820,250 80,083,980	-	-	54,820,250 80,083,980
Health	49,690,796	-	-	49,690,796
Transportation	28,411,803	-	15,864,658	44,276,461
Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation	158,061,501 278,593	-	3,083,843	161,145,344 278,593
Home and community services	5,185,841	-	19,327,757	24,513,598
Employee benefits	14,835,373	-	4,727,755	19,563,128
Debt service			40 704 050	40 704 050
Principal Interest	- 1,173,333	-	46,701,858 17,232,140	46,701,858 18,405,473
Capital outlay	-	21,199,158		21,199,158
Total Expenditures	472,632,924	21,199,158	106,938,011	600,770,093
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over				
Expenditures	69,760,881	(17,564,569)	(58,872,930)	(6,676,618)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance premium	597,000	_	_	597,000
Transfers in	3,879,342	- -	77,079,795	80,959,137
Transfers out	(63,750,718)	(1,203,343)	(16,005,076)	(80,959,137)
Total Other Financing Sources	(59,274,376)	(1,203,343)	61,074,719	597,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	10,486,505	(18,767,912)	2,201,789	(6,079,618)
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year, as reported	17,723,431	83,473,940	38,327,257	139,524,628
Prior Period Adjustment (Note 3E)	4,593,438	-	-	4,593,438
Beginning of Year, as restated	22,316,869	83,473,940	38,327,257	144,118,066
End of Year	\$ 32,803,374	\$ 64,706,028	\$ 40,529,046	\$ 138,038,448

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2017

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:		
Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	(6,079,618)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation expense in the current period. Capital outlay expenditures Depreciation expense		21,177,066 (31,285,149)
		(10,108,083)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. Real property taxes		(690,384)
Real property taxes	-	(090,364)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Principal paid on bonds		45,883,292
Principal paid on HUD Section 108 loans payable Principal paid on New York State Loan - NYPA		533,000 409,610
Amortization of loss on refunding bonds and issuance premium		1,495,429
3 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		48,321,331
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		,
Pension New York State loan - Retirement Compensated absences Other postemployment benefit obligations Accrued interest		1,744,713 5,382,261 (45,609) (20,893,747) (828,449) (14,640,831)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk		(14,040,031)
to individual funds. The net revenue of the internal service funds are reported within governmental activities.		(3,156,103)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	13,646,312

General Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended December 31, 2017

REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Non-property taxes Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss Interfund revenues State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	Original Budget \$ 120,015,000	Final Budget \$ 120,015,000	Actual \$ 120,966,743 12,540,389 217,993,399 34,409,543 742,554 1,819,788 1,537,288 65,613 26,189,206 72,948,034 50,972,372 2,208,876	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) \$ 951,743 (279,556) 6,193,094 (550,940) 442,554 (125,212) 863,288 62,413 1,747,781 (6,033,771) (3,489,600) (16,267,117)
Total Revenues	524,465,215	558,879,128	542,393,805	(16,485,323)
EXPENDITURES Current General government support Education Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service Interest Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	77,140,403 51,021,505 79,332,132 35,604,802 29,368,877 164,328,707 9,965 4,674,400 13,225,000 1,174,000 455,879,791	87,048,344 51,021,505 82,879,963 55,452,535 29,368,877 164,736,448 286,443 5,538,710 13,225,000 1,174,000 490,731,825	80,091,454 54,820,250 80,083,980 49,690,796 28,411,803 158,061,501 278,593 5,185,841 14,835,373 1,173,333 472,632,924	6,956,890 (3,798,745) 2,795,983 5,761,739 957,074 6,674,947 7,850 352,869 (1,610,373) 667 18,098,901
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Issuance premium New York State loan Transfers in Transfers out	900,000 1,676,000 4,305,510 (78,692,935)	900,000 1,676,000 4,305,510 (81,286,835)	597,000 - 3,879,342 (63,750,718)	(303,000) (1,676,000) (426,168) 17,536,117
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(71,811,425)	(74,405,325)	(59,274,376)	15,130,949
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,226,001)	(6,258,022)	10,486,505	16,744,527
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year, as reported	3,226,001	6,258,022	17,723,431	11,465,409
Prior Period Adjustment (Note 3E)	-	-	4,593,438	4,593,438
Beginning of Year, as restated	3,226,001	6,258,022	22,316,869	16,058,847
End of Year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 32,803,374	\$ 32,803,374

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds December 31, 2017

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds																																			
		Rockland Tobacco Asset ecuritization corporation	Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation			Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation	Business-type Activities - Enterprise			Total Governmental Activities - ternal Service Funds																										
ASSETS		<u> </u>		· ·						_																										
Current Assets	\$	5 650 125	\$	912 502	\$	12,578	æ	6 494 216	æ	4 202 002																										
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	Ф	5,658,135	Ф	813,503	Ф	12,370	\$	6,484,216	\$	4,202,083																										
Accounts		3,045,639		749,613		-		3,795,252		89,555																										
State and Federal aid		-		-		- 2 772 E46		- 2 772 546		452,155																										
Funds held in escrow Due from other funds		-		-		3,773,546 102,794		3,773,546 102,794		3,091,358																										
Inventories		-		-		-		-		98,802																										
Prepaid expenses		21,352				_		21,352		706,235																										
Total Current Assets		8,725,126		1,563,116		3,888,918		14,177,160		8,640,188																										
Capital Assets																																				
Not being depreciated		-		-		-		-		1,287,530																										
Being depreciated, net							_	-	_	65,187																										
Total Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation										1,352,717																										
Total Assets		8,725,126		1,563,116		3,888,918		14,177,160		9,992,905																										
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES							_			2,366,663																										
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities																																				
Accounts payable		1,250		1,250		111,656		114,156		861,394																										
Accrued liabilities		698,177		15,775	3,750,000														3,750,000		3,750,000	3,750,000	3,750,000	3,750,000	3,750,000			3,750,000		3,750,000	3,750,000	3,750,000		4,463,952		1,008,740
Due to other funds		-					_			23,992																										
Total Current Liabilities		699,427		17,025		3,861,656		4,578,108	-	1,894,126																										
Noncurrent Liabilities																																				
Due within one year Due in more than one year		87,988,012		- 2,878,942		-		90,866,954		3,016,764 54,524,481																										
Due in more than one year		01,900,012		2,670,942	_	<u>-</u>	_	90,600,934	_	34,324,461																										
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		87,988,012		2,878,942				90,866,954		57,541,245																										
Total Liabilities		88,687,439		2,895,967	_	3,861,656		95,445,062		59,435,371																										
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		-		_		-				588,861																										
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	_	- (79,962,313)		- (1,332,851)		- 27,262		- (81,267,902)		(4,461,360) (43,203,304)																										
Total Not Desition (Deficit)			ď	,	Φ.		•		Φ.	<u> </u>																										
Total Net Position (Deficit)	Φ	(79,962,313)	\$	(1,332,851)	\$	27,262	\$	(81,267,902)	\$	(47,664,664)																										

	Bus				
	Rockland Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation	Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation	Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation	Total Business-type Activities - Enterprise Funds	Total Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
OPERATING REVENUES	•	•	•	•	
Charges for services State aid	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 27,685,485 602,299
Tobacco settlement revenues	2,951,552	737,888	-	3,689,440	002,299
Appropriations from the County	-	-	155,966	155,966	_
Miscellaneous	12,031	371	7,539	19,941	
Total Operating Revenues	2,963,583	738,259	163,505	3,865,347	28,287,784
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Administrative and general expenses	_	_	155,966	155,966	1,341,849
Salaries and wage expenses	_	-	-	-	8,795,812
Employee benefits	-	-	-	-	11,975,477
Professional fees	27,900	29,868	-	57,768	-
Directors' fees	13,000	13,000	-	26,000	-
Insurance	23,293	-	-	23,293	<u>-</u>
Supplies and other expenses	-	-	-	-	8,788,121
Depreciation and amortization					390,151
Total Operating Expenses	64,193	42,868	155,966	263,027	31,291,410
Income (Loss) from Operations	2,899,390	695,391	7,539	3,602,320	(3,003,626)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)					
Interest income	270,881	24,321	-	295,202	1,392
Interest on indebtedness	(5,505,212)	(211,168)		(5,716,380)	(153,869)
Total Non-Operating Expenses	(5,234,331)	(186,847)		(5,421,178)	(152,477)
Change in Net Position	(2,334,941)	508,544	7,539	(1,818,858)	(3,156,103)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year	(77,627,372)	(1,841,395)	19,723	(79,449,044)	(44,508,561)
End of Year	\$ (79,962,313)	\$ (1,332,851)	\$ 27,262	\$ (81,267,902)	\$ (47,664,664)

		Bu	ısin	ess-Type Activitie	es - I	Enterprise Fu	nds			
CASULEI OWO EDOM ODEDATING ACTIVITIES		Rockland Tobacco Asset ecuritization Corporation	-	Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation		Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation		Total usiness-type Activities - Enterprise Funds		Total Sovernmental Activities - ternal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from tobacco settlement revenues Cash received from charges for services Cash received from State and Enders led	\$	2,702,405	\$	672,594	\$	-	\$	3,374,999	\$	29,047,356
Cash received from State and Federal aid Other receipts Cash payments to directors Cash payments to incurrence continue and elaiments		- -		371 (13,000)		124,082		124,453 (13,000)		585,163 - - (4,780,057)
Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants Cash payments to vendors Cash payments to employees		(64,193)	_	(29,868)		(128,862)		(222,923)		(4,780,037) (16,793,174) (7,524,828)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	_	2,638,212	_	630,097		(4,780)		3,263,529		534,460
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments to County of Rockland Retirement of long-term debt		(100,000) (1,665,000)		(50,000) (450,000)		-		(150,000) (2,115,000)		-
Interest on indebtedness		(1,005,000)		(202,800)		<u> </u>		(2,115,000)		<u>-</u>
Net Cash from Non-Capital Financing Activities		(3,719,832)	_	(702,800)	_			(4,422,632)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES										
Retirement of debt Interest on indebtedness Acquisition and construction of capital assets		- - -	_	- - -		- - -		- - -		(911,708) (153,869) (1,098,059)
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities			_	-	_					(2,163,636)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES										
Interest income	_	267,296	_	24,321				291,617		1,392
Net Cash from Investing Activities	_	267,296	_	24,321		<u>-</u> _		291,617		1,392
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(814,324)		(48,382)		(4,780)		(867,486)		(1,627,784)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year		6,472,459		861,885		17,358		7,351,702		5,829,867
End of Year	\$	5,658,135	\$		- \$		\$	6,484,216	\$	4,202,083
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS	<u> </u>	3,000,100	=	0.0,000	= ≚	,0.0	<u> </u>	0,101,210	<u> </u>	.,202,000
TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income (loss) from operations to net cash from operating activities	\$	2,899,390	\$	695,391	\$	7,539	\$	3,602,320	\$	(3,003,626)
Depreciation and amortization		-		-		-				390,151
Transfer to escrow agent Changes in assets and liabilities		-		-		(7,539)		(7,539)		-
Accounts receivable State and Federal aid receivable		(261,178)		(65,294)		-		(326,472)		54,302
Due from other funds		-		-		(36,664)		(36,664)		(17,136) 1,314,358
Inventories Prepaid expenses		-		-		-		-		12,922 (52,075)
Accounts payable		-		-		31,884		31,884		(250,760)
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		(42,381) (6,789)
Claims payable		-		-		-		-		897,304
Compensated absences Net pension liability		-		-		-		-		(284,795) (63,625)
Other post-employment benefit obligations payable			_	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>				1,586,610
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	2,638,212	\$	630,097	\$	(4,780)	\$	3,263,529	\$	534,460

Statement of Assets and Liabilities Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2017

	Agency
ASSETS Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 6,735,093 95,163
Total Assets	\$ 6,830,256
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 45,263
Employee payroll deductions	412,145
Deposits	4,018,651
Due to other governments	 2,354,197
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,830,256

December 31, 2017 (Rockland County Community College as of August 31, 2017)

ASSETS	Rockla Cour Commo Colle	ity unity	Soil Coi	land County and Water nservation District	5	ckland County Solid Waste Management Authority	Waste Industrial gement Development		Totals	
Current Assets										
Cash and equivalents Investments Receivables	. ,	62,151 57,473	\$	284,034 52,475	\$	30,223,794	\$	2,768,180	\$	41,638,159 4,309,948
Accounts, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts State and Federal aid Due from other governments Prepaid expenses and other assets	1,18 7,38	35,328 59,033 55,410 94,083		8,800 147,882 -		1,659,253 - - 296,277		5,700 - -		6,609,081 1,306,915 7,355,410 1,090,360
Trepaid expenses and other assets									-	
Noncurrent Assets	26,86	3,478		493,191		32,179,324		2,773,880		62,309,873
Restricted cash Restricted investments Net pension asset Intangible assets	3	- - 17,011 -		- - -		8,007,321 1,396,671 - 15,506,746		- - -		8,007,321 1,396,671 317,011 15,506,746
Capital assets										
Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net	2.4	- 75,874		- 25,152		6,819,541 23,783,932		-		6,819,541 26,284,958
being depreciated, het		3,074		20,102	-	23,763,932				20,204,930
Total Noncurrent Assets	2,79	92,885		25,152	_	55,514,211	-			58,332,248
Total Assets	29,6	56,363		518,343		87,693,535		2,773,880		120,642,121
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	7,0	58,841				735,167				7,794,008
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities										
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	8,59	97,574 -		17,227 -		4,901,062 1,003,397		-		13,515,863 1,003,397
Due to other governments	69	99,356		36,000		-		-		735,356
Unearned revenues	5,04	19,892		86,323						5,136,215
Total Current Liabilities	14,34	16,822		139,550		5,904,459				20,390,831
Non-current liabilities Due within one year	36	64,167		_		3,965,000		_		4,329,167
Due in more than one year		10,771		_		42,074,837			-	110,015,608
Total Non-current Liabilities	68,30	04,938		-		46,039,837		-		114,344,775
Total Liabilities	82,6	51,760		139,550		51,944,296		-		134,735,606
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	3,09	91,290				103,721				3,195,011
NET POSITION										
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for	1,88	37,448		-		10,498,470		-		12,385,918
Capital projects	84	13,156		-		4,759,623		-		5,602,779
Student loans	•	11,269		-		-		-		11,269
Environmental programs	2.4	-		378,793		-		-		378,793
Scholarships and student services Permanent endowments	,	15,081 18,078		-		-		-		3,445,081 848,078
Unrestricted		62,878)				21,122,592		2,773,880	_	(32,166,406)
Total Net Position	\$ (49,02	27,846)	\$	378,793	\$	36,380,685	\$	2,773,880	\$	(9,494,488)

Statement of Activities Component Units Year Ended December 31, 2017 (Rockland County Community College Year Ended August 31, 2017)

		Program Revenues					
Functions/Programs	 Expenses		Charges for Services	_(Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and ontributions
Rockland County Community College - Education	\$ 82,864,253	\$	19,236,207	\$	19,910,927	\$	424,246
Rockland County Soil and Water Conservation District - Home and Community Services	121,365		-		-		-
Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority Home and Community Services	50,203,539		53,239,334		-		-
Rockland County Industrial Development Agency - Economic Opportunity and Development	 266,132		1,224,350				
Total Component Units	\$ 133,455,289	\$	73,699,891	\$	19,910,927	\$	424,246

General Revenues

Unrestricted use of money and property Contributions from County of Rockland Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs Other revenues

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

NET POSITION

Beginning of Year

End of Year

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

						-		
Rockland Rockland County County Soil and Water Community College District		Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority		D	Rockland County Industrial evelopment Agency		Totals	
\$	(43,292,873)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(43,292,873)
	-	(121,365)		-		-		(121,365)
	-	-		3,035,795		-		3,035,795
_					- 958,218			958,218
	(43,292,873)	 (121,365)	3,035,795		958,218			(39,420,225)
	239,407 16,870,110 16,924,070 1,260,945	9 - 178,859 14,095		239,339		18,101 - - -		496,856 16,870,110 17,102,929 2,284,462
	35,294,532	 192,963		1,248,761		18,101	_	36,754,357
_	(7,998,341)	 71,598		4,284,556		976,319		(2,665,868)
	(41,029,505)	 307,195		32,096,129		1,797,561		(6,828,620)
\$	(49,027,846)	\$ 378,793	\$	36,380,685	\$	2,773,880	\$	(9,494,488)

NOTE 1 – ORGANIZATION

The County of Rockland, New York (the "County") was established in 1798 and operates in accordance with its Charter, County Law and the various other applicable laws of the State of New York. The County functions under a County Executive/Legislature form of government. The County Legislature is the legislative body responsible for overall operation of the County. The County Executive serves as the Chief Executive Officer and the Commissioner of Finance serves as the Chief Financial Officer. The County provides the following services to its residents: education, public safety, health, transportation, economic opportunity and development, culture and recreation, home and community services, and general and administrative support.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of the County conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("U.S. GAAP") as applicable to governmental units and the Uniform System of Accounts as prescribed by the State of New York. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, which is the County, b) organizations for which the County is financially accountable and c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the County are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete as set forth by GASB.

In evaluating how to define the County, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the County's reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth by GASB, including legal standing, fiscal dependency and financial accountability.

Based upon the application of the above criteria, the following individual component units are included in the County's reporting entity because of their operational or financial relationship with the County:

• The Rockland County Community College (the "College") was established in 1959, with the County of Rockland as the local sponsor under provisions of Article 126 of the Education Law. The College is administered by a board of trustees consisting of ten voting members; five are appointed by the County Legislature, four by the Governor and one student elected by the student body. The College budget is subject to the approval of the County Legislature. The County generally provides one-half of the capital costs and one-third of the operating costs for the College. Title to real property of the College vests with the County and bonds and notes for College capital costs are issued by the County and are County debt. A fiscal year ending August 31 is mandated by State Law for the College. The College is included in the County's reporting entity since the primary government is able to impose its will, as demonstrated through the ability to approve budgets. The College may also result in a financial burden to the primary government since the County is obligated for the debt of the College. Since services are not provided entirely or almost entirely to the County, the College has been reflected as a discretely presented component unit.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- The Rockland County Soil and Water Conservation District (the "District") was established pursuant to New York State Soil Conservation District Law and legislative resolution. The District provides for the conservation of soil and soil resources of the State and the County. The Board of Directors is appointed by the County Legislature. The Board of Directors serves at the pleasure of the County Legislature and, therefore, the primary government is able to impose its will on the District. The District is also dependent on the financial support provided by the County. Since the District does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the County, the financial statements of the District have been reflected as a discretely presented component unit.
- The Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority (the "Authority") is a public benefit corporation created pursuant to the Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority Act constituting Title 13-M of the New York State Public Authorities Law. The Authority provides solid waste management services to the residents of the County. The Authority is administered by seventeen members. Eight members are members of the County Legislature, five members are supervisors of towns within the County, two members are mayors of villages recommended by the Conference of Mayors and two members are appointed by the County Executive. Consequently, the County is considered able to impose its will on the Authority. Authority members have complete responsibility for management of the Authority and accountability for fiscal matters. The Authority has the power to issue debt and enter into loan agreements. The County is not liable for the Authority's debt. Since the Authority does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the County, the financial statements of the Authority have been reflected as a discretely presented component unit.
- The Rockland County Industrial Development Agency (the "Agency") is a public benefit corporation created by State legislation to promote the economic welfare, recreation opportunities and prosperity of the County's inhabitants. Members of the Agency are appointed by the County Legislature. Agency members have complete responsibility for management of the Agency and accountability for fiscal matters. The County is not liable for Agency bonds or notes. The governing board of the Agency serves at the pleasure of the County Legislature and, therefore, the primary government is able to impose its will on the Agency. Since the Agency does not provide services entirely or almost entirely to the County of Rockland, the financial statements of the Agency have been reflected as a discretely presented component unit.

The following organizations are included in the County's reporting entity as blended component units:

• The Rockland Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation ("RTASC") and the Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation ("RSTASC") are not-for-profit local development corporations organized pursuant to Section 1411 of the Not-For-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York. The Boards of Directors of each Corporation consist of five members; two designees of the Rockland County Executive, one designee of the chairman of the County Legislature, one designee of the chairman of the County's Budget and Finance Committee and a fifth shall be designated by a majority of the other four members. The Boards of Directors have complete responsibility for management of the Corporations and accountability for fiscal matters. The County is not liable for any deficits or the Corporations bonds or notes.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The GASB, in April 2004, issued a technical bulletin which clarified the financial reporting of Tobacco Settlement Authorities ("TSA"). This bulletin, which was effective for fiscal years ending after June 15, 2004, provides that when TSAs are entitled to future tobacco settlement resources and they appoint a majority of the TSA's governing board, the financial accountability criteria are met, and the TSA should be reported as a blended component unit of the settling government. Consequently, these organizations have been reflected as blended component units in the financial statements.

The Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation (the "Corporation") is a not-for-profit local development corporation created pursuant to Section 1411 of the Not-For-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York (the "LDC Act") and legislative resolution to lessen the burdens of local government and acting in the public interest of the County. The legislative resolution, was passed on April 16, 2013, and the County executed a lease and leaseback agreement between the County and the Corporation providing for the transfer to the Corporation of all of the County's right, title and interest in the Skilled Nursing Facility by ninety-nine year lease, with the option to take fee title, subject to the retained rights of the County to continue to operate such facility until such time as the Corporation terminates such reserved rights. Members of the Corporation are appointed by the County Executive and the County Legislature. The governing board of the Corporation serves at the pleasure of the County Executive, and therefore, the primary government is able to impose its will on the Corporation. The County provides operating support to the Corporation and the County is liable for the Corporation's debt. Since the Corporation provides services that exclusively, or almost exclusively provides benefit to the County, the financial statements of the Corporation have been reflected as a blended component unit.

Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices as indicated below.

Rockland County Community College 145 College Road Suffern, New York 10901

Rockland County Soil and Water Conservation District 23 New Hempstead Road New City, New York 10956

Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority 420 Torne Valley Road Hillburn, New York 10931

Rockland County Industrial Development Agency One Blue Hill Plaza Pearl River, New York 10965

Rockland Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation 50 Sanatorium Road Building A – 8th Floor Pomona, New York 10970

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation 50 Sanatorium Road Building A – 8th Floor Pomona, New York 10970

Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation 50 Sanatorium Road Building L Pomona, New York 10970

Audit Responsibility:

During the year ended December 31, 2017, the individual component units included in the County's reporting entity that were audited by other auditors were the College, the Authority, and the Agency. Blended component units included in the County's reporting entity that were audited by other auditors were the RTASC, RSTASC and the Corporation. Such component units represented the below amounts as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Business-Type	Primary	Component
	Activities	Government	Units
Total assets	100.0%	1.3%	99.6%
Total net position	100.0%	42.9%	96.9%
Total revenues	100.0%	0.7%	99.9%

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all non-fiduciary activities of the primary government as a whole and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements, except for interfund services provided and used. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of net position presents the financial position of the County and its component units at the end of its fiscal year. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods or services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment and (3) interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Taxes and other items not identified as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The County does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operation. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for services and tobacco settlement revenues and the principal operating expenses are cost of services, administrative expenses, professional and directors' fees, insurance, depreciation costs and benefit costs. The principal operating revenues of the Internal Service Funds are charges to customers for services, and operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses, depreciation costs and benefit costs. All revenues and expenses not meeting the definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

C. Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the County are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts which comprise its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund balances/net position, revenues and expenditures/expenses. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions. The County maintains the minimum number of funds consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The focus of fund financial statements is on major funds as that term is defined in professional pronouncements. Each major fund is to be presented in a separate column, with non-major funds, if any, aggregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary and proprietary funds are reported by type. Since the governmental fund statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide statements' governmental activities column, a reconciliation is presented on the pages following, which briefly explain the adjustments necessary to transform the fund based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide presentation. The County's resources are reflected in the fund financial statements in three broad fund categories, in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as follows:

Fund Categories

a. <u>Governmental Funds</u> - Governmental Funds are those through which most general government functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The following are the County's major governmental funds.

General Fund - The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the County in that it includes all revenues and expenditures not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The County also reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Special Revenue Funds – Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The special revenue funds of the County are as follows:

County Road Fund - The County Road Fund was established pursuant to New York State Highway Law and is used to account for the maintenance and repair of County roads and bridges and snow removal costs.

Road Machinery Fund - The Road Machinery Fund is used to account for the purchase, repair and maintenance of highway machinery, tools and equipment and for the purchase, construction and maintenance of buildings for the storage and repair of highway machinery and equipment.

Community Development Fund - The Community Development Fund is used to account for projects financed by entitlements from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD").

Sewer District Fund - The Sewer District Fund is used to account for the operations and maintenance of the County's sewer facilities.

Special Purpose Fund - The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the County in accordance with terms of a trust agreement.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund is provided to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest and for financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

Proprietary Funds - Proprietary funds include enterprise and internal service funds. b. Enterprise funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprises or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that provide services to the public. Internal service funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. In prior years, the operations of the Summit Park Hospital ("Nursing Care Center") or ("Hospital Fund"), were recorded as a major enterprise fund. The Nursing Care Center was a chronic care hospital and a skilled nursing facility established and operated under the provisions of Article 6 of General Municipal Law. The Nursing Care Center discharged its last patient in December 2015 and submitted its operating certificate back to the New York State Department of Health in December 2015. As of December 31, 2015, the Hospital had ceased operations and the only operations within the Hospital Fund in 2016 consisted of the operation of certain mental health units. In 2016, the County determined the Hospital Fund was no longer operating as an enterprise fund as the remaining activities within the Hospital Fund were no longer being operated similar to a private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is to finance or recover costs or providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis through user charges. Therefore, the activity of the Hospital Fund is reported within the General Fund beginning in 2016.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The County has established its Workers' Compensation Benefits, General Liability Claims, Unemployment Benefits and General Services funds as internal service funds.

c. <u>Fiduciary Funds</u> (Not Included in Government-wide Statements) - The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The Agency Fund is primarily utilized to account for employee payroll deductions, deposits for welfare trusts and various taxes (i.e., mortgage taxes), that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources (current assets less current liabilities) or economic resources (all assets and liabilities). The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement* focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds. The Agency Fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Property taxes are considered to be available if collected within sixty days of the fiscal year end. A ninety-day availability period is generally used for revenue recognition for most other governmental fund revenues. Property taxes associated with the current fiscal period as well as charges for services and intergovernmental revenues are considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Fees and other similar revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. If expenditures are the prime factor for determining eligibility, revenues from Federal and State grants are accrued when the expenditure is made. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to certain pension costs, compensated absences, net pension liability, retirement incentives, certain claims and other post-employment benefit obligations, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital assets acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Component Units

Component units are presented on the basis of accounting that most accurately reflects their activities. The District is accounted for on the modified accrual basis and is converted to the accrual basis for the government-wide statements. The College, Agency and the Authority are accounted for on the accrual basis. The College, however, does not reflect property, plant and equipment as an asset of the fund and depreciation is not reflected. Property, plant and equipment of the College are owned by the County.

E. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Fund Balances

Deposits, Investments and Risk Disclosure

Cash and Cash Equivalents - Cash and cash equivalents consist of funds deposited in demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit with original maturities of less than three months.

The County's investment policies are governed by State statutes. The County has adopted its own written investment policy which provides for the deposit of funds in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. The County is authorized to use demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit.

Collateral is required for demand deposit accounts, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit at 100% of all deposits not covered by FDIC insurance. The County has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Such obligations include, among other instruments, obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipal and school district subdivisions.

Investments - All investments are stated at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions. The objective of these investments is to preserve capital and mitigate credit and interest rate risk. The County was invested only in the above-mentioned obligations and, accordingly, was not exposed to any interest rate or credit risk.

The County follows the provisions of GASB Statement No. 72, "Fair Value Measurements and Application", which defines fair value and establishes a fair value hierarchy organized into three levels based upon the input assumptions used in pricing assets. Level 1 inputs have the highest reliability and are related to assets with unadjusted quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 inputs relate to assets with other than quoted prices in active markets which may include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities or other inputs which can be corroborated by observable market data. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs and are used to the extent that observable inputs do not exist. The detail of these investments and their related risks are described in Note 4A.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Risk Disclosure

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that the government will incur losses in fair value caused by changing interest rates. The County has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from changing interest rates. Generally, the County does not invest in any long-term investment obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB Statement No. 40 directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are either under collateralized, collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution or collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department but not in the County's name. As of December 31, 2017, the County had \$621,140 in cash that was exposed to custodial credit risk.

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty will not fulfill its specific obligation even without the entity's complete failure. The County does not have a formal credit risk policy other than restrictions to obligations allowable under the General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Concentration of Credit Risk - Concentration of credit risk is the risk attributed to the magnitude of a government's investments in a single issuer. The County's investment policy limits the amount on deposit at each of its banking institutions.

Taxes Receivable - Real property taxes are levied and attach as a lien against real property on January 1st. County taxes are billed with town taxes and initially collected by the towns on behalf of the County. Real property taxes may be paid between January 1st and January 31st without interest or penalty. Payments received after January 31st must include interest computed at 1% per month from February 1st. The towns retain the first amounts collected to satisfy their respective tax warrants. Amounts collected thereafter are remitted to the County. Tax rolls and a listing of the unpaid taxes are returned to the County in April. A 5% penalty is added to the unpaid tax, which is collected by the County.

The County enforces delinquent real property taxes under the provisions of Article 11 (Article 11 applies to taxes levied after December 31, 1995 and provides for the foreclosure of tax sale liens by proceedings in rem) of the Real Property Tax Law. Enforcement procedures set forth in Article 11 provide that the enforcing officer shall file a petition of foreclosure twenty-one months after the lien date (the County may extend the filing date for residential and farm property by one or two years). Such petition is required to be filed with the County Clerk within two business days after the execution of the petition. After the petition has been filed with the County Clerk, a notice of foreclosure must be published in at least two newspapers designated by the enforcing officer. The published notice shall include the date of the last day on which delinquent taxes may be redeemed. The redemption date must be at least three months after the date the notice is first published. If the delinquent taxes, including all related charges, are not paid on the date specified in the notice of foreclosure, the Court generally makes a final judgment awarding the property to the County. Such judgment will contain an order that a deed conveying title to the County shall be prepared, executed and duly recorded. No proceeding to set aside the deed may be maintained unless proceedings are commenced within two years from the date of recording the deed. Properties acquired by the County through tax enforcement procedures must be sold at a public auction.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The County is also responsible for collecting and enforcing delinquent school district taxes. Such taxes are collected by the towns in the County between September 1st and October 31st, after which the school tax rolls and unpaid taxes are remitted to the County. A 5% penalty is added to the amount of the unpaid school tax. The County collects unpaid school taxes during the month of November. Any taxes remaining unpaid after this time are relevied, with a 7% penalty, as County taxes for the following year. The County must satisfy the full amount of the unpaid school districts taxes no later than April 1st of the year following the levy of such taxes.

Pursuant to Article 14 of the Real Property Tax Law, the County has agreements with various villages within the County to collect and enforce delinquent village taxes. County tax bills include amounts relevied, with a 7% penalty, for unpaid village taxes where appropriate. The County must satisfy the full amount of the unpaid village taxes no later than April 1st of the year following the levy of such taxes.

Other Receivables - Other receivables include amounts due from other governments and individuals for services provided by the County. Receivables are recorded, and revenues recognized as earned or as specific program expenditures/expenses are incurred. Allowances are recorded, when appropriate.

Due From/To Other Funds - During the course of its operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds to finance operations, provide services and construct assets. To the extent that certain transactions between funds had not been paid or received as of December 31, 2017, balances of interfund amounts receivable or payable have been recorded in the fund financial statements. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and the business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

Inventories - Inventories are stated at the lower of average cost or market and consist of materials, supplies and drugs used at the Home and Infirmary and materials and supplies used by the General Services Fund. The County uses the consumption method to relieve inventory. Purchases of inventory items at other locations are recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of purchase and year-end balances at these locations are not material.

Prepaid Expenses/Expenditures - Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid expenses/expenditures consist of employee retirement and other costs which have been satisfied prior to the end of the fiscal year, but represent items which have been provided for in the subsequent year's budget and/or will benefit such periods. Reported amounts in governmental funds are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which indicates that these amounts do not constitute "available spendable resources" even though they are a component of current assets.

Intangible Assets - Intangible assets represent goodwill. Goodwill is the excess of cost of an acquired entity over the amounts assigned to assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. The Authority has adopted guidance on goodwill impairment testing which allows an entity to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether it is more likely than not that goodwill may be impaired. Under this guidance, qualitative factors are assessed at least annually, or more frequently, if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. If the Authority's qualitative assessment indicates that goodwill may be impaired, the Authority will estimate the fair value of the reporting unit based on one or more of the following valuation techniques; i. income; ii. discounted cash flows, or; iii. market approach. If such fair value estimate is less than the carrying value of goodwill, an impairment loss is recognized. The Authority concluded that goodwill was not impaired during the year.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments - Restricted cash in the Capital Projects fund represents bond proceeds held by a state agency.

Restricted cash and investments in the Authority consist of bond proceeds held by a custodial agent. These funds are to be used for the construction of solid waste disposal facilities and payment of debt service.

Capital Assets - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the County chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The County was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year).

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives is not capitalized.

Land and construction-in-progress are not depreciated. Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

	Life
Class	in Years
Buildings	30
Improvements	20
Equipment	3-10
Infrastructure	Up to 30

The costs associated with the acquisition or construction of capital assets are shown as capital outlay expenditures on the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are not shown on the governmental fund balance sheets.

Unearned Revenues - Unearned revenues arise when assets are recognized before a revenue recognition criterion has been satisfied. In government-wide financial statements, unearned revenues consist of amounts received in advance and/or amounts from grants received before the eligibility requirements have been met.

Unearned revenues in fund financial statements are those where asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. The County has reported unearned revenues of \$1,994,325 for State and Federal aid received in advance in the General Fund. The County has also reported unearned revenues of \$1,504,973 for Federal aid received in advance in the Community Development Fund. Such amounts have been deemed to be measurable but not "available" pursuant to U.S. GAAP.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources - In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The County reported deferred outflows of resources of \$8,178,077 for a deferred loss on refunding bonds in the government-wide statement of net position. This amount results from the difference in the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

The County has reported deferred inflows of resources of \$14,230,143 for real property taxes in the General Fund and of \$1,024,964 for tuition assistance payments in the component units' statement of net position. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

The County also reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources in relation to its pension obligations. These amounts are detailed in the discussion of the County's pension plans in Note 4G.

Long-Term Liabilities - In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expended as incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as Debt Service or Capital Projects funds expenditures.

Compensated Absences - The various collective bargaining agreements provide for the payment of accumulated vacation and sick leave upon separation from service. The liability for such accumulated leave is reflected in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured through employee resignation or retirement. The liability for compensated absences includes salary related payments, where applicable.

Net Pension Liability - The net pension liability represents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). The financial reporting of these amounts are presented in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" and GASB Statement No. 71, "Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date."

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Net Position - Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the County or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position on the statement of net position include, net investment in capital assets, restricted for capital projects, law enforcement, Section 8 housing, debt service, student loans, unemployment benefits, environmental programs, scholarships and student services, permanent endowments and special revenue funds. The balance is classified as unrestricted.

Fund Balance - Generally, fund balance represents the difference between current assets and deferred outflows of resources and current liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the County is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (inventories, prepaid amounts, long-term receivables, advances) or they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact (the corpus of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance is reported when constraints placed on the use of the resources are imposed by grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through enabling legislation. Enabling legislation includes a legally enforceable requirement that these resources be used only for the specific purposes as provided in the legislation. This fund balance classification is used to report funds that are restricted for debt service obligations and for other items contained in General Municipal Law of the State of New York.

Committed fund balance is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to formal action of the entity's highest level of decision making authority. The County Legislature is the highest level of decision making authority for the County that can, by the adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, these funds may only be used for the purpose specified unless the County removes or changes the purpose by taking the same action that was used to establish the commitment. This classification includes certain amounts established and approved by the County Legislature.

Assigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts constrained either by policies of the County Legislature for amounts assigned for balancing the subsequent year's budget or the Commissioner of Finance for amounts assigned for encumbrances. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily, in that additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. An assignment cannot result in a deficit in the unassigned fund balance in the General Fund. Assigned fund balance in all funds except the General Fund includes all remaining amounts, except for negative balances, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance, in the General Fund, represents amounts not classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed or assigned. The General Fund is the only fund that would report a positive amount in unassigned fund balance. For all governmental funds other than the General Fund, unassigned fund balance would necessarily be negative, since the fund's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, together with amounts already classified as nonspendable, restricted and committed would exceed the fund's assets and deferred outflows of resources.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted and unrestricted fund balance in governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the County's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the County's policy to use fund balance in the following order: committed, assigned, and unassigned.

F. Encumbrances

In governmental funds, encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is generally employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General, County Road, Road Machinery, Community Development and Sewer District funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assigned fund balance since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

H. New Accounting Pronouncements

The following are standards adopted by the County in the current year and standards which may impact the County in future years.

- In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans ("GASB 74"). GASB 74 establishes financial reporting standards to state and local governmental other postemployment benefit ("OPEB") plans. The requirements of GASB 74 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. The County has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of GASB 74 on its 2017 financial statements.
- In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions ("GASB 75"). GASB 75 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards for OPEB that is provided to employees of state and local governmental employees. The requirements of GASB 75 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. The County has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of GASB 75 on its 2017 financial statements.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- In January 2016, the GASB issued Statement No 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units ("GASB 80"). GASB 80 provides clarity on how certain component units incorporated as not-for-profit corporations should be presented in the financial statements of the primary state or local government. The requirements of GASB 80 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016 and was required to be adopted by the County during the year ended December 31, 2017. The adoption of GASB 80 did not have an impact on the County's financial statements. None of the component units were incorporated with the primary government as the sole corporate member. As such, the component units are not required to be presented as a blended component unit.
- In March 2016, GASB issued Statement No 81, *Irrevocable Split Interest Agreements* ("GASB 81"). GASB 81 addresses the situations under which an irrevocable split-interest agreement constitutes an asset for accounting and financial reporting purposes when the resources are administered by a third party. GASB 81 also provides expanded guidance for circumstances in which the government holds the assets. The requirements of GASB 81 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2016 and was required to be adopted by the County during the year ended December 31, 2017. The County is not a party to any agreements that fall under the definition of an irrevocable split interest agreement.
- In March 2016, the GASB issued Statement No 82, *Pension Issues* ("GASB 82"). GASB 82 addresses practice issues raised during the implementation of the GASB's pension accounting and financial reporting standards for state and local governments. The requirements of GASB 82 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. The County fully implemented the Statement and noted there was no financial impact on the County's financial statements.
- In November 2016, the GASB issued Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, ("GASB 83"). GASB 83 addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations. This statement establishes criteria for determining the timing and pattern of recognition of a liability and corresponding deferred outflow of resources for asset retirement obligations. The requirements of GASB 83 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. GASB 83 is not expected to have an impact on the County's financial statements.
- In January 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, ("GASB 84"). The objective of GASB 84 is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The requirements of GASB 84 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2018. The County has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of GASB 84 on its financial statements. GASB 84 is not expected to have an impact on the County's financial statements.
- In March 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 85, Omnibus 2017, ("GASB 85"). The
 objective of GASB 85 is to address practice issues that have been identified during
 implementation and application of certain GASB statements. The requirements of GASB 85
 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. GASB 85 is not expected to have
 an impact on the County's financial statements.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- In May 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 86, Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues, ("GASB 86"). The primary objective of GASB 86 is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished. The requirements of GASB 86 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. GASB 86 is not expected to have an impact on the County's financial statements.
- In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, Leases, ("GASB 87"). The objective of GASB 87 is to improve accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of GASB 87 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. The County has not completed the process of evaluating the impact of GASB 87 on its financial statements.
- In April 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, ("GASB 88"). The objective of GASB 88 is to improve the information that is disclosed in noted to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt by providing a clear definition for debt. GASB 88 requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The requirements of GASB 88 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2018. GASB 88 is not expected to have an impact on the County's financial statements.
- In June 2018, GASB issued Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, ("GASB 89"). The objectives of GASB 89 are to enhance the relevance of comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period, and to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of GASB 89 are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2019. GASB 89 is not expected to have an impact on the County's financial statements.

I. Reclassifications

Certain line items in the December 31, 2016 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the December 31, 2017 presentation.

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Data

The County generally follows the procedures enumerated below in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a) On or before August 1st, the administrative head of each department is required to submit to the County Executive the expenditure requirements for the next fiscal year.
- b) The County Executive is required to file the tentative budget for the ensuing year with the Clerk of the Legislature on or before October 1st.
- c) Subsequent to October 23rd, the Legislature conducts the necessary review of the tentative budget and proposes any changes thereto.
- d) Prior to November 20th, the Legislature shall hold a public hearing on the budget.
- e) After the public hearing, the Legislature may make changes to the budget. The budget shall be adopted no later than December 7th.
- f) Formal budgetary integration is employed during the year as a management control device for General, County Road, Road Machinery, Community Development, Sewer District and Debt Service funds.
- g) Budgets for General, County Road, Road Machinery, Community Development, Sewer District and Debt Service funds are legally adopted annually on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The Capital Projects Fund is budgeted on a project basis. Annual budgets are not adopted for the Proprietary and Special Purpose funds.
- h) The County Legislature has legal responsibility for all budget amendments and transfers between functions of expenditure. The County Executive has authority for the transfer of appropriations within functions of expenditure.
- i) Appropriations in General, County Road, Road Machinery, Community Development, Sewer District and Debt Service funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year, except that outstanding encumbrances are re-appropriated in the succeeding year, pursuant to the Uniform System of Accounts promulgated by the Office of the State Comptroller.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the County Legislature.

B. Property Tax Limitation

The County is permitted by the State Constitution to levy for purposes other than debt service up to 1½% of the five-year average full valuation of taxable real estate located within the County. In accordance with this provision, the maximum amount of the tax levy for 2017 was \$544,944,134, which exceeded the actual levy by \$424,929,134.

On June 24, 2011, the Governor signed Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 ("Tax Levy Limitation Law"). This applies to all local governments.

The Tax Levy Limitation Law restricts the amount of real property taxes that may be levied by a County in a particular year. The original legislation that established the Tax Levy Limitation Law was set to expire on June 16, 2016. Chapter 20 of the Laws of 2015 extends the Tax Levy Limitation Law through June 2020.

The following is a brief summary of certain relevant provisions of the Tax Levy Limitation Law. The summary is not complete, and the full text of the Tax Levy Limitation Law should be read in order to understand the details and implementations thereof.

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

The Tax Levy Limitation Law imposes a limitation on increases in the real property tax levy, subject to certain exceptions. The Tax Levy Limitation Law permits the County to increase its overall real property tax levy over the tax levy of the prior year by no more than the "Allowable Levy Growth Factor." which is the lesser of one and two-one hundredths or the sum of one plus the Inflation Factor; provided, however that in no case shall the levy growth factor be less than one. The "Inflation Factor" is the quotient of: (i) the average of the 20 National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the coming fiscal year minus the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States Department of Labor for the twelve-month period ending six months prior to the start of the prior fiscal year, divided by (ii) the average of the National Consumer Price Indexes determined by the United States with the result expressed as a decimal to four places. The County is required to calculate its tax levy limit for the upcoming year in accordance with the provision above and provide all relevant information to the New York State Comptroller prior to adopting its budget. The Tax Levy Limitation Law sets forth certain exclusions to the real property tax levy limitation of the County, including exclusions for certain portions of the expenditures for retirement system contributions and tort judgments payable by the County. The County Legislature may adopt a budget that exceeds the tax levy limit for the coming fiscal year, only if the County Legislature first enacts, by a vote of at least sixty percent of the total voting power of the County Legislature, a local law to override such limit for such coming fiscal year.

C. Fund Deficits

The Community Development Fund has an unassigned fund deficit of \$13,020 at December 31, 2017.

RTASC, RSTASC, Workers' Compensation Fund and the General Services Fund also reflect unassigned or unrestricted deficits of \$79,962,313, \$1,332,851, \$21,526,957 and \$21,676,347, respectively at December 31, 2017. These deficits will be addressed in the subsequent year.

D. Expenditures in Excess of Budget

The following functional expenditure categories of certain funds exceeded their budgetary authorization by the amounts indicated:

General Fund:

District Attorney	\$ 48,424
Assigned Counsel	53,777
Department of Records	42,151
Revenue Sharing - Sales tax	412,733
Community College - Tuition	354,394
Education of handicapped children	3,444,355
Veterans' Service Agency	1,330
County Historian	2
Commissioner of Labor	179
Retirement - RCC	120,642
Hospital & Medical Insurance - RCC	1,489,731
Transfers Out - Road Machinery Fund	50

Community Development Fund:

Debt Service - Principal	533,000
Debt Service - Interest	217,964

NOTE 3 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (Continued)

Sewer District Fund:

Transfers Out \$ 8.016

Debt Service Fund:

Serial bonds - Principal 2,400,718 Interest 374,666

E. Prior Period Adjustment

During the County's audit for fiscal year ended December 31, 2017, a prior period adjustment was recorded to appropriately remove the long term claims payable out of the accrued liabilities in the General Fund and into the governmental activities. The overall effect on the General Fund and governmental activities are as follows:

	General Fund			overnmental Activities
Remove claims payable from accrued liabilities	\$	(4,593,438)	\$	(4,593,438)
Record claims payable into noncurrent liabilities				4,593,438
Increase in Fund Balance and Net Position	\$	(4,593,438)	\$	

NOTE 4 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Investments and Fair Value Measurements

Primary Government:

In accordance with GASB 72, the County categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by U.S. GAAP. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The primary government had no investments or other assets or liabilities measured at fair value as of December 31, 2017.

Rockland County Community College:

Permissible investments of the College include obligations of the U.S Treasury, U.S. agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its political subdivisions, and accordingly, the College's policy provides for no credit risk on investments.

Investments of the College at December 31, 2017 consisted of government securities and Treasury bills which are stated fair value. The College's investments totaled \$4,257,473 consisting of \$3,221,829 of Level 1 investments, \$399,080 of Level 2 investments and \$636,564 of cash equivalents (Level 1).

Rockland County Soil and Water Conservation District:

Investments of the District at December 31, 2017 consisted of certificates of deposit amounting to \$52,475 with original maturities of greater than three months and are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. The certificates of deposit are valued at cost and are not subject to the fair value hierarchy.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Rockland County Solid Waste Management Authority:

Restricted investments of the Authority consisted of the following at December 31, 2017:

	Investment Maturity (In Years)	Fair Value
U.S. Treasury Bond State and Local Government Series	6 to 10	\$ 841,020
Collateralized investment agreement	6 to 10	 555,651
Total restricted investments, at fair value		\$ 1,396,671

The Authority's investments are fully collateralized with securities guaranteed by the U.S. Government.

The above investments of the Authority were categorized as Level 2 in the fair value hierarchy with fair value determined by the bond trustee, which approximates cost.

B. Taxes Receivable

Taxes receivable at December 31, 2017 consisted of the following:

Tax liens	\$36,882,879
Tax installments	7,923,410
Returned school district taxes	24,623,348
Returned village taxes	3,313,011
	72,742,648
Less: allowance for uncollectible taxes	(3,380,059)
Taxes receivable, net	\$69,362,589

School district and village taxes are offset by liabilities to the school districts and villages which will be paid no later than April 2017. Taxes receivable, at the fund level, are also partially offset by deferred inflows of resources of \$14,230,143, which represent an estimate of the receivable which will not be collected within the first sixty days of the subsequent year. School district and village taxes receivable in the amount of \$8,396,527 is also classified as nonspendable fund balance in the fund financial statements, which represent an estimate of taxes receivable that will not be collected within the subsequent year.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

C. Due From/To Other Funds

The balances reflected as due from/to other funds at December 31, 2017 were as follows:

Fund	Due From	Due To
General Capital Projects Non-Major Governmental County Health Facilities Corporation Internal Service	\$ - 1,608,578 102,794 3,091,358	\$ 1,284,311 2,129,851 1,364,576 - 23,992
	\$ 4,802,730	\$ 4,802,730

The outstanding balances between funds results mainly from the time lag between the dates that 1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occurred, 2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system and 3) payments between funds are made.

D. Capital Assets

Changes in the County's capital assets were as follows for the year ended December 31, 2017:

		Balance January 1,		Additions/			I	Balance December 31,		
Class		2017		Adjustments		Deletions		2017		
Government Activities (inclusive of Internal Service Funds)										
Capital Assets, not being depreciated	•	00 540 070	•		•		•	00 540 070		
Land	\$	68,549,273	\$	-	\$	-	\$	68,549,273		
Construction-in-progress		187,496,848		22,146,364		52,031,527		157,611,685		
Total Capital Assets, not being										
depreciated		256,046,121		22,146,364		52,031,527		226,160,958		
Capital Assets, being depreciated										
Buildings		139,441,860		(5,859,724)		_		133,582,136		
Improvements		143,636,946		6,423,553		-		150,060,499		
Equipment		97,525,724		37,054,229		273,301		134,306,652		
Infrastructure		785,549,623		14,542,206				800,091,829		
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		1,166,154,153		52,160,264		273,301		1,218,041,116		
Less Accumulated Depreciation for										
Buildings		83,161,674		(12,872)		_		83,148,802		
Improvements		111,160,812		4,527,447		-		115,688,259		
Equipment		75,273,810		9,863,003		273,301		84,863,512		
Infrastructure		388,066,279		17,297,698				405,363,977		
Total Accumulated Depreciation		657,662,575		31,675,276		273,301		689,064,550		
Total Capital Assets, being										
depreciated, net		508,491,578		20,484,988				528,976,566		
Governmental Activities										
Capital Assets, net	\$	764,537,699	\$	42,631,352	\$	52,031,527	\$	755,137,524		

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the County's functions and programs as follows for the year ended December 31, 2017:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government Support	\$ 3,127,047
Education	3,592,873
Public Safety	3,877,896
Health	917,135
Transportation	7,325,022
Economic Opportunity and Development	76,771
Culture and Recreation	472,512
Home and Community Services	11,895,869
Capital assets held by the government's internal service	
fund are charged to the various functions	
based on their usage of the assets	390,151
	_
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 31,675,276

Capital Assets - Component Units

Changes in the College's (component unit) capital assets were as follows for the year ended December 31, 2017:

Class	Additions	 Deletions	Balance August 31, 2017		
Capital Assets, being depreciated - Equipment Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 13,009,268 (10,062,314)	\$ 220 (471,300)	\$ 188,577 (188,577)	\$	12,820,911 (10,345,037)
Community College Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,946,954	\$ (471,080)	\$ _	\$	2,475,874

Changes in the District's (component unit) capital assets were as follows for the year ended December 31, 2017:

Balance January 1, Class 2017				Additions	 Deletions	Balance December 31, 2017		
Capital Assets, being depreciated - Equipment Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$	13,969 (13,969)	\$	27,947 (2,795)	\$ 12,516 (12,516)	\$	29,400 (4,248)	
Soil and Water Conservation District Capital Assets, net	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	25,152	\$ 	\$	25,152	

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Changes in the Authority's (component unit) capital assets were as follows for the year ended December 31, 2017:

Class	Balance January 1, 2017 Additions		Additions	Deletions	Balance December 31, 2017		
Capital Assets, not being depreciated Land Construction-in-progress	\$	6,718,705 629,594	\$	- 100,295	\$ - 629,053	\$	6,718,705 100,836
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated		7,348,299		100,295	 629,053		6,819,541
Capital Assets, being depreciated Buildings Improvements Equipment		53,659,833 2,420,054 20,641,201		357,685 - 721,884	- - -		54,017,518 2,420,054 21,363,085
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated		76,721,088		1,079,569			77,800,657
Less Accumulated Depreciation for Buildings Improvements Equipment		33,241,319 968,021 15,836,405		2,688,085 96,802 1,186,093	- - -		35,929,404 1,064,823 17,022,498
Total Accumulated Depreciation		50,045,745		3,970,980			54,016,725
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net		26,675,343		(2,891,411)			23,783,932
Solid Waste Management Authority Capital Assets, net	\$	34,023,642	\$	(2,791,116)	\$ 629,053	\$	30,603,473

E. Accrued Liabilities

Accrued liabilities at December 31, 2017 were as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	Bu 	siness-Type Activities	Total		
Payroll and employee benefits Other	\$	8,463,049 1,051,500	\$	- 4,463,952	\$	8,463,049 5,515,452	
Total accrued liabilities	\$	9,514,549	\$	4,463,952	\$	13,978,501	

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

F. Short-Term Non-Capital Borrowings

The schedule below details the changes in short-term non-capital borrowings. These borrowings consisted of notes issued in anticipation of the collection of certain tax and other revenues.

Purpose	Year of Original Issue	Maturity Date	Rate of Interest	 Balance January 1, 2017	New Issues	_ <u>F</u>	Redemptions	 Balance December 31, 2017
Tax Anticipation Notes: County Operations County Operations	2016 2017	3/16/2017 3/22/2018	2.00 % 2.50 %	\$ 60,000,000	\$ 60,000,000	\$	60,000,000	\$ 60,000,000
				\$ 60,000,000	\$ 60,000,000	\$	60,000,000	\$ 60,000,000

The \$60,000,000 tax anticipation notes that were issued on March 24, 2016, matured on March 16, 2017. Interest expenditures of \$1,173,333 were recorded in the General Fund financial statements.

Tax anticipation notes, in the amount of \$60,000,000 were issued on April 6, 2017. They mature on March 22, 2018 and have an interest rate of 2.5%. Interest expense of \$1,081,250 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities.

G. Long-Term Liabilities

The following table summarizes changes in the County's long-term indebtedness for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Balance January 1, 2017 (As Reported)	Prior Period Adjustment	Balance January 1, 2017 (As Restated)	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance December 31, 2017	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds Payable							
Capital Construction Other	\$ 429,532,879 113,175,000	\$ - -	\$ 429,532,879 113,175,000	\$ - -	\$ 32,110,000 14,685,000	\$ 397,422,879 98,490,000	\$ 28,544,879 13,690,000
	542,707,879		542,707,879		46,795,000	495,912,879	42,234,879
Plus - Unamortized premium on bonds	16,908,588		16,908,588		2,211,312	14,697,276	
	559,616,467	-	559,616,467	-	49,006,312	510,610,155	42,234,879
Other Non-Current Liabilities:							
New York State Loan Payable - retirement	39,196,817		39,196,817		5,382,261	33,814,556	5,569,146
Due to NYS Power Authority	1.380.902	_	1.380.902	_	409.610	971.292	412,404
HUD Section 108 loans payable	4.895.000	_	4,895,000	_	533,000	4.362.000	456,000
Compensated absences	20.549.302	_	20,549,302	1,825,261	2.064.447	20,310,116	2,035,046
Claims payable	20,675,830	4,593,438	25,269,268	5,696,313	4,799,009	26,166,572	2,708,526
Net pension liability	94,481,233	-	94,481,233	-	43,889,119	50,592,114	-
Other postemployment							
benefit obligations payable	386,844,417		386,844,417	48,328,812	25,848,455	409,324,774	
Governmental Activities							
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 1,127,639,968	\$ 4,593,438	\$ 1,132,233,406	\$ 55,850,386	\$ 131,932,213	\$ 1,056,151,579	\$ 53,416,001

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	Balance January 1, 2017	New Issues/ Additions	Maturities and/or Payments	Balance December 31, 2017	Due Within One Year	
Business-type Activities: Bonds payable Less: Unamortized discount	\$ 90,443,614	\$ 3,558,925	\$ 2,115,000	\$ 91,887,539	\$ -	
on bonds	(1,057,543)		(36,958)	(1,020,585)		
Business-type Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 89,386,071	\$ 3,558,925	\$ 2,078,042	\$ 90,866,954	<u>\$ -</u>	
Solid Waste Management Authority - Component Unit: Bonds payable	\$ 47,595,000	\$ -	\$ 6,995,000	\$ 40,600,000	\$ 3,965,000	
Less: Unamortized discount on bonds	(678,951)		(46,220)	(632,731)		
	46,916,049	-	6,948,780	39,967,269	3,965,000	
Net pension liability Other postemployment	1,077,890	-	422,224	655,666	-	
benefit obligations payable	4,552,949	893,955	30,002	5,416,902		
Solid Waste Management Long-term Liabilities	\$ 52,546,888	\$ 893,955	\$ 7,401,006	\$ 46,039,837	\$ 3,965,000	
Rockland County Community College - Component Unit:	\$ 4,035,979	œ.	¢ 074.546	¢ 2.764.462	Ф 264.46 7	
Compensated absences Net pension liability	7,204,527	\$ - -	\$ 274,516 4,103,473	\$ 3,761,463 3,101,054	\$ 364,167 -	
Other postemployment benefit obligations payable	54,319,651	11,416,855	4,294,085	61,442,421		
	\$ 65,560,157	\$ 11,416,855	\$ 8,672,074	\$ 68,304,938	\$ 364,167	

Governmental fund liabilities for bonds are liquidated by the Debt Service Fund, which is funded by other governmental funds. The liability for compensated absences is liquidated by the General, County Road, Road Machinery and Sewer District funds. Each governmental fund's liability for pension obligations, claims payable and other postemployment benefit obligations are liquidated by the respective fund.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Bonds Payable - Governmental Activities

Bonds payable – governmental activities at December 31, 2017 were comprised of the following individual issues:

Purpose	Year of Issue	Original Issue Amount	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding at December 31, 2017
Mirant Settlement	2008	\$ 24,000,000	June, 2028	4.500-4.650 %	\$ 1,170,000
Various Purpose	2010	33,791,000	September, 2017	2.500-3.500	21,835,000
Various Purpose Refunding	2010	19,225,000	May, 2016	3.000-4.000	4,040,000
Public Improvements	2010	11,400,000	June, 2020	3.000-3.125	3,785,000
Various Purpose	2011	20,335,000	June, 2026	4.250-4.500	2,605,000
Judgments	2011	5,000,000	December, 2031	3.500-4.500	3,885,000
Various Purpose	2012	36,322,000	October, 2032	3.500-3.750	29,440,000
Judgments	2012	5,000,000	December, 2022	5.000	2,900,000
Various Purpose	2013	33,746,000	October, 2027	3.750-4.000	25,705,000
Various Purpose Refunding	2013	3,415,000	March, 2018	5.000	1,190,000
Various Purpose 2013B	2013	5,000,000	December, 2023	5.000	3,570,000
Various Purpose 2014A	2014	96,000,000	December, 2024	3.250-5.000	78,195,000
Public Improvement 2014B	2014	10,734,000	December, 2044	4.250-4.500	10,325,000
Public Improvement 2014C	2014	41,549,000	May, 2023	3.000-4.000	28,695,000
Various Purpose Refunding	2014	18,035,000	February, 2023	1.320-2.780	11,850,000
Various Purpose Refunding	2015	18,350,000	January, 2027	2.000-5.000	18,115,000
Refunding Mirant Bonds	2015	5,070,000	January, 2027	2.000-5.000	4,985,000
Various Purpose Refunding	2015	5,480,000	January, 2021	3.000-4.000	4,445,000
Various Purpose	2015	28,610,000	December, 2031	2.000-3.250	26,975,000
Refunding Mirant Bonds	2016	15,015,000	June, 2028	2.000-5.000	14,720,000
Various Purpose Refunding	2016	11,115,000	June, 2028	2.000-5.000	10,925,000
Various Purpose	2016	24,947,879	November, 2030	2.250-3.000	24,847,879
Sewer EFC 2010C	2010	15,128,142	October, 2039	2.586-4.603	11,905,000
Sewer EFC 2011C	2011	28,290,003	November, 2040	2.106-4.746	22,715,000
Sewer EFC 2012B (2003B)	2012	2,655,000	December, 2025	5.609-6.189	2,060,000
Sewer EFC 2012B (2002C)	2012	4,518,000	March, 2020	5.129-5.179	1,910,000
Sewer EFC 2012E (2002I)	2012	1,774,000	September, 2022	5.020-5.380	992,000
Sewer EFC 2012E (2002I)	2012	452,000	September, 2021	5.020-5.380	226,000
Sewer EFC 2013B	2013	6,085,500	November, 2042	1.743-4.756	5,175,000
Sewer EFC 2013B	2013	7,755,982	May, 2043	1.743-4.756	6,845,000
Sewer EFC 2014B	2014	11,113,997	May, 2044	0.9515-4.2925	10,180,000
Sewer EFC 2014B (2004D)	2014	23,735,000	February, 2034	4.586-5.150	20,970,000
Sewer EFC 2015B `	2015	41,867,000	March, 2045	0.860-4.267	39,182,000
Sewer EFC 2015D (2005A)	2015	8,420,000	May, 2034	3.951-4.569	7,625,000
Sewer EFC 2015D (2005B)	2015	25,140,000	October, 2034	3.739-4.129	21,775,000
Sewer EFC 2015D (2005C)	2015	11,080,000	April, 2036	4.477-4.861	10,150,000

\$ 495,912,879

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

New York State Loan Payable - Retirement

The State Legislature enacted Chapter 57 of the Laws of 2010. This chapter authorized local governments, at their option, to amortize a portion of their respective ERS contributions beginning in 2010. The maximum amortization amount each year going forward will be determined by the difference between each employer's effective contribution rate as compared to the System's overall graded rate. The amortized amounts are to be paid in equal installments over a ten-year period, although amounts may be prepaid at any time. Interest will be charged at annual rates which approximate a market rate of return on taxable fixed rate securities of a comparable duration and will be adjusted annually. The County elected to amortize the maximum amount allowable, which aggregated \$55,000,995. The balance due at December 31, 2017 was \$33,814,556.

Due to NYS Power Authority

The County entered into a Customer Installation Commitment Agreement with the New York State Power Authority for the County Office Building Utility Plant Upgrade and Renovation. The loan is for ten years, to be paid in monthly installments, including interest at the rate of 1.43%. The balance due at December 31, 2017 was \$971,292.

HUD Section 108 Loans Payable

Under HUD's Loan Guarantee ("Section 108") program, recipients of the CDBG Entitlement Grant program funds may pledge future grant funds as collateral for loans guaranteed by HUD (these loans were provided from private lenders since July 1, 1986). Section 108 provides entitlement communities with a source of financing for projects that are too large to be financed from annual grants. The balance due at December 31, 2017 by the County under the Section 108 program was \$4,362,000.

Payments to Maturity - Governmental Activities

The annual requirements to amortize all bonded debt outstanding as of December 31, 2017, including interest payments, were as follows:

						Governmer	ntal Ac	tivities				
		Вс	nds			New York Stat	te Loa	n - NYPA	N	ew York State	Loan	- Retirement
Year Ending December 31,	_	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2018	\$	42,234,879	\$	15,976,805	\$	412,404	\$	10,844	\$	5,569,146	\$	1,149,631
2019		43,609,000		14,187,512		418,166		5,258		5,762,665		956,113
2020		42,326,000		12,705,088		140,722		419		5,963,062		755,715
2021		41,764,000		11,196,525		-		-		5,694,139		548,190
2022		41,994,000		9,689,145		-		-		10,825,544		656,249
2023-2027		153,560,000		29,165,720		-		-		-		-
2028-2032		70,395,000		12,384,500		-		-		-		-
2033-2037		31,440,000		5,293,082		-		-		-		-
2038-2042		20,585,000		2,446,447		-		-		-		-
2043-2046	_	8,005,000	_	273,658								
	\$	495,912,879	\$	113,318,482	\$	971,292	\$	16,521	\$	33,814,556	\$	4,065,898

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

	 Governmental Activities										
	HUD Section	n 108	Loans		Total						
Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest			Principal		Interest				
2018	\$ 456,000	\$	195,599	\$	48,672,429	\$	17,332,879				
2019	456,000		176,091		50,245,831		15,324,974				
2020	456,000		155,744		48,885,784		13,616,966				
2021	456,000		134,969		47,914,139		11,879,684				
2022	457,000		113,579		53,276,544		10,458,973				
2023-2027	1,651,000		255,857		155,211,000		29,421,577				
2028-2032	430,000		39,935		70,825,000		12,424,435				
2033-2037	-		-		31,440,000		5,293,082				
2038-2042	-		-		20,585,000		2,446,447				
2043-2046	 				8,005,000		273,658				
	\$ 4,362,000	\$	1,071,774	\$	535,060,727	\$	118,472,675				

Bonds Payable - Business-Type Activities

RTASC issued Series 2001 turbo term bonds on December 20, 2001 to finance the purchase of the tobacco rights from the County and the related costs of issuance. The turbo term bonds were issued for \$46,767,234, net of original discount of \$982,766 and bear interest at rates ranging from 4.625% to 5.75%, depending on maturity. Annual principal payments on Tobacco Settlement Bonds are dependent upon tobacco settlement revenue received, therefore, the current portion considered payable during the year ending December 31, 2018 is not determinable. The stated maturity date for the bonds is June 1, 2043; the bonds must be paid in full by this date in order to avoid an event of default.

During 2005, RTASC issued \$24,484,850 of Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Subordinate Turbo Capital Appreciation Bonds, Series 2005 A, B and C (collectively "Series 2005"), net of original discount of \$507,590, the proceeds of which were used to pay certain costs of issuance related to the Series 2005 bonds and provide the County, the owner of the beneficial interest in the Residual Trust which holds the Residual Certificate, with the balance of the funds. The Series 2005 bonds are subordinate to both the Series 2001 Bonds, as well as the remaining balance totaling \$3,605,000 of the Tobacco Settlement Asset-Backed Bonds, Series 2003 ("Series 2003") issued by RSTASC. No payments will be made on Series 2005 bonds until such time that the Series 2001 and Series 2003 bonds have been paid in full.

Interest on Subordinate Turbo CABs is compounded semiannually on June 1 and December 1, but is not payable until bond maturity. Interest accretes until both principal and accreted interest are paid. Future interest accretion has been recorded as a bond discount and amortized as the current interest accretes. The accrued interest on the Subordinate Turbo CABs is reflected within the Subordinate Turbo CABs payable liability.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Redemption of the Subordinate Turbo CABs, as outlined in the official statement, is scheduled to be paid through 2060, while early payment is allowed. During the year ended December 31, 2017, RTASC did not make any redemption payments. Any debt service amounts not paid in accordance with the Turbo Redemption Payments schedule will be due and payable on the maturity dates below:

- Series 2005A August 15, 2045
- Series 2005B August 15, 2050
- Series 2005C August 15, 2060

RSTASC issued turbo term bonds on December 18, 2003 to finance the purchase of the tobacco rights from RTASC and the related costs of issuance. The turbo term bonds were issued for \$9,275,102, net of original issue discount of \$439,898 and bear interest at rates ranging from 5.027% to 6.27%, depending on maturity. Annual principal payments on Tobacco Settlement Bonds are dependent on TSR revenue received, therefore, the current portion considered payable during the year ending December 31, 2018 is not determinable. The stated maturity date for the bonds is June 1, 2043; the bonds must be paid in full by this date in order to avoid an event of default.

The following table summarizes changes in the bonds payable – business-type activities for the year ended December 31, 2017:

Description	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	Balance January 1, 2017	Additions	Additions Deletions	
RTASC: 2001 Tobacco Settlement Bonds 2005 Subordinate Turbo CABs	2043	4.625-5.75%	\$ 34,349,999 52,488,615	\$ - 3,558,925	\$ 1,665,000 -	\$ 32,684,999 56,047,540
RSTASC:			86,838,614	3,558,925	1,665,000	88,732,539
2003 Tobacco Settlement Bonds	2043	5.027-6.27%	3,605,000		450,000	3,155,000
			90,443,614	3,558,925	2,115,000	91,887,539
Less: Unamortized bond discounts			(1,057,543)	<u> </u>	(36,958)	(1,020,585)
			\$ 89,386,071	\$ 3,558,925	\$ 2,078,042	\$ 90,866,954

Interest expenditures/expense of \$17,014,176, \$217,964 and \$153,869, were recorded in the fund financial statements in the Debt Service Fund, Community Development Fund and Internal Service Fund, respectively. Interest expense of \$15,483,910 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements for governmental activities. Interest expense of \$5,505,212 and \$211,168 were recorded in the fund financial and government-wide financial statements for the business-type activities for RTASC and RSTASC, respectively.

The above general obligation bonds are direct obligations of the County for which its full faith and credit are pledged and are payable from taxes levied on all taxable real property within the County, except for the 2001, 2003 and 2006 RTASC and the RSTASC bonds. These bonds are the obligations of the RTASC and RSTASC, and will be repaid from future tobacco revenues.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Indebtedness - Component Unit

Solid Waste Management Authority

The following table summarizes changes in the Authority's (component unit) bonds payable for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Maturity	Interest	Balance January 1,			Balance December 31,
Description	Date	Rates	2017	Additions	Deletions	2017
General Obligation Bonds:						
2006 Series	12/2021	4.25-5.00%	\$ 3,210,000	\$ -	\$ 3,210,000	\$ -
2008 Series	12/2033	5.375-6.50%	20,995,000	-	2,065,000	18,930,000
2010 Series	12/2024	3.25-4.00%	7,175,000	-	555,000	6,620,000
2014 Series	12/2028	3.18%	5,535,000		360,000	5,175,000
			36,915,000	-	6,190,000	30,725,000
EFC Revenue Bonds:						
2012 Series	12/2026	5.019-6.189%	8,055,000	-	630,000	7,425,000
2013 Series	11/2029	1.503-4.083%	2,625,000		175,000	2,450,000
			47,595,000	-	6,995,000	40,600,000
Unamortized bond premiums			(716,141)	-	(82,918)	(633,223)
Unamortized bond discounts			37,190		36,698	492
			\$ 46,916,049	\$ -	\$ 6,948,780	\$ 39,967,269

At the option of the Authority, the serial bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at various dates, depending on the issue.

Future debt service payments on the Authority's bonds payable were as follows for years ending after December 31, 2017:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2018	\$ 3,965,000	\$	1,745,732	\$	5,710,732
2019	4,155,000		1,531,434		5,686,434
2020	4,365,000		1,344,822		5,709,822
2021	4,600,000		1,150,832		5,750,832
2022	5,570,000		941,516		6,511,516
2023-2027	16,435,000		786,691		17,221,691
2028-2032	1,360,000		93,055		1,453,055
2033	150,000		9,750		159,750
	 _		_		·
	\$ 40,600,000	\$	7,603,832	\$	48,203,832

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Compensated Absences

Under the terms of existing collective bargaining agreements, certain employees of the primary government may accumulate sick leave. Upon separation of service, employees, depending on the criteria defined in the contract, are compensated for accumulated leave in excess of 165 days. The primary government is also obligated to pay employees accrued vacation pay up to a maximum of 50 days, depending upon the contract.

The College, effective September 1, 2005, modified the sick leave buyout plan for the administrative class of employees. The plan provides that, at the termination of their employment, those employees hired before August 31, 2005 may receive payment of twenty-five percent of up to 200 days of their accumulated sick leave and for those hired after August 31, 2005 may receive twenty percent of up to 200 days. All administrators may receive up to 50 days of accumulated paid vacation at termination. Exempt employees may receive payment of twenty-five percent of up to 200 days of their accumulated sick leave and may receive up to 50 days of accumulated paid vacation at termination. Faculty upon retirement may receive twenty percent of up to 200 days of their accumulated sick leave. CSEA employees upon retirement may receive up to 50 days of accumulated vacation plus holiday accruals. Compensation time accrued within 18 months is paid in full. Sick time is based on years of service. Up to 30 years of service the employee receives fifty percent of sick days over 165 up to a maximum of 180 days. Over 30 years the maximum rises to 200 days. Employees are paid at their current hourly rate. At August 31, 2017, the expense related to vested vacation pay for employees was accrued based upon pay rates currently in effect. Accrued vacation pay aggregated \$3,761,463.

Unused vacation time of the Authority's employees may be carried forward to subsequent years. Unused personal time is added to sick leave, which may be taken at any time. The Authority has accrued a liability for accumulated vacation and sick leave at December 31, 2017 which is included in accrued liabilities of the Authority.

The employees of the Agency may accumulate vacation leave. Upon separation of service, these employees are compensated up to a maximum of 50 days. The liability for the Agency was deemed immaterial.

The District does not incur eligible salaries and, therefore, does not have a liability for compensated absences.

Claims Payable

The Internal Service funds reflect workers' compensation benefit liabilities, general liability claims liabilities and unemployment benefit liabilities, which are based upon estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported, but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported ("IBNRs"). The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claim costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability and damage awards, the process used in computing claim liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claims costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflects past inflation and other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

An analysis of the activity of unpaid claim liabilities is as follows for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Claims Payable
Balance, Beginning of Year Provision for Claims and	\$ 25,336,320
Claims Adjustment Expenses	5,629,261
Claims and Claims Adjustment Expenses Paid	(4,799,009)
Balance, End of Year	\$ 26,166,572
Due Within One Year	\$ 2,708,526

Pension Plans

New York State and Local Retirement System ("ERS")

The County and, certain of its component units, participates in the ERS. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund ("Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. The Comptroller is an elected official determined in a direct statewide election and serves a four-year term. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The County also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan, which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The ERS is noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% depending on salary levels for their entire length of service. Under the authority of the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the ERS's fiscal year ending March 31.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The employer contribution rates for the plan's year ended in 2017 were as follows:

	Tier/Plan	Rate
1	75I	21.7 %
1	751 751	21.7 %
1	89D,M	27.3
2	75I	19.8
	75I	19.7
2 2 3	89PAF	24.4
3	553B	27.0
3	A14	16.1
3	A14	16.0
4	553B	27.0
4	603OR	23.7
4	604PR	23.7
4	604S4	18.2
4	89PAF	18.2
4	89PAF	18.2
4	89VR3	18.2
4	89VR4	18.2
4	A15	16.1
4	A15	16.0
5	553B	24.7
5	604PR	21.4
5	89PAF	15.6
5	89VR4	15.6
5	A15	13.2
5	A15	13.1
6	553B	19.8
6	89PAF	11.0
6	89VR4	11.0
6	A15	9.4
6	A15	9.3

At December 31, 2017, the County and its component units reported liabilities as follows for their proportionate share of the net pension liability:

Primary Government:

Governmental Activities	\$50,592,114
Component Units:	
College	3,101,054
Authority	655,666

The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The County and its component units' proportion of the net pension liability was based on a computation of the actuarially determined indexed present value of future compensation by employer relative to the total of all participating members.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, the County and its component units' proportions were as follows:

Primary Government:

Governmental Activities 0.5384303%

Component Units:

College 0.0330030% Authority 0.0069780%

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County recognized pension expense in the government-wide financial statements of \$21,788,130 for governmental activities. Pension expenditures of \$18,382,359 were recorded in the fund financial statements and were charged to the following funds for the year ended December 31, 2017:

General Fund	\$15,740,269
County Road Fund	1,218,530
Road Machinery Fund	115,560
Sewer Fund	1,308,000

\$18,382,359

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the College (component unit) and the Authority (component unit) recognized pension expense of \$1,805,265 and \$410,910, respectively.

At December 31, 2017, the County reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		ctivities		
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
	Resources Res			Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,267,791	\$	7,682,698
Changes of assumptions		17,284,119	•	-
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on pension plan investments		10,105,296		-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		3,765,802		2,253,141
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		7,382,860		
	_			
	\$	39,805,868	\$	9,935,839

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

At December 31, 2017, the College and the Authority (component units) reported deferred outflows or resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following

	College					Authority								
		Deferred	Deferred			Deferred	Deferred							
	(Outflows of	Inflows of		Inflows of		Inflows of		Inflows of		Outflows of		Inflows of	
	Resources		Resources		Resources		Resources							
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	77,709	\$	470,913	\$	16,430	\$	99,567						
Changes of assumptions		1,059,434	·	-		130,963	·	, <u>-</u>						
Net difference between projected and actual investment						·								
earnings on pension plan investments		619,406		-		223,999		-						
Changes in proportion and differences between employer														
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		230,826		138,107		107,365		4,154						
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		1,178,123				256,410		-						
	\$	3,165,498	\$	609,020	\$	735,167	\$	103,721						

The amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to ERS resulting from accrued contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended March 31, 2018. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to ERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended December 31,	-G	Activities	College		Authority		
2018 2019 2020 2021	\$	10,047,724 10,047,724 9,074,429 (6,682,708)	\$	615,877 615,877 556,219 (409,618)	\$	159,434 159,434 132,617 (76,449)	
	\$	22,487,169	\$	1,378,355	\$	375,036	

ERS Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the March 31, 2017 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2016, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liabilities to March 31, 2017. Significant actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2016 valuation were as follows:

Inflation 2.5%

Salary scale 3.8% indexed by service

Investment rate of return 7.0% compounded annually, net of investment expenses

Cost of living adjustments 1.3% annually

Annuitant mortality rates are based on the April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 ERS's experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2016 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

Asset Class	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
Demonstration and the	4.55.0/	
Domestic equity	4.55 %	
International equity	6.35	
Private equity	7.75	
Real estate	5.80	
Absolute return strategies	4.00	
Opportunistic portfolio	5.89	
Real assets	5.54	
Bonds and mortgages	1.31	
Cash	(0.25)	
Inflation-indexed bonds	1.50	

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.50%.

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at the statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, the ERS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the County and its component units' proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7%, as well as what the County and its component units' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6%) or 1 percentage point higher (8%) than the current rate.

	 1% Decrease (6%)	 Current Assumption (7%)	 1% Increase (8%)
Governmental activities' proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 161,581,189	\$ 50,592,114	\$ (43,248,939)
College's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 9,904,152	\$ 3,101,054	\$ (2,650,953)
Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 2,094,067	\$ 655,666	\$ (560,500)

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The components of the collective net pension liability of ERS as of the March 31, 2017 measurement date were as follows (amounts are in thousands):

Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 	177,400,586 (168,004,363)
Employers' net pension liability	<u>\$</u>	9,396,223
ERS fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability		94.7%

Employer contributions to ERS are paid annually and cover the period through the end of the ERS's fiscal year, which is March 31. Retirement contributions as of December 31, 2017 represent the employer contribution for the period from April 1, 2017 through December 31, 2017 based on prior year ERS wages multiplied by the employers' contribution rate, by tier. Retirement contributions to ERS for the nine months ended December 31, 2017 were \$22,529,726 for governmental activities.

Pension Plans - Component Units

Teachers' Retirement System

The College (component unit) participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS"). This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. TRS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The TRS is governed by a ten-member Board of Trustees, which sets policy and oversees operations consistent with its fiduciary obligations under applicable law. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the Education Law of the State of New York. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The TRS issues a stand-alone financial report which may be found at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12111-2395.

The TRS is noncontributory, except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976 who contribute 3% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute between 3% and 6% depending on salary levels for their entire length of service. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law of the State of New York, actuarially determined employer contributions are established annually for the TRS by its Board of Trustees. The employer contribution rate for the plan's year ending in 2015 was 13.26%

At August 31, 2017, the College reported an asset of \$317,011 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The College's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the College's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined.

At August 31, 2017, the College's proportion was 0.041707%, which was an increase of 0.00962% at August 31, 2016.

For the year ended August 31, 2017, the College recognized pension expense of \$754,582.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

At August 31, 2017, the College reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to TRS from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual investment	\$	260,822 3,225,650	\$	123,599 -
earnings on pension plan investments Changes in proportion and differences between employer		-		746,653
contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		277,773 129,098		587,054 -
	\$	3,893,343	\$	1,457,306

\$129,098 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the College's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2018.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended August 31,	
2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 Thereafter	\$ 30,938 810,986 568,291 109,187 566,514 221,023
	\$ 2,306,939

TRS Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability at the June 30, 2017 measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2017. Total pension liability at the June 30, 2016 measurement date, was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2015, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2016. These actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

NOTE 4 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Inflation

Salary scale	Rates of increase differ bas They have been calculated member experience.	
	Service	Rate
	_	

3 00%

Service	Rate
5	4.72%
15	3.46%
25	2.37%
35	1.90%

S

Projected COLAs Investment rate of return 1.5% compounded annually

7.25% compounded annually, net of pension plan

investment expense, including inflation

Annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2014, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

The actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 to June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice ("ASOP") No. 27, Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS's target asset allocation as of the June 30, 2017 valuation date is summarized below.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity International Equity Real Estate Private equities Domestic fixed income securities Global fixed income securities High-yield fixed income securities Mortgages Short-term	35 % 18 11 8 16 2 1 8	5.9 % 7.4 4.3 9.0 1.6 1.3 3.9 2.8 0.6
	100 %	

^{*} Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.2% for 2017.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The following presents the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the College's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.25%) or one percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate:

	1%		Current	1%
	Decrease	Α	ssumption	Increase
	 (6.25%)		(7.25%)	(8.25%)
College's proportionate				
share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 5,461,163	\$	(317,011)	\$ (5,155,945)

The components of the collective net pension liability of TRS as of the June 30, 2017 measurement date were as follows:

Total pension liability Fiduciary net position	\$ 114,708,261,032 (115,468,360,316)
Employers' net pension liability	\$ (760,099,284)
TRS fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	100.7%

Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association College Retirement Equities Fund

The College participates in the Teachers' Insurance and Annuity Association College Retirement Equities Fund ("TIAA-CREF"). TIAA-CREF is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined contribution pension plan. TIAA-CREF provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members. Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law. TIAA-CREF issues publicly available financial reports that include financial statements and required supplementary information. These reports may be obtained by writing the Teacher's Insurance and Annuity Association - College Retirement Equities Fund, 730 Third Avenue, New York, New York 10017.

TIAA-CREF is a privately operated defined contribution retirement plan which provides benefits to certain employees of the College. Under the plan, the College is required to make contributions based on gross salaries of the participant.

Soil and Water Conservation District

The Soil and Water Conservation District has no full-time employees and, therefore, does not contribute to a retirement plan.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Industrial Development Agency

The Industrial Development Agency reported pension expense of \$15,735.

Other Post-Employment Benefit Obligations Payable

In addition to providing pension benefits, the primary government and its College component unit provide certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single-employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the primary government and its College component unit may vary according to length of service. Substantially all employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for these entities. The cost of retiree health care benefits is recognized as an expenditure/expense as claims are paid.

The County of Rockland plan eligibility for post-employment healthcare plan is age 55 with five years of service. Upon reaching the age of 55, the employee is treated as a retiree. Retiree benefits continue for the life of the retiree. Spousal benefits continue until the death of the retiree, at which point only access to coverage is available. Surviving spouses are permitted to continue coverage under the plan after death of the retiree with a contribution of 100% of the premium, less the Medicare Part B reimbursement if the surviving spouse is Medicare eligible.

The County's other post-employment benefit ("OPEB") cost ("expense") is calculated based on the annual required contribution, ("ARC"), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions* ("GASB 45"). GASB 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be done under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County's annual OPEB cost was \$48,328,812 and the ARC was \$54,151,374.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The County is required to accrue in the government-wide financial statements the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The assumed rate of increase in postretirement benefits is presented below:

Assumed pre-65 medical trend rates at December 31:	
Health care cost trend rates assumed for next fiscal year	7.250%
Rate to which the cost trend rate is assumed to decline (the ultimate trend rate)	3.886%
Fiscal year that the rate reaches the ultimate trend rate	2075
Assumed post-65 medical trend rates at December 31:	
Health care cost trend rates assumed for next fiscal year	6.250%
Rate to which the cost trend rate is assumed to decline (the ultimate trend rate)	3.886%
Fiscal year that the rate reaches the ultimate trend rate	2075
Assumed prescription drug trend rates at December 31:	
Health care cost trend rates assumed for next fiscal year	10.500%
Rate to which the cost trend rate is assumed to decline (the ultimate trend rate)	3.886%
Fiscal year that the rate reaches the ultimate trend rate	2075
Assumed Medicare Part B trend rates at December 31:	
Health care cost trend rates assumed for next fiscal year	4.600%

The actuarial methods and assumptions used for the December 31, 2017 measurement date was as follows:

3.886%

2075

Investment rate of return 5%
Inflation rate 2.25%
Rate of compensation increase N/A
Actuarial cost method Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method Level Dollar
Amortization period (in years) 30

Fiscal year that the rate reaches the ultimate trend rate

Rate to which the cost trend rate is assumed to decline (the ultimate trend rate)

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County's annual OPEB cost was \$45,391,095 for its governmental funds as follows:

General Fund	\$ 41,289,677
County Road Fund	1,971,125
Road Machinery Fund	205,524
Sewer Fund	1,924,769

\$ 45,391,095

For the year ended December 31, 2017, the County's annual OPEB cost for its internal service funds was \$2,937,717 as follows:

General Services Fund	\$	2,898,890
Workers' Compensation Fund		38,827
	Φ.	2,937,717

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The number of participants as of December 31, 2016 was as follows:

Active employees	1,908
Retired employees and dependents	2,475
	4,383

Funding for the plans has been established on a pay-as-you go basis. The County currently has no assets set aside for the purpose of paying post-employment benefits and has no plan for budgeting this cost in the future.

The County's OPEB obligation and the funded status of the plan as of December 31, 2017 is as follows:

	Governmental Funds	Internal Service Funds	Total Primary Government
Actuarial Accrued Liability as of December 31, 2016	\$ 587,975,739	\$ 37,182,769	\$ 625,158,508
Assets at fair value			
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL")	\$ 587,975,739	\$ 37,182,769	\$ 625,158,508
Funded ratio	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 106,663,541	\$ 7,768,366	\$ 114,431,907
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	551.24%	478.64%	546.31%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$ 50,855,794 18,153,425 (23,618,124)	\$ 3,295,580 1,188,797 (1,546,660)	\$ 54,151,374 19,342,222 (25,164,784)
Annual OPEB Cost	45,391,095	2,937,717	48,328,812
Contributions made	(24,497,348)	(1,351,107)	(25,848,455)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	20,893,747	1,586,610	22,480,357
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	363,068,471	23,775,946	386,844,417
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$ 383,962,218	\$ 25,362,556	\$ 409,324,774

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current and preceding two years were as follows:

		% of Annual					
		Annual OPEB	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB			
		Cost	Contributed	Obligation			
Governmental Funds	2017	\$ 45,391,095	53.97 %	\$ 383,962,218			
	2016	56,871,916	43.20	363,068,471			
	2015	40,623,892	31.09	227,615,661			
Internal Service Funds	2017	2,937,717	45.99	25,362,556			
internal Service Funds	2017	3,956,982	40.95	23,775,946			
	2015	3,201,300	38.41	21,439,507			
Enterprise Funds *	2017	-	-	-			
·	2016	-	-	-			
	2015	16,292,985	47.90	103,147,373			
Total Primary Government	2017	48,328,812	53.48	409,324,774			
	2016 2015	60,828,898 60,118,177	43.05 36.06	386,844,417 352,202,541			

^{*} The Hospital Fund was reported within the General Fund starting in 2016 (see Note 2C).

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations Payable - Component Units

Rockland Community College

In addition to providing pension benefits, the College provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The various collective bargaining agreements stipulate the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. Contributions by the College may vary according to length of service. The cost of providing post-employment health care benefits is shared between the College and the retired employee. Substantially all of the College's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the College.

The College's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the ARC, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB 45. GASB 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of the expenses and liabilities for retirees' medical insurance. As a result, reporting of expenses and liabilities will no longer be accounted for under the "pay-as-you-go" approach. Instead of expensing the current year premiums paid, a per capita claims cost will be determined, which will be used to determine a "normal cost", an "actuarial accrued liability", and ultimately the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective.

The College is required to accrue on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets the amounts necessary to finance the plan as actuarially determined, which is equal to the balance not paid by plan members. Funding for the plan has been established on a pay-as-you-go basis. The assumed rate of increase in postretirement benefits and actuarial methods and assumptions are the same as previously disclosed for the County's OPEB plan.

The number of participants as of December 31, 2015 was as follows:

Active employees	393
Retired employees and dependents	505
	898

The College's OPEB obligation and the funded status of the plan for the year ended August 31, 2017 was as follows:

Actuarial Accrued Liability as of December 31, 2015	\$	117,072,409
Assets at fair value		
Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability ("UAAL")	\$	117,072,409
Funded ratio	_	0.00%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	28,347,105
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	_	413.00%
Annual Required Contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$	12,234,443 2,715,983 (3,533,571)
Annual OPEB Cost		11,416,855
Contributions made		(4,294,085)
Increase in net OPEB obligation		7,122,770
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year		54,319,651
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	61,442,421

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

The College's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation for the current year ended August 31, 2017 and two preceding years are as follows:

		% of Annual	
	Annual OPEB	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
	Cost	Contributed	Obligation
		-	
2017	11,416,855	37.61%	61,442,421
2016	10,604,842	35.69%	54,319,651
2015	8,797,219	42.77%	47,499,762

Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations - Solid Waste Authority

Plan Description – In addition to providing pension benefits, the Authority provides certain health care benefits for retired employees through a single employer defined benefit plan. The employee handbook stipulates the employees covered and the percentage of contribution. The cost of providing post-employment health care benefits is shared between the Authority and the retired employee. Substantially all of the Authority's employees may become eligible for those benefits if they have a minimum of five years of service and reach normal retirement age while working for the Authority. There is currently one retiree of the Authority.

Funding Policy - Currently, the Authority's cost of its postemployment benefits program is determined on a pay-as-you-go basis and is, therefore, unfunded. Premiums paid by the Authority on behalf of the current retirees totaled \$30,002 for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation – The Authority's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the ARC. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Authority's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount of premiums actually paid, and changes in the Authority's net OPEB obligation for the year ended December 31, 2017:

ARC and OPEB expense cost	\$ 863,953
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year	 4,552,949
Net OPEB obligation, end of year	\$ 5,416,902

The Authority's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for fiscal years ended December 31, 2017 and 2016 were as follows:

	Annual	% of Annual	
	OPEB	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB
	Cost	Contributed	Obligation
	•		
2017	\$ 893,955	3.36 %	\$ 5,416,902
2016	455,477	0.65	4.552.949

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress – As of December 31, 2017, the Actuarial Accrued Liability ("AAL") for benefits was \$7,096,064 all of which was unfunded. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the Plan) was \$2,570,221 for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 276%.

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations, and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information at the end of this note, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Methods and Assumptions – Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. Actuarial computations under GASB 45 were provided by the Authority's independent actuaries for the year ended December 31, 2017. The following simplifying assumptions were made:

- Retirement Age for Active Employees Based on the historical average retirement age for the covered group according to the New York State Retirement System schedule, active plan members were assumed to retire as early as age fifty-five.
- Marital Status 70% of employees are assumed married. Females are assumed to be three
 years younger than males. Actual spouse coverage information was used for retirees where
 available.
- Mortality Life expectancies were based on RP 2000 mortality tables for Males and Females.
- Turnover and Retirement Incidence The turnover rates were based on the experience
 under the New York State and Local Retirement System as prepared by the Department of
 Civil Service's actuarial consultant in the report titled, Development of Recommended
 Actuarial Assumptions for New York State/SUNY GASB 45 Valuation Tables. These tables
 were used as the basis for developing an expected future working lifetime assumption for
 purposes of allocating to periods the present value of total benefits to be paid.
- Healthcare Cost Trend Rate The expected rate of increase in healthcare insurance premiums was developed using baseline projections of the Society of Actuaries Long-Run Medical Cost Trend Model. A rate of 9.00% initially, reduced to an ultimate rate of 5.00% was used.
- *Health Insurance Premiums* 2017 health insurance premiums for retirees were used as the basis for calculation of the present value of total benefits to be paid.
- Payroll Growth Rate No salary increases were assumed since benefits are not based on compensation.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Based on the historical and expected returns of the Authority's short-term investment portfolio, a discount rate of 3.5% was used. The projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2017 was thirty years.

H. Significant Commitments - Encumbrances

As discussed in Note 3A, Budgetary Data, encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. At December 31, 2017, the amount of encumbrances expected to be honored upon performance by the vendor in the next year were as follows:

Fund	 Amount
General Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ 4,126,630 4,317,382
	\$ 8,444,012

I. Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as the flow of assets, such as cash or goods and services, without the equivalent flow of assets in return. The interfund transfers reflected below have been reflected as transfers in within the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance for the year ended December 31, 2017:

	Transfers Out						
Transfers In	Capital General Projects Fund Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds			Total	
Governmental Activities General Fund Non-Major Governmental Funds	\$ - 63,750,718	\$	363,342 840,001	\$	3,516,000 12,489,076	\$	3,879,342 77,079,795
	\$ 63,750,718	\$	1,203,343	\$	16,005,076	\$	80,959,137

Transfers are used to 1) move funds from the General Fund finance various capital projects and programs accounted for in other fund and the Enterprise Fund, 2) to move amounts earmarked in the operating funds to fulfill commitments for Debt Service fund expenditures and 3) to move in excess funds from the various funds to the General Fund.

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

J. Net Position

The components of net position are detailed below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - the component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unexpended proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted for Capital Projects - the component of net position that reports the amounts restricted for capital projects, exclusive of unexpended bond proceeds and unrestricted interest earnings.

Restricted for Law Enforcement - the component of net position that represents the unexpended balance of the forfeiture of seized crime properties to be used pursuant to a State directive in the subsequent fiscal year for law enforcement purposes.

Restricted for Section 8 Housing - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Section 8 Housing department which is used to account for resources received and used for housing assistance payments.

Restricted for Debt Service - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Debt Service Fund with constraints placed on their use by Local Finance Law.

Restricted for Student Loans - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds to provide loans to students, pursuant to grant agreements.

Restricted for Environmental Programs - the component of net position that represents funds restricted for a specific purpose under the granting agency and in accordance with the policy of the New York State Soil and Water Conservation Law.

Restricted for Scholarships and Student Services - the component of net position that has been established through external restrictions imposed by contributors.

Restricted for Permanent Endowments - the component of net position that has been established through external restrictions imposed by contributors.

Restricted for Special Revenue Funds - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of the Special Revenue Funds with constraints placed on their use by General Municipal Law.

Restricted for Community Development - the component of net position that has been established to set aside funds for Community Development, pursuant to grant agreements.

Restricted for Sewer - the component of net position that represents funds restricted for specific purposes under New York State law or by external parties and/or statutes.

Restricted for Trusts - the component of net position that reports the difference between assets and liabilities of certain programs with constraints placed on their use by either external parties and/or statute.

Unrestricted - all other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

K. Fund Balance

Fund balances as presented in the governmental funds balance sheet were as follows as of December 31, 2017:

	2017			
		Capital	Non-Major	
	General	Projects	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Prepaid expenditures	\$ 6,379,565	\$ -	\$ 680,410	\$ 7,059,975
Long-term receivable	8,396,527	· <u>-</u>	· -	8,396,527
Total Nonspendable	14,776,092		680,410	15,456,502
Producted				
Restricted	0.070.500			2 070 520
Law enforcement	3,079,532	-	-	3,079,532
Section 8	211,568	-	-	211,568
E911	1,651,424	-	-	1,651,424
Trusts	-	-	24,015	24,015
Debt Service	1,341,287	-	11,058,413	12,399,700
Capital Projects		62,482,371		62,482,371
Total Restricted	6,283,811	62,482,371	11,082,428	79,848,610
Committed Designated for treatment plant and			4 500 404	4 500 404
development			1,560,191	1,560,191
Assigned Purchases on order:	400 440			400 440
General Government Support	489,410	-	-	489,410
Public Safety	1,093,814	-	-	1,093,814
Health	1,944,626	-	<u>-</u>	1,944,626
Transportation	74,565	-	69,098	143,663
Economic opportunity and				
development	524,215	-	-	524,215
Home and community services			4,248,284	4,248,284
	4,126,630		4,317,382	8,444,012
Subsequent year's				
expenditures	1,358,980	-	5,696,885	7,055,865
Transportation projects	-	2,223,657	-	2,223,657
Road Machinery Fund	-	-	620,173	620,173
Sewer Fund	_	_	16,584,597	16,584,597
Total Assigned	5,485,610	2,223,657	27,219,037	34,928,304
Ğ				
Unassigned				
Unassigned	6,257,861		(13,020)	6,244,841
Total Unassigned	6,257,861		(13,020)	6,244,841
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 32,803,374	\$ 64,706,028	\$ 40,529,046	\$ 138,038,448

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Fund balances as presented in the governmental funds balance sheet were as follows as of December 31, 2016:

	2016			
	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable Prepaid expenditures Long-term receivable Total Nonspendable	\$ 5,412,252 8,654,082 14,066,334	\$ - -	\$ 600,900	\$ 6,013,152 8,654,082 14,667,234
·				· ·
Restricted Law enforcement	3,775,661			3,775,661
Section 8	247,717	_	_	247,717
E911	1,563,865	_	_	1,563,865
Trusts	-	_	23,908	23,908
Debt Service	2,102,303	_	9,731,157	11,833,460
Capital Projects	-,:0=,000	81,250,283	-	81,250,283
Total Restricted	7,689,546	81,250,283	9,755,065	98,694,894
Committed Designated for treatment plant and development			2,033,291	2,033,291
Assigned				
Purchases on order:				
Transportation	-	-	7,182	7,182
Home and community services			1,858,300	1,858,300
			1,865,482	1,865,482
Subsequent year's expenditures		- 2,223,657	5,770,160	5,770,160 2,223,657
Transportation projects Road Machinery Fund	-	2,223,037	634,791	634,791
Sewer Fund	_	_	18,191,547	18,191,547
Total Assigned		2,223,657	26,461,980	28,685,637
Unassigned Subsequent year's				
expenditures Purchases on order:	2,093,825	-	-	2,093,825
General Government Support	183,994	-	-	183,994
Public Safety	829,963	-	-	829,963
Health	353,117	-	-	353,117
Transportation Economic opportunity and	34,627	-	-	34,627
development	502,481	-	(E22.070)	502,481 (8.554.435)
Unassigned	(8,030,456)		(523,979)	(8,554,435)
Total Unassigned	(4,032,449)		(523,979)	(4,556,428)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$ 17,723,431	\$ 83,473,940	\$ 38,327,257	\$ 139,524,628

NOTE 4 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Continued)

Prepaid Expenditures has been established to account for employee retirement and other payments made in advance. The reserve indicates that these funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of current assets.

Long-Term Receivable represent funds set aside to indicate the long-term nature of taxes receivable collected for other governments. These funds are not "available" for appropriation or expenditure even though they are a component of fund balance.

Assigned - This assignment of fund balance represents surplus monies received for transportation and sewer projects, which are to be used to fund transportation and sewer capital project costs.

Transportation Projects – This assignment of fund balance represents surplus monies received for transportation projects, which are to be used to fund transportation capital project costs.

Treatment Plant and Development - This commitment, established by the County Legislature, represents collected assessment fees to be used for future expansion and/or upgrade of the Treatment Plant and Collection System.

Purchases on order are assigned and represent the County's intention to honor contracts in process at year-end. The subsequent year's appropriations will be amended to provide authority to complete the transactions.

Subsequent Year's Expenditures - Sewer District and Debt Service Funds. At December 31, 2017, the County Legislature has utilized \$3,050,885 of the fund balance of the Sewer District Fund and \$2,646,000 of the fund balance of the Debt Service Fund to be appropriated for the ensuing year's budget.

Unassigned

Purchases on order and amounts designated for subsequent years budget in the General Fund are reflected within unassigned fund balance to indicate that the County cannot assign fund balance when an unassigned deficit exists.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The County is a party to lawsuits involving claims of personal injury, wrongful death, negligence, property disputes, breach of contract and civil rights violations. The County is self-insured for general liability claims to the extent disclosed below. The County Attorney has indicated that he is not aware of any such action which would have a significant adverse impact on the County's financial condition.

The County receives numerous notices of claims for damages occurring generally from alleged negligence and civil rights violations. The filing of such notice of claim commences a statutory period for initiating judicial action. The County Attorney has indicated that he is not aware of any such action which would have a significant adverse impact on the County's financial condition.

The County is defendant in numerous pending tax certiorari proceedings, the results of which cannot be determined at this time. Any future refunds resulting from adverse settlements will be funded in the year payments are made.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

B. Risk Management

Liability Claims

The County is currently self-insured for general liability, property damage and medical malpractice claims. In addition, the County maintains a commercial insurance policy, with coverage up \$40 million. The County claims administrator has reviewed the status of all incurred and incurred but not reported cases and believes that the amounts accrued within the Internal Service Funds are sufficient. Conventional insurance is not purchased for catastrophic losses.

Workers' Compensation

The County, as the predominant entity, and certain towns and villages within the County are participants in a County-wide workers' compensation program. Premiums are assessed on each participant based upon a formula involving payroll and the actual historical claims experience of such participant. Costs relating to the litigation of claims are charged to expenses as incurred. The County has secured conventional insurance coverage for individual losses in excess of \$1,000,000. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Unemployment Benefits

The County is self-insured for claims arising from unemployment benefit cases.

Component Units

Rockland County Community College

The College is one of six participants in the Rockland County Workers' Compensation Self Insurance Plan, a risk sharing pool, administered by the County, to insure workers' compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5, Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to workers' compensation claims. The College is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets and natural disasters. These risks are covered by a County-wide self-insurance program supplemented by commercial insurance purchased by the County that extends coverage to the College. The self-insured retention under these policies is \$1,150,000.

Soil and Water Conservation District

The County provides insurance for the district's general liability and auto liability policies.

Solid Waste Management Authority

The Authority purchases various conventional insurance coverages to reduce its exposure to loss. The Authority maintains general liability insurance coverage with a policy limit of \$3 million. The auto policy provides coverage up to \$1 million and the pollution liability policy provides coverage up to \$10 million. The Authority also maintains an umbrella policy with coverage up to \$10 million. The Authority purchases conventional workers' compensation insurance with coverage at statutory limits. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. The Authority also purchases conventional health insurance.

NOTE 5 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Continued)

C. Contingencies

The County and the College participate in various Federal grant programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits pursuant to the Single Audit Act. This audit is currently in process and the report will be issued under separate cover. Accordingly, the County and the College's compliance with applicable grant requirements will be established at a future date. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the entities anticipate such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

In July 2014, the County selected a potential purchaser (the "purchaser") to purchase Summit Park Nursing Care Center. The County and the purchaser were unable to complete the sale. In December 2015, a claim was filed against the County by the purchaser that claimed breach of contract by the County. The claim from the purchaser is requesting that the escrow provided for the sale by the purchaser be returned as well as additional monetary fees for damages caused by the County. The County has not recorded a liability for this contingency.

D. Cash and Investment Restrictions

Upon issuance of the serial bonds, the indentures for the Authority required establishment of a restricted cash balance of \$4,441,932 in 2017, which is maintained with the trustee of the bonds. In addition, at December 31, 2017, the trustee held \$4,759,623 for the purchase and construction of facilities. These amounts, totaling \$9,201,555 for 2017, have been reflected as restricted cash and investments in the statement of net position.

E. Debt Covenants

At December 31, 2017, the Authority was in compliance with the debt and revenue ratios required under the covenants of the seven bonds outstanding at that date.

NOTE 6 – TAX ABATEMENT AGREEMENTS

The County, through the Agency, to attract and/or maintain companies in the County, has the ability to induce developers with real estate tax, sales tax and/or mortgage tax abatements as part of a payment in lieu of taxes ("PILOT"). The Agency is authorized to enter into PILOT agreements under Real Property Tax Law, Section 412-a and General Municipal Law, Section 874. The total tax abatement for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$1,203,385, which contained several amounts that are determined not to be material.

NOTE 7 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The County, on May 4, 2018, issued various purpose serial bonds in the amount of \$54,420,000. The bonds mature annually through 2048 with interest rates ranging from 3% to 5%, depending on maturity.

Also in May 2018, the County issued tax anticipation notes in the amount of \$60,000,000. The tax anticipation note matures on April 2, 2019 and bears interest of 3%.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Funding Progress Other Post-Employment Benefits (Unaudited)

|--|

Actu	uarial	<u> </u>				Unfunded			Unfunded Liability as a
Valuation Date		ue of sets		Accrued Liability		Actuarial Accrued Liability	Funded Ratio	 Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
Governmental Activities									
January 1, 2015	\$	-	\$	513,780,142	\$	513,780,142	- %	\$ 111,141,067	462.28 %
January 1, 2016		-		751,341,630		751,341,630	-	117,596,646	638.91
January 1, 2017		-		625,158,508		625,158,508	-	114,431,907	546.31
Business-type Activities									
January 1, 2015		-		199,031,253		199,031,253	-	20,253,183	982.72
January 1, 2016		-		-		-	-	-	-
January 1, 2017		-		-		-	-	-	-
Component Unit - College									
January 1, 2013		-		91,501,827		91,501,827	-	26,056,536	351.17
January 1, 2014		-		122,275,693		122,275,693	-	26,939,579	453.89
January 1, 2015		-		117,072,409		117,072,409	-	28,347,105	413.00
Component Unit - Solid Waste	<u>e</u>								
December 31, 2011		-		2,117,542		2,117,542	-	2,223,909	95.22
December 31, 2014		-		3,258,078		3,258,078	-	2,233,702	145.86
December 31, 2017		-		7,096,064		7,096,064	-	2,570,221	276.09

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions (Unaudited) New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

2017									
		Business-	Compone	nt Units					
	Governmental Activities	Type Activities (A)	College	Solid Waste					
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 27,880,071	\$ -	\$ 1,751,000	\$ 341,880					
contractually required contribution	(27,880,071)		(1,751,000)	(341,880)					
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Covered payroll	\$ 129,969,761	\$ -	\$ 11,829,000	\$ 2,309,259					
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	21.45%		14.80%	14.80%					
	2016 (2)								
	Governmental	Business-	Compone	omponent Units					
	Activities	Type Activities (A)	College	Solid Waste					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 27,880,071	\$ -	\$ 2,027,152	\$ 322,880					
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(27,880,071)		(2,027,152)	(322,880)					
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Covered payroll	\$ 117,596,647	\$ 25,935,453	\$ 10,976,860	\$ 2,108,204					
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	23.71%		18.47%	15.32%					
		201	15						
		Business-	Compone	nt Units					
	Governmental Activities	Type Activities (A)	College	Solid Waste					
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 24,781,740	\$ 5,412,290	\$ 2,234,313	\$ 344,675					
contractually required contribution	(24,781,740)	(5,412,290)	(2,234,313)	(344,675)					
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Covered payroll	\$ 119,879,978	\$ 25,935,453	\$ 11,158,893	\$ 2,074,031					
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	20.67%	20.87%	20.02%	16.62%					

⁽A) Home and Infirmary Fund (Enterprise Fund)

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions.

⁽²⁾ In 2016, the County determined the Home and Infirmary Fund was no longer operating as an enterprise fund. Therefore, the Home and Infirmary Fund was closed and transferred to the General Fund.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Unaudited) New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2017								
				Business-		Compon	nent Units		
	Governmental Activities			Type Activities (A)	College		Solid Waste		
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.5384303%				0.0330030%		0.0069780%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	50,592,114	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	3,101,054	\$	655,666	
Covered payroll	\$	129,969,761	\$	-	\$	11,829,000	\$	2,309,259	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		38.93%	\$	-		26.22%		28.39%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a									
percentage of the total pension liability	_	94.70%	\$		_	94.70%	_	94.70%	
				2016 ((2)(3)			
				Business-		Compon	ent l	Inits	
	G	overnmental		Туре		0 "			
Proportion of the net		Activities		Activities (A)		College		olid Waste	
pension liability (asset)		0.5879002%	_		_	0.0427460%		0.0067157%	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	94,481,233	\$		\$	6,860,860	\$	1,077,890	
Covered payroll	\$	117,596,647	\$		\$	10,515,104	\$	2,108,204	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		80.34%	\$			65.25%		51.13%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a	_	30.0170	<u> </u>		_	00.2070		01.1070	
percentage of the total pension liability		90.70%	\$			90.70%		90.70%	
		2015							
				Business-		Compon	nent Units		
Proportion of the net		overnmental Activities		Type Activities (A)		College		solid Waste	
pension liability (asset) Proportionate share of the		0.5033461%	_	0.1099300%		0.0453815%		0.0069737%	
net pension liability (asset)	\$	17,004,265	\$	3,713,703	\$	1,533,098	\$	235,590	
Covered payroll	\$	124,270,918	\$	27,134,068	\$	11,015,678	\$	1,993,476	
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		13.68%		13.69%		13.92%		11.82%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		97.90%		97.90%		97.90%		97.90%	
ps. ss. rage of the total periodiff hability	_	37.0070	_	57.5570	_	31.0070		37.0070	

(A) Home and Infirmary Fund (Enterprise Fund)

Note - The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the March 31 measurement date within the current fiscal year.

- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.
- (2) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 7.5% to 7% effective with the March 31, 2016 measurement date.
- (3) In 2016, the County determined the Home and Infirmary Fund was no longer operating as an enterprise fund. Therefore, the Home and Infirmary Fund was closed and transferred to the General Fund.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of Contributions (Unaudited) New York State Teachers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	 2017	2016	2015	
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the	\$ 775,000	\$ 656,552	\$ 975,048	
contractually required contribution	 (775,000)	 (656,552)	 (975,048)	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	
Covered payroll	\$ 6,609,000	\$ 6,393,539	\$ 5,562,170	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.73%	10.27%	17.53%	

Note - The amounts presented in this table are for the College (component unit).

⁽¹⁾ Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.

Required Supplementary Information - Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (Unaudited) New York State Teachers' Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years (1)

	2017	2016 (2)	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.041707%	0.032087%	0.037028%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ (317,011)	\$ 343,667	\$ (3,846,072)
Covered payroll	\$ 6,609,000	\$ 5,603,745	\$ 5,562,170
Proportionate share of the net pension			
liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll	(4.80)%	6.13%	(69.15)%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	100.70%	99.01%	110.46%

- Note The amounts presented in this table are for the College (component unit). The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the June 30 measurement date of the prior fiscal year.
- (1) Data not available prior to fiscal year 2015 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*.
- (2) The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was decreased from 8% to 7.5% effective with the June 30, 2016 measurement date.

SUPPLEMENTARY
INFORMATION COMBINING AND
INDIVIDUAL FUND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SCHEDULES

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the County in that it includes all revenues and expenditures not required by law to be accounted for in other funds.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

The Capital Projects Fund is utilized to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

General Fund Comparative Balance Sheets December 31,

ACCETC	2017	2016
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 38,695,395	\$ 32,396,250
Taxes receivable		
Tax liens	36,882,879	40,663,910
Tax installments Returned school and village taxes	7,923,410 27,936,359	7,456,747 27,335,206
Returned School and Village taxes	72,742,648	75,455,863
		, ,
Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(3,380,059)	(3,539,716)
Other receivables	69,362,589	71,916,147
Accounts, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts	40,072,322	44,050,902
State and Federal aid, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts	48,590,024	40,432,280
Due from other governments	8,115,054	8,675,997
	96,777,400	93,159,179
Prepaid expenditures	6,379,565	5,412,252
Total Assets	\$ 211,214,949	\$ 202,883,828
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 28,581,029	\$ 22,960,898
Accrued liabilities	7,551,000	18,424,334
Due to other governments	9,658,143	9,186,015
Due to school districts Due to other funds	55,112,624 1,284,311	54,916,693 2,413,498
Unearned revenues	1,994,325	2,338,433
Tax anticipation note payable	60,000,000	60,000,000
Total Liabilities	164,181,432	170,239,871
Deferred inflows of resources		
Deferred tax revenues	14,230,143	14,920,526
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	178,411,575	185,160,397
Fund balance (deficit)		
Nonspendable	14,776,092	14,066,334
Restricted	6,283,811	7,689,546
Assigned Unassigned	5,485,610 6,257,861	(4,032,449)
Onassigned	0,237,001	(4,032,443)
Total Fund Balance	32,803,374	17,723,431
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of		
Resources and Fund Balance	\$ 211,214,949	\$ 202,883,828

General Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

				20)17			
REVENUES	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual		/ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Real property taxes	\$	120,015,000	\$	120,015,000	\$	120,966,743	\$	951,743
Other tax items	Ψ.	12,586,000	•	12,819,945	*	12,540,389	*	(279,556)
Non-property taxes		211,500,000		211,800,305		217,993,399		6,193,094
Departmental income		33,122,215		34,960,483		34,409,543		(550,940)
Use of money and property		300,000		300,000		742,554		442,554
Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures		1,910,000 674,000		1,945,000 674,000		1,819,788 1,537,288		(125,212) 863,288
Sale of property and compensation for loss		3,200		3,200		65,613		62,413
Interfund revenues		24,441,425		24,441,425		26,189,206		1,747,781
State aid		69,270,095		78,981,805		72,948,034		(6,033,771)
Federal aid		50,167,280		54,461,972		50,972,372		(3,489,600)
Miscellaneous		476,000		18,475,993		2,208,876		(16,267,117)
Total Revenues		524,465,215		558,879,128		542,393,805		(16,485,323)
EXPENDITURES Current								
General government support		77,140,403		87,048,344		80,091,454		6,956,890
Education		51,021,505		51,021,505		54,820,250		(3,798,745)
Public safety		79,332,132		82,879,963		80,083,980		2,795,983
Health		35,604,802		55,452,535		49,690,796		5,761,739
Transportation		29,368,877		29,368,877		28,411,803		957,074
Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation		164,328,707 9,965		164,736,448 286,443		158,061,501 278,593		6,674,947 7,850
Home and community services		4,674,400		5,538,710		5,185,841		352,869
Employee benefits		13,225,000		13,225,000		14,835,373		(1,610,373)
Debt service		. 0,220,000		.0,==0,000		,000,0.0		(1,010,010)
Interest		1,174,000	_	1,174,000	_	1,173,333	_	667
Total Expenditures		455,879,791	_	490,731,825		472,632,924		18,098,901
Excess of Revenues Over								
Expenditures		68,585,424	_	68,147,303	_	69,760,881		1,613,578
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance premium		900,000		900,000		597,000		(303,000)
New York State loan		1,676,000		1,676,000		-		(1,676,000)
Transfers in Transfers out		4,305,510		4,305,510		3,879,342		(426,168)
Transiers out		(78,692,935)	_	(81,286,835)		(63,750,718)		17,536,117
Total Other Financing Source (Uses)		(71,811,425)		(74,405,325)	_	(59,274,376)		15,130,949
Net Change in Fund Balance		(3,226,001)		(6,258,022)		10,486,505		16,744,527
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year, as reported		3,226,001		6,258,022		17,723,431		11,465,409
Prior Period Adjustment (Note 3E)		-		-		4,593,438		4,593,438
Beginning of Year, as restated		3,226,001		6,258,022	_	22,316,869		16,058,847
End of Year	\$	<u>-</u> _	\$		\$	32,803,374	\$	32,803,374

	2016										
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)							
\$	118,629,010 12,600,000 206,900,000 29,895,325 125,000 1,945,000 566,100 4,003,000 25,394,925 79,490,995 50,823,225 633,000	\$ 118,629,010 12,600,000 206,900,000 38,064,505 189,000 1,945,000 566,100 4,003,000 25,396,625 83,918,485 55,487,094 23,891,615	\$ 117,807,368 12,315,637 216,048,696 49,015,402 449,668 1,640,827 1,318,166 85,762 25,081,046 71,732,141 53,765,401 1,315,482	\$ (821,642) (284,363) 9,148,696 10,950,897 260,668 (304,173) 752,066 (3,917,238) (315,579) (12,186,344) (1,721,693) (22,576,133)							
	531,005,580	571,590,434	550,575,596	(21,014,838)							
	73,776,590	92,753,749	84,220,830	8,532,919							
	58,530,863	58,530,863	51,223,270	7,307,593							
	74,851,565	77,059,452	76,601,763	457,689							
	35,764,772	53,827,861	50,729,442	3,098,419							
	29,049,760	29,088,420	27,378,130	1,710,290							
	164,172,553	165,647,330	164,896,076	751,254							
	341,054	449,410	314,425	134,985							
	5,912,827	5,932,186	5,466,830	465,356							
	14,150,000	14,150,000	13,786,265	363,735							
	1,190,000	1,190,000	1,190,000								
	457,739,984	498,629,271	475,807,031	22,822,240							
	73,265,596	72,961,163	74,768,565	1,807,402							
	900,000 1,200,000	900,000 1,200,000	654,413 -	(245,587) (1,200,000)							
	5,640,160	5,678,820	5,273,000	(405,820)							
	(88,472,320)	(92,034,781)	(73,075,555)	18,959,226							
	(80,732,160)	(84,255,961)	(67,148,142)	17,107,819							
	(7,466,564)	(11,294,798)	7,620,423	18,915,221							
	7,466,564	11,294,798	10,103,008	(1,191,790)							
	-	-	-	-							
	7,466,564	11,294,798	10,103,008	(1,191,790)							
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 17,723,431	\$ 17,723,431							
_		<u> </u>	. , ==1:::								

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget Year Ended December 31, 2017 (With Comparative Actuals for 2016)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2016 Actual
REAL PROPERTY TAXES	\$ 120,015,000	\$ 120,015,000	\$ 120,966,743	\$ 951,743	\$ 117,807,368
OTHER TAX ITEMS					
Interest and penalties on real property taxes	11,000,000	11,000,000	10,862,650	(137,350)	10,862,627
Gain on sale of tax acquired property	700,000	933,945	619,885	(314,060)	514,552
STAR renunciation	-	-	(145,531)	(145,531)	52,629
Payments in lieu of taxes	886,000	886,000	1,203,385	317,385	885,829
Total Other Tax Items	12,586,000	12,819,945	12,540,389	(279,556)	12,315,637
NON-PROPERTY TAXES					
Sales and use tax	193,600,000	193,900,305	199,115,739	5,215,434	198,017,776
Mortgage tax	4,900,000	4,900,000	5,199,083	299,083	5,197,772
E-911 surcharge	1,250,000	1,250,000	1,311,551	61,551	1,279,522
Hotel/Motel occupancy tax	1,400,000	1,400,000	1,486,320	86,320	1,502,377
Residential energy use tax	8,600,000	8,600,000	9,078,819	478,819	8,287,928
Motor vehicle use tax	1,750,000	1,750,000	1,801,887	51,887	1,763,321
Total Non-Property Taxes	211,500,000	211,800,305	217,993,399	6,193,094	216,048,696
DEPARTMENTAL INCOME					
General government support	10.561.665	10.802.983	11.071.024	268.041	10.645.878
Public safety	1,731,000	1,781,696	1,770,588	(11,108)	1,841,464
Health	5,311,000	6,761,000	5,227,151	(1,533,849)	19,377,435
Transportation	8,481,000	8,481,000	7,973,094	(507,906)	8,093,462
Economic opportunity and development	4,749,000	4,749,000	5,389,196	640,196	6,091,890
Home and community services	45,000	45,000	29,018	(15,982)	25,042
Employee benefits	2,243,550	2,339,804	2,949,472	609,668	2,940,231
Total Departmental Income	33,122,215	34,960,483	34,409,543	(550,940)	49,015,402

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2017 (With Comparative Actuals for 2016)

		Original Budget		Final Budget	 Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2016 Actual
USE OF MONEY AND PROPERTY Earnings on investments Rental of real property	\$	200,000 100,000	\$	200,000 100,000	\$ 661,979 80,575	\$	461,979 (19,425)	\$ 245,792 203,876
Total Use of Money and Property		300,000		300,000	 742,554		442,554	 449,668
LICENSES AND PERMITS Licenses Alarm charges		1,190,000 720,000		1,190,000 755,000	 1,048,513 771,275		(141,487) 16,275	914,067 726,760
Total Licenses and Permits		1,910,000		1,945,000	 1,819,788		(125,212)	 1,640,827
FINES AND FORFEITURES Fines Forfeitures		671,000 3,000		671,000 3,000	 1,039,399 497,889		368,399 494,889	 1,098,812 219,354
Total Fines and Forfeitures		674,000		674,000	 1,537,288		863,288	 1,318,166
SALE OF PROPERTY AND COMPENSATION FOR LOSS Other sales Insurance recoveries Total Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	_	2,200 1,000 3,200	_	2,200 1,000 3,200	 63,752 1,861 65,613	_	61,552 861 62,413	 59,207 26,555 85,762
INTERFUND REVENUES Liability and health insurance Interfund revenues - Central services Community College Fund Total Interfund Revenues	_	360,625 10,763,400 13,317,400 24,441,425		360,625 10,763,400 13,317,400 24,441,425	 360,600 10,833,464 14,995,142 26,189,206		(25) 70,064 1,677,742 1,747,781	 362,040 10,932,741 13,786,265 25,081,046
		24,441,425		24,441,425	 26,189,206		1,747,761	 25,081,046
STATE AID General government support Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Culture and recreation		422,000 2,019,935 29,434,760 15,390,000 21,918,400 85,000		461,630 4,131,407 36,815,587 15,390,000 22,098,181 85,000	418,897 3,162,414 35,510,207 15,893,798 17,847,339 115,379		(42,733) (968,993) (1,305,380) 503,798 (4,250,842) 30,379	443,184 3,227,689 32,589,579 14,783,316 20,552,799 135,574
Total State Aid		69,270,095	_	78,981,805	 72,948,034	_	(6,033,771)	 71,732,141

(Continued)

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County of Rockland, New York

General Fund Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Compared to Budget (Continued) Year Ended December 31, 2017 (With Comparative Actuals for 2016)

FEDERAL AID		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	 2016 Actual
General government support Public safety Health Transportation Economic opportunity and development Home and community services	\$	1,234,280 598,000 75,000 4,665,000 43,425,000 170,000	\$	1,235,106 1,471,326 3,306,715 4,665,000 43,568,073 215,752	\$	866,985 1,583,014 4,821,634 4,166,814 39,345,503 188,422	\$	(368,121) 111,688 1,514,919 (498,186) (4,222,570) (27,330)	\$ 859,050 1,721,858 4,516,903 4,318,126 42,122,383 227,081
Total Federal Aid		50,167,280		54,461,972		50,972,372		(3,489,600)	 53,765,401
MISCELLANEOUS Refund of prior year's expenditures OTB distributed earnings Other Total Miscellaneous		20,000 300,000 156,000 476,000	_	20,000 300,000 18,155,993 18,475,993		74,447 247,654 1,886,775 2,208,876	_	54,447 (52,346) (16,269,218) (16,267,117)	 232,621 258,948 823,913 1,315,482
TOTAL REVENUES	-	524,465,215	_	558,879,128	-	542,393,805	_	(16,485,323)	 550,575,596
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Issuance premium New York State Ioan Transfers in Debt Service Fund		900,000 1,676,000 3,516,000		900,000 1,676,000 3,516,000		597,000 - 3.516,000		(303,000) (1,676,000)	654,413 - 4,959,000
Rockland Tobacco Asset Securitization Corp. Capital Projects Fund		789,510		789,510		363,342		- (426,168)	 150,000 164,000
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		6,881,510		6,881,510		4,476,342		(2,405,168)	5,927,413
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$	531,346,725	\$	565,760,638	\$	546,870,147	\$	(18,890,491)	\$ 556,503,009

General Fund Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget Year Ended December 31, 2017 (With Comparative Actuals for 2016)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		2016 Actual
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SUPPORT	•	4 400 070	Φ.	4 202 522	Φ.	4 404 040	Φ.	000 077	•	4.000.040
Legislative Branch	\$	4,422,270	\$	4,393,520	\$	4,161,243	\$	232,277	\$	4,026,249
County Executive Youth Bureau		3,584,680		3,584,122		3,533,679		50,443		3,434,892
		1,813,509		1,884,582		1,881,069		3,513		1,820,696
Community Development Program		1,817,080		1,817,080		1,500,411		316,669		1,651,220
District Attorney		10,646,167		12,035,961		12,084,385		(48,424)		11,380,954
Public Defender		3,775,595		5,118,067		4,334,941		783,126		4,431,222
Assigned Counsel		1,345,000		1,345,000		1,398,777		(53,777)		1,344,999
Medical Examiner		1,714,100		1,720,580		1,639,714		80,866		1,554,096
Department of Budget and Finance		8,695,315		8,559,137		7,325,326		1,233,811		9,201,331
Department of Records		4,565,540		4,605,170		4,647,321		(42,151)		4,606,212
Department of Law		3,573,103		3,451,978		3,139,111		312,867		2,892,889
Department of Personnel		5,516,784		5,516,784		5,088,065		428,719		5,480,741
Board of Elections		3,677,790		3,678,616		3,601,575		77,041		3,771,414
Other General Departments		6,726,365		14,630,077		12,005,706		2,624,371		14,223,728
Department of Insurance		572,105		572,105		555,740		16,365		633,972
Revenue Sharing - Sales tax		12,645,000		12,645,000		13,057,733		(412,733)		12,915,611
Contingent fund		2,050,000		1,430,565		76,658		1,353,907		788,980
Department of Tourism		-		-		-		-		1,764
Contract Agencies - General Government Support		-		60,000		60,000	_	-		59,860
Total General Government Support		77,140,403		87,048,344		80,091,454		6,956,890		84,220,830
EDUCATION										
Community College - Tuition		1,800,000		1,800,000		2,154,394		(354,394)		1,754,120
Contribution to Community College Fund		17,129,505		17,129,505		17,129,501		4		16,978,253
Education of handicapped children		32,092,000		32,092,000		35,536,355		(3,444,355)		32,490,897
Total Education		51,021,505		51,021,505		54,820,250		(3,798,745)		51,223,270

(Continued)

General Fund
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2017
(With Comparative Actuals for 2016)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		dariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		2016 Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY Office of the Sheriff	\$	29,273,479	\$	31,687,751	\$	30,909,497	\$	778,254	\$	28,583,971
Correctional Facility	φ	35,827,874	Φ	36,013,543	φ	34,679,186	φ	1,334,357	Φ	33,901,773
Narcotics task force		2,834,440		2,963,779		2,916,015		47,764		2,921,474
Probation Department		6,476,485		6,577,656		6,530,191		47,465		6,493,691
Department of Fire and Emergency Services		3,987,655		4,540,035		4,135,111		404,924		3,945,370
E-911 telephone system		932,199		1,052,199		868,980		183,219		710,659
Contract Agencies - Public Safety		-		45,000		45,000		-		44,825
Total Public Safety		79,332,132		82,879,963		80,083,980		2,795,983		76,601,763
HEALTH										
Department of Health		24,290,377		30,356,586		26,245,366		4,111,220		28,070,856
Department of Mental Health		1,200,000		13,837,675		12,462,876		1,374,799		12,046,320
Contracted mental health services		10,114,425		11,102,274		10,826,554		275,720		10,376,892
Contracted health services		-		156,000		156,000				235,374
Total Health		35,604,802		55,452,535		49,690,796		5,761,739		50,729,442
TRANSPORTATION										
Public transportation		29,368,877		29,368,877		28,411,803		957,074		27,378,130
ECONOMIC OPPORTUNITY AND DEVELOPMENT										
Department of Social Services		58,335,575		58,603,429		54,245,806		4,357,623		56,358,676
Social Services Program Grants		97,357,000		97,357,000		95,528,470		1,828,530		100,627,659
Veterans' Service Agency		538,795		667,682		669,012		(1,330)		573,764
Consumer Protection		2,039,133		2,039,133		2,021,447		17,686		2,006,588
Office of the Aging		6,058,204		6,058,204		5,585,766		472,438		5,255,691
Contract Agencies - Economic Opportunity and Development		-	_	11,000		11,000				73,698
Total Economic Opportunity and Development		164,328,707		164,736,448		158,061,501		6,674,947		164,896,076
CULTURE AND RECREATION										
County Historian		9,965		9,965		9,967		(2)		10,163
Contract Agencies - Culture and Recreation			_	276,478		268,626		7,852		304,262
Total Culture and Recreation		9,965		286,443		278,593		7,850		314,425
										(Continued)

(Continued)

General Fund
Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses Compared to Budget (Continued)
Year Ended December 31, 2017
(With Comparative Actuals for 2016)

HOME AND COMMUNITY SERVICES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	2016 Actual
Department of Planning	\$ 2,037,415	\$ 2,037,815	\$ 1,963,422	\$ 74,393	\$ 1,891,129
Commission of Human Rights	378,445	424,197	344,627	79,570	479,051
Commissioner of Labor	24,455	24,455	24,634	(179)	24,381
Department of Environmental Resources	2,234,085	2,234,085	2,035,002	199,083	2,078,680
Contract Agencies - Home and Community Services		818,158	818,156	2	993,589
Total Home and Community Services	4,674,400	5,538,710	5,185,841	352,869	5,466,830
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS - UNDISTRIBUTED					
Retirement - RCC	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,120,642	(120,642)	2,024,812
Hospital & Medical Insurance - RCC	11,225,000	11,225,000	12,714,731	(1,489,731)	11,761,453
Total Employee Benefits - RCC	13,225,000	13,225,000	14,835,373	(1,610,373)	13,786,265
DEBT SERVICE Interest					
Tax anticipation notes	1,174,000	1,174,000	1,173,333	667	1,190,000
Total Debt Service	1,174,000	1,174,000	1,173,333	667	1,190,000
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	455,879,791	490,731,825	472,632,924	18,098,901	475,807,031
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	44 244 020	11 211 020	11 244 000	20	14.052.020
County Road Fund Road Machinery Fund	11,344,820 1,551,910	11,344,820 1,551,910	11,344,800 1,551,960	(50)	11,053,020 1,549,200
Capital Projects Fund	1,551,910	1,551,910	1,551,900	(50)	1,600,000
Hospital Fund	17,290,365	17,290,365	_	17,290,365	4,991,648
Debt Service Fund	48,505,840	51,099,740	50,853,958	245,782	53,881,687
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	78,692,935	81,286,835	63,750,718	17,536,117	73,075,555
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER					
FINANCING USES	\$ 534,572,726	\$ 572,018,660	\$ 536,383,642	\$ 35,635,018	\$ 548,882,586

Capital Projects Fund Comparative Balance Sheets December 31,

	2017	2016		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 64,627,830	\$	76,099,314	
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid	- 2,032,653		67,269 6,092,209	
	2,032,653		6,159,478	
Restricted cash	 7,434,122		11,904,244	
Total Assets	\$ 74,094,605	\$	94,163,036	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Due to other funds	\$ 6,994,115 27,378 237,233 2,129,851	\$	8,975,191 - - 1,713,905	
Total Liabilities	9,388,577		10,689,096	
Fund balance Restricted Assigned	 62,482,371 2,223,657		81,250,283 2,223,657	
Total Fund Balance	 64,706,028		83,473,940	
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 74,094,605	\$	94,163,036	

Capital Projects Fund
Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund Balance
Years Ended December 31,

	2017	2016
REVENUES State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	\$ 2,743,219 867,068 24,302	\$ 5,201,109 5,623,562 73,264
Total Revenues	3,634,589	10,897,935
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	 21,199,158	 43,285,025
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(17,564,569)	(32,387,090)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Bonds issued Transfers in Transfers out Transfer from Home and Infirmary Fund	- (1,203,343) -	20,280,382 1,600,000 (954,402) 5,381,266
Total Other Financing Sources	 (1,203,343)	 26,307,246
Net Change in Fund Balance	(18,767,912)	(6,079,844)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	83,473,940	89,553,784
End of Year	\$ 64,706,028	\$ 83,473,940

NON-MAJOR

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

- County Road Fund The County Road Fund is established pursuant to New York State Highway Law and is used to account for the maintenance and repair of County roads and bridges and snow removal.
- Road Machinery Fund The Road Machinery Fund is used to account for the purchase, repair and maintenance of highway machinery, tools and equipment and for the purchase, construction and maintenance of buildings for the storage and repair of highway machinery and equipment.
- Community Development Fund The Community
 Development Fund is used to account for projects financed by entitlements from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- Sewer District Fund The Sewer District Funds is used to account for the operation and maintenance of the County's sewer facilities.
- **Special Purpose Fund** The Special Purpose Fund is used to account for assets held by the County in accordance with the terms of a trust agreement.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

• **Debt Service Fund** - The Debt Service Fund is provided to account for the accumulation of resources to be used for the redemption of principal and interest on long-term debt.

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds December 31, 2017 (With Comparative Totals for 2016)

	Special	Debt	 То	tals	
	Revenue Funds	Service Fund	2017		2016
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 27,055,317	\$ 12,694,176	\$ 39,749,493	\$	33,703,896
Receivables					
Accounts	775,207	800,000	1,575,207		1,284,055
Loans	417,161	-	417,161		398,283
State and Federal aid	2,439,528	82,353	2,521,881		6,696,899
Due from other funds	 1,480,694	 127,884	 1,608,578		1,787,050
	5,112,590	1,010,237	6,122,827		10,166,287
Prepaid expenditures	 680,410		680,410		600,900
Total Assets	\$ 32,848,317	\$ 13,704,413	\$ 46,552,730	\$	44,471,083
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES			_		
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 2,226,704	\$ -	\$ 2,226,704	\$	1,237,488
Accrued liabilities	927,431	-	927,431		957,919
Due to other funds	1,364,576	-	1,364,576		1,996,956
Unearned revenues	 1,504,973	 	 1,504,973		1,951,463
Total Liabilities	 6,023,684		6,023,684		6,143,826
Fund balances					
Nonspendable	680,410	_	680,410		600,900
Restricted	24,015	11,058,413	11,082,428		9,755,065
Committed	1,560,191	-	1,560,191		2,033,291
Assigned	24,573,037	2,646,000	27,219,037		26,461,980
Unassigned	 (13,020)	 	 (13,020)		(523,979)
Total Fund Balances	 26,824,633	 13,704,413	40,529,046		38,327,257
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 32,848,317	\$ 13,704,413	\$ 46,552,730	\$	44,471,083

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Governmental Funds
December 31, 2017
(With Comparative Totals for 2016)

	Spec		Debt	То	tals	
	Reve Fun		 Service Fund	2017		2016
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and compensation for loss Interfund revenues State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	\$ 12,55 65 24,17 54 2 2 2 85 1,56 3,47	57,154 56,900 76,561 49,330 25,500 26,554 27,280 53,406 56,131 78,761 74,249	\$ - 411,418 - - - - 1,747,251 1,814,586	\$ 12,557,154 656,900 24,176,561 960,748 25,500 26,554 27,280 853,406 3,313,382 5,293,347 174,249	\$	12,534,262 430,092 25,906,586 2,852,641 23,175 17,845 72,600 817,350 2,741,342 7,497,074 1,101,500
Total Revenues	44,09	1,826	 3,973,255	 48,065,081		53,994,467
EXPENDITURES Current Transportation Economic opportunity and development Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service Principal Interest Refunding bond issuance cost Bond issuance cost	3,08 19,32 4,72	64,658 83,843 27,757 27,755 83,000 7,964 -	- - - 46,168,858 17,014,176 - -	 15,864,658 3,083,843 19,327,757 4,727,755 46,701,858 17,232,140		15,096,223 2,842,245 18,098,200 4,614,534 49,683,714 17,786,820 411,291 380,146
Total Expenditures	43,75	4,977	63,183,034	 106,938,011		108,913,173
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	33	86,849	 (59,209,779)	(58,872,930)		(54,918,706)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Issuance premium Transfers in Transfers out		- - - 96,760 29,076)	 - - 63,183,035 (3,676,000)	- - 77,079,795 (16,005,076)		26,130,000 (28,657,627) 3,319,064 80,127,437 (17,844,631)
Total Other Financing Sources	1,56	67,684	 59,507,035	 61,074,719		63,074,243
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,90	4,533	297,256	2,201,789		8,155,537
FUND BALANCES Beginning of Year	24,92	20,100	13,407,157	 38,327,257		30,171,720
End of Year	\$ 26,82	24,633	\$ 13,704,413	\$ 40,529,046	\$	38,327,257

Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Special Revenue Funds December 31, 2017 (With Comparative Totals for 2016)

	County Road Fund		Road Machinery Fund		Community evelopment Fund
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	100	\$	-	\$ 1,324,283
Receivables Accounts Loans State and Federal aid Due from other funds		69,070 - 1,936,329 -		1,297 - - 737,891	417,161 503,199 17,254
		2,005,399		739,188	 937,614
Prepaid expenditures		312,610		29,490	
Total Assets	\$	2,318,109	\$	768,678	\$ 2,261,897
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenues Total Liabilities	\$	145,136 426,689 1,364,576 - 1,936,401	\$	77,663 41,352 - - - 119,015	\$ 769,944 - - 1,504,973 2,274,917
Fund balances (deficits) Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned		312,610 - - - 69,098 -		29,490 - - 620,173 -	- - - - (13,020)
Total Fund Balances (Deficits)		381,708		649,663	 (13,020)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances (Deficits)	\$	2,318,109	\$	768,678	\$ 2,261,897

Sewer		Special	Totals						
District Fund	F	Purpose Fund		2017		2016			
\$ 25,706,919	\$	24,015	\$	27,055,317	\$	25,872,066			
704,840		-		775,207 417,161		484,055 398,283			
725,549		- -		2,439,528 1,480,694		2,038,694 1,669,928			
 1,430,389				5,112,590		4,590,960			
338,310				680,410		600,900			
\$ 27,475,618	\$	24,015	\$	32,848,317	\$	31,063,926			
\$ 1,233,961 459,390 - -	\$	- - -	\$	2,226,704 927,431 1,364,576 1,504,973	\$	1,237,488 957,919 1,996,956 1,951,463			
 1,693,351				6,023,684		6,143,826			
338,310 - 1,560,191 23,883,766 -		- 24,015 - - -		680,410 24,015 1,560,191 24,573,037 (13,020)	_	600,900 23,908 2,033,291 22,785,980 (523,979)			
 25,782,267		24,015		26,824,633		24,920,100			
\$ 27,475,618	\$	24,015	\$	32,848,317	\$	31,063,926			

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Non-Major Special Revenue Funds
December 31, 2017
(With Comparative Totals for 2016)

	County Road Fund	Road Machinery Fund	Community Development Fund
REVENUES Real property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Other tax items	-	-	- -
Departmental income	37,817	4,141	200.006
Use of money and property Licenses and permits	24,750	-	389,086
Fines and forfeitures	5,900	_	-
Sales of property	17,482	-	-
Interfund revenues	775,487	-	-
State aid Federal aid	1,566,131 583	-	- 3,478,178
Miscellaneous	91,135	1,297	3,476,176
Total Revenues	2,519,285	5,438	3,870,539
EXPENDITURES Current			
Current Transportation	14,287,850	1,576,808	_
Economic opportunity and development	- 1,207,000	-	3,083,843
Home and community services	-	-	· · · -
Employee benefits	-	-	-
Debt service Principal	_	_	533,000
Interest			217,964
Total Expenditures	14,287,850	1,576,808	3,834,807
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(11,768,565)	(1,571,370)	35,732
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in Transfers out	12,344,800	1,551,960 	- -
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,344,800	1,551,960	
Net Change in Fund Balances	576,235	(19,410)	35,732
FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS)			
Beginning of Year	(194,527)	669,073	(48,752)
End of Year	\$ 381,708	\$ 649,663	\$ (13,020)

	Cower		Omnoial	Totals					
	Sewer District		Special turpose		10	lais			
	Fund		Fund		2017		2016		
\$	12,557,154 656,900	\$	- -	\$	12,557,154 656,900	\$	12,534,262 430,092		
	24,134,603 160,137		- 107		24,176,561 549,330		25,906,586 2,640,081		
	750		-		25,500		23,175		
	20,654		-		26,554		17,845		
	9,798		-		27,280		72,600		
	77,919		-		853,406		817,350		
	-		=		1,566,131		761,039		
	- 78,542		-		3,478,761 174,249		1,333,813 285,500		
	37,696,457		107		44,091,826		44,822,343		
	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	"			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		, ,		
	-		-		15,864,658		15,096,223		
	-		-		3,083,843		2,842,245		
	19,327,757		=		19,327,757		18,098,200		
	4,727,755		-		4,727,755		4,614,534		
	-		-		533,000		664,000		
					217,964		299,219		
	24,055,512				43,754,977		41,614,421		
	13,640,945		107		336,849		3,207,922		
	_		_		13,896,760		13,312,238		
	(12,329,076)				(12,329,076)		(12,658,131)		
	(12,329,076)		_		1,567,684		654,107		
	1,311,869		107		1,904,533		3,862,029		
	24,470,398		23,908		24,920,100		21,058,071		
\$	25,782,267	\$	24,015	\$	26,824,633	\$	24,920,100		
_				_	·				

County Road Fund Comparative Balance Sheets December 31,

	 2017	·	2016
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 100	\$	415
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid	69,070 1,936,329		18,687 1,134,873
State and Federal ala	 2,005,399		1,153,560
Prepaid expenditures	312,610		280,700
Total Assets	\$ 2,318,109	\$	1,434,675
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Liabilities			
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 145,136 426,689 1,364,576	\$	122,719 414,996 1,091,487
Total Liabilities	 1,936,401		1,629,202
Fund balance (deficit) Nonspendable Assigned Unassigned	 312,610 69,098 -		280,700 - (475,227)
Total Fund Balance (Deficit)	 381,708		(194,527)
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance (Deficit)	\$ 2,318,109	\$	1,434,675

County Road Fund
Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended December 31,

	2017									
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)						
REVENUES Departmental income Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of property and	\$ 44,30 30,00	·	37,817 ,000 \$ 37,817 ,000 24,750 - 5,900	\$ (6,483) (5,250) 5,900						
compensation for loss Interfund revenues State aid Federal aid	31,50 752,00 1,600,00	0 752	,500 17,482 ,000 775,487 ,022 1,566,131 - 583	(14,018) 23,487 (346,891) 583						
Miscellaneous	60,00	00 60	,000 91,135	31,135						
Total Revenues	2,517,80	2,830	,822 2,519,285	(311,537)						
EXPENDITURES Current Transportation	14,867,95	i9 15,180	,981 14,287,850	893,131						
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(12,350,15			581,594						
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	12,344,82	20 12,344	,820 12,344,800	(20)						
Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,33	(5)	,339) 576,235	581,574						
FUND BALANCE (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year	5,33	<u> </u>	,339 (194,527)	(199,866)						
End of Year	\$	- \$	- \$ 381,708	\$ 381,708						

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Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$ 51,500 30,000	\$ 51,500 30,000	\$	37,933 21,300 7,000	\$	(13,567) (8,700) 7,000		
30,500 765,000 1,500,000 154,100 30,000	30,500 765,000 1,500,000 154,100 30,000		2,452 764,626 761,039 169,649 262,496	(7	(28,048) (374) 738,961) 15,549 232,496		
2,561,100	2,561,100		2,026,495		534,605)		
14,411,786	14,439,331		13,559,522		379,809		
(11,850,686) 11,825,475	(11,878,231) 11,853,020		(11,533,027) 11,699,538		345,204 153,482)		
(25,211)	(25,211)		166,511		191,722		
25,211	25,211	_	(361,038)	(;	386,249)		
\$ 	\$ -	\$	(194,527)	\$ (*	194,527)		

Road Machinery Fund Comparative Balance Sheets December 31,

	 2017		
ASSETS Accounts receivable Due from other funds Prepaid expenditures	\$ 1,297 737,891 29,490	\$	753,776 27,100
Total Assets	\$ 768,678	\$	780,876
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities			
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$ 77,663 41,352	\$ 	73,683 38,120
Total Liabilities	 119,015		111,803
Fund balance Nonspendable Assigned	 29,490 620,173		27,100 641,973
Total Fund Balance	 649,663		669,073
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 768,678	\$	780,876

Road Machinery Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

	2017							
	- 3 -		Final Budget	Actual		F	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Departmental income	\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$	4,141	\$	1,641
Sale of property and	•	,	•	,	•	.,	•	
compensation for loss Miscellaneous		110,000 7,000		110,000 7,000		- 1,297		(110,000) (5,703)
Missellanissas		7,000		7,000		1,207		(0,700)
Total Revenues		119,500		119,500		5,438		(114,062)
EXPENDITURES Current								
Transportation		1,673,253		1,673,253		1,576,808		96,445
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures		(1,553,753)		(1,553,753)		(1,571,370)		(17,617)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES								
Transfers in	_	1,551,910		1,551,910		1,551,960		50
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,843)		(1,843)		(19,410)		(17,567)
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year		1,843		1,843		669,073		667,230
End of Year	\$		\$		\$	649,663	\$	649,663

2016										
Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fi	ariance with nal Budget Positive Negative)				
\$ 2,200	\$	2,200	\$	3,989	\$	1,789				
 45,000 6,100		45,000 6,100		47,261 -		2,261 (6,100)				
53,300		53,300		51,250		(2,050)				
 1,611,545		1,612,670		1,536,701		75,969				
(1,558,245)		(1,559,370)		(1,485,451)		73,919				
 1,549,265		1,550,390		1,549,200		(1,190)				
(8,980)		(8,980)		63,749		72,729				
8,980		8,980		605,324		596,344				
\$ 	\$		\$	669,073	\$	669,073				

Community Development Fund Comparative Balance Sheets December 31,

ASSETS	 2017	 2016
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,324,283	\$ 1,506,076
Receivables Loans State and Federal aid Due from other funds	 417,161 503,199 17,254	398,283 903,821 -
Total Assets	\$ 937,614	\$ 1,302,104 2,808,180
LIABILITIES AND FUND DEFICIT Liabilities		
Accounts payable Due to other funds Unearned revenues	\$ 769,944 - 1,504,973	\$ 905,469 1,951,463
Total Liabilities	2,274,917	2,856,932
Fund Deficit Unassigned	(13,020)	(48,752)
Total Fund Deficits	 (13,020)	(48,752)
Total Liabilities and Fund Deficits	\$ 2,261,897	\$ 2,808,180

Community Development Fund
Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual
Years Ended December 31,

	2017							
	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES Use of money and property Federal aid Miscellaneous	\$	- - -	\$	- 12,433,549 -	\$	389,086 3,478,178 3,275	\$	389,086 (8,955,371) 3,275
Total Revenues		-		12,433,549		3,870,539		(8,563,010)
EXPENDITURES Current Economic opportunity and development Debt service Principal Interest		-		12,433,549		3,083,843 533,000 217,964		9,349,706 (533,000) (217,964)
Total Expenditures				12,433,549		3,834,807		8,598,742
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		-		35,732		35,732
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		<u>-</u> _				(48,752)		(48,752)
End of Year	\$		\$		\$	(13,020)	\$	(13,020)

	20	016				
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
\$ - - -	\$ - 19,818,695 -	\$ 2,527,835 1,164,164 8,854	\$ 2,527,835 (18,654,531) 8,854			
-	19,818,695	3,700,853	(16,117,842)			
-	19,818,695	2,839,453	16,979,242			
 - -	- -	664,000 246,152	(664,000) (246,152)			
 	19,818,695	3,749,605	16,069,090			
-	-	(48,752)	(48,752)			
 <u>-</u>						
\$ 	\$ -	\$ (48,752)	\$ (48,752)			

Sewer District Fund Comparative Balance Sheets December 31,

	2017			2016
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,706,919	\$	24,341,667
Receivables Accounts Due from other funds		704,840 725,549		465,368 916,152
		1,430,389		1,381,520
Prepaid expenditures		338,310		293,100
Total Assets	\$	27,475,618	\$	26,016,287
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE Liabilities Accounts payable	\$	1,233,961	\$	1,041,086
Accrued liabilities	φ	459,390	φ	504,803
Total Liabilities		1,693,351		1,545,889
Fund balance Nonspendable Committed Assigned		338,310 1,560,191 23,883,766		293,100 2,033,291 22,144,007
Total Fund Balance		25,782,267		24,470,398
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	27,475,618	\$	26,016,287

Sewer District Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

	2017							
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	-	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
REVENUES Real property taxes Other tax items Departmental income Use of money and property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sales of property Interfund revenues Miscellaneous	\$	12,412,985 - 23,160,870 115,000 2,000 - - - 2,094,160	\$	12,412,985 - 23,160,870 115,000 2,000 - - - 5,332,556	\$	12,557,154 656,900 24,134,603 160,137 750 20,654 9,798 77,919 78,542	\$	144,169 656,900 973,733 45,137 (1,250) 20,654 9,798 77,919 (5,254,014)
Total Revenues		37,785,015		41,023,411		37,696,457		(3,326,954)
EXPENDITURES Current Home and community services Employee benefits Debt service Interest		22,231,794 4,737,465 353,000		25,470,190 4,737,465 353,000		19,327,757 4,727,755		6,142,433 9,710 353,000
Total Expenditures		27,322,259		30,560,655		24,055,512		6,505,143
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		10,462,756		10,462,756		13,640,945		3,178,189
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out		- (12,321,060)		- (12,321,060)		(12,329,076)		- (8,016)
Total Other Financing Uses		(12,321,060)		(12,321,060)		(12,329,076)		(8,016)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(1,858,304)		(1,858,304)		1,311,869		3,170,173
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		1,858,304		1,858,304		24,470,398		22,612,094
End of Year	\$	_	\$		\$	25,782,267	\$	25,782,267

 2016							
Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
\$ 12,412,985 - 25,198,195 130,000 3,000 - -	\$	12,412,985 25,198,195 130,000 3,000	\$	12,534,262 430,092 25,864,664 112,190 1,875 10,845 22,887 52,724	\$	121,277 430,092 666,469 (17,810) (1,125) 10,845 22,887 52,724	
954,760 38,698,940		1,041,190 38,785,370	_	14,150 39,043,689		(1,027,040) 258,319	
22,994,867 4,524,740		23,075,157 4,530,880		18,098,200 4,614,534		4,976,957 (83,654)	
333,000 27,852,607		333,000 27,939,037		53,067 22,765,801		279,933 5,173,236	
10,846,333		10,846,333		16,277,888		5,431,555	
 63,000 (12,968,000)		63,000 (12,968,000)		63,500 (12,658,131)		500 309,869	
 (12,905,000)		(12,905,000)		(12,594,631)		310,369	
(2,058,667)		(2,058,667)		3,683,257		5,741,924	
 2,058,667		2,058,667		20,787,141		18,728,474	
\$ 	\$		\$	24,470,398	\$	24,470,398	

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Balance Sheets December 31,

ACCETO	2017	2016
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,015	\$ 23,908
FUND BALANCE Restricted	\$ 24,015	\$ 23,908

Special Purpose Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Years Ended December 31,

		2017		2016	
REVENUES Use of money and property	\$	107	\$	56	
EXPENDITURES Current					
Economic opportunity and development				2,792	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		107		(2,736)	
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year		23,908		26,644	
End of Year	\$	24,015	\$	23,908	

Debt Service Fund Comparative Balance Sheets December 31,

	2017		 2016
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	12,694,176	\$ 7,831,830
Receivables			
Accounts		800,000	800,000
State and Federal aid		82,353	4,658,205
Due from other funds		127,884	117,122
		1,010,237	5,575,327
Total Assets	\$	13,704,413	\$ 13,407,157
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Fund balance			
Restricted	\$	11,058,413	\$ 9,731,157
Assigned		2,646,000	3,676,000
•			·
Total Fund Balance		13,704,413	13,407,157
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	13,704,413	\$ 13,407,157

Debt Service Fund Comparative Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Years Ended December 31,

	2017					
REVENUES	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Use of money and property State aid Federal aid Miscellaneous	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 411,418 1,747,251 1,814,586	\$ 411,418 1,747,251 1,814,586		
Total Revenues			3,973,255	3,973,255		
EXPENDITURES Debt service Serial bonds Principal Interest Refunding bond issuance cost Bond issuance cost New York State Power Authority Principal Interest	43,358,530 16,628,036 - - - 409,610 11,474	43,358,530 16,628,036 - - - 409,610 11,474	45,759,248 17,002,702 - - 409,610 11,474	(2,400,718) (374,666) - - -		
Total Expenditures	60,407,650	60,407,650	63,183,034	(2,775,384)		
Deficiency of Revenues Over Expenditures	(60,407,650)	(60,407,650)	(59,209,779)	1,197,871		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Refunding bonds issued Payment to refunded bond escrow agent Issuance premium Transfers in Transfers out	-	- - - 60,407,650 (3,676,000)	- - 63,183,035 (3,676,000)	- - - 2,775,385 -		
Total Other Financing Sources	56,731,650	56,731,650	59,507,035	2,775,385		
Net Change in Fund Balance	(3,676,000)	(3,676,000)	297,256	3,973,256		
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year	3,676,000	3,676,000	13,407,157	9,731,157		
End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,704,413	\$ 13,704,413		

2016								
Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)					
\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$ 212,560 1,980,303 6,163,261 816,000	\$ 212,560 1,980,303 6,163,261 816,000					
- _		9,172,124	9,172,124					
46,660,000 18,505,000 - - -	46,660,000 18,505,000 26,130,000 3,319,064	49,019,714 17,487,601 411,291 380,146	(2,359,714) 1,017,399 25,718,709 2,938,918					
65,165,000	94,614,064	67,298,752	27,315,312					
(65,165,000)	(94,614,064)	(58,126,628)	36,487,436					
- - - 65,228,500 (5,186,500)	26,130,000 - 3,319,064 65,228,500 (5,186,500)	26,130,000 (28,657,627) 3,319,064 66,815,199 (5,186,500)	(28,657,627) - 1,586,699					
60,042,000	89,491,064	62,420,136	(27,070,928)					
(5,123,000)	(5,123,000)	4,293,508	9,416,508					
5,123,000	5,123,000	9,113,649	3,990,649					
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,407,157	\$ 13,407,157					

ENTERPRISE

FUNDS

Enterprise Funds are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprises or where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred and/or net income is necessary for management accountability. Enterprise funds are used to account for those operations that provide services to the public.

- Home and Infirmary Fund This fund was used to account for the operations of the Summit Park Hospital, a chronic care hospital and a skilled nursing facility established and operated under the provisions of Article 6 of the General Municipal Law. As of December 31, 2015, the Hospital had ceased operations and the only operations within the Fund in 2016 consisted of the operation of certain mental health units. In 2016, the County determined the Fund was no longer operating as an enterprise fund as the remaining activities within the Fund were no longer being operated simliar to a private business enterprise where the intent of the governing body is to finance or recover costs or providing goods and services to the general public on a continuing basis through user charges. Therefore, activity within the Fund is now reported within the General Fund.
- Rockland Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation and the Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization Corp.-These funds reflect the operations of these not-for-profit local development corporations organized pursuant to Section 1411 of the Not-For-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York.
- Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation This fund is used to account for the operations of the not-for-profit local development corporation created pursuant to Section 1411 of the Not-For-Profit Corporation Law of the State of New York.

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Home and Infirmary Fund Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31,

	2017		 2016
OPERATING REVENUES	\$		\$
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Income from Operations		-	-
Transfers in			 103,887,849
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year			(103,887,849)
End of Year	\$		\$

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Home and Infirmary Fund Comparative Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	20	17	2016		
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Payments to County of Rockland	\$		\$	(5,713,000)	
Net Change in Cash and Equivalents		-		(5,713,000)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year				5,713,000	
End of Year	\$		\$		

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Rockland Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation Comparative Statements of Net Position December 31,

	2017		2016		
ASSETS					
Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$	5,658,135 3,045,639 21,352	\$	6,472,459 2,780,876 21,352	
Total Current Assets		8,725,126		9,274,687	
Total Assets		8,725,126		9,274,687	
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds		1,250 698,177 -		1,250 733,062 100,000	
Total Current Liabilities		699,427		834,312	
Noncurrent liabilities Due in more than one year		87,988,012 87,988,012		86,067,747 86,067,747	
Total Liabilities		88,687,439		86,902,059	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Unrestricted	\$	(79,962,313)	\$	(77,627,372)	

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Rockland Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31,

	2017	2016
OPERATING REVENUES Tobacco settlement revenues Other operating revenues	\$ 2,951,552 12,031	\$ 3,105,849 23,860
Other operating revenues	12,031	23,000
Total Operating Revenues	2,963,583	3,129,709
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Professional fees	27,900	27,627
Directors' fees	13,000	13,000
Insurance	23,293	23,293
Total Operating Expenses	64,193	63,920
Income from Operations	2,899,390	3,065,789
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Interest income	270,881	230,376
Interest on indebtedness	(5,505,212)	(6,059,518)
Total Non-Operating Expenses	(5,234,331)	(5,829,142)
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	(2,334,941)	(2,763,353)
Transfers out		(100,000)
Change in Net Position	(2,334,941)	(2,863,353)
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Beginning of Year	(77,627,372)	(74,764,019)
End of Year	\$ (79,962,313)	\$ (77,627,372)

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Rockland Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation Comparative Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	 2017	2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from tobacco settlement revenues Cash payments to vendors	\$ 2,702,405 (64,193)	\$ 6,168,244 (66,670)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	 2,638,212	 6,101,574
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Retirement of long-term debt Transfers out Interest on indebtedness	 (1,665,000) (100,000) (1,954,832)	 (2,465,000) (200,000) (2,090,406)
Net Cash from Non-Capital Financing Activities	 (3,719,832)	 (4,755,406)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	 267,296	 221,800
Net Cash from Investing Activities	 267,296	 221,800
Net Change in Cash and Equivalents	(814,324)	1,567,968
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year	6,472,459	4,904,491
End of Year	\$ 5,658,135	\$ 6,472,459
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income from operations Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash from operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$ 2,899,390	\$ 3,065,789
Accounts receivable Accounts payable	(261,178)	 3,038,535 (2,750)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ 2,638,212	\$ 6,101,574

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation Comparative Statements of Net Position December 31,

	 2017	2016
ASSETS Current assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 813,503	\$ 861,885
Accounts receivable	 749,613	 684,319
Total Assets	1,563,116	1,546,204
LIABILITIES Current liabilities		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	1,250 15,775 -	1,250 18,025 50,000
Total Current Liabilities	17,025	69,275
Noncurrent liabilities Tobacco Settlement Bonds, net	2,878,942	3,318,324
Total Liabilities	 2,895,967	 3,387,599
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Unrestricted	\$ (1,332,851)	\$ (1,841,395)

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund
Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation
Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and
Changes in Net Position
Years Ended December 31,

	2017			2016
OPERATING REVENUES Tobacco settlement revenues Other operating revenues	\$	737,888 371	\$	781,393 736
Total Operating Revenues		738,259		782,129
OPERATING EXPENSES Professional fees		29,868		19,960
Directors' fees		13,000		13,000
Total Operating Expenses		42,868		32,960
Income from Operations		695,391		749,169
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Interest income		24,321		46,180
Interest on indebtedness		(211,168)		(257,126)
Total Non-Operating Expenses		(186,847)		(210,946)
Income Before Transfers		508,544		538,223
Transfers out				(50,000)
Change in Net Position		508,544		488,223
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
Beginning of Year		(1,841,395)		(2,329,618)
End of Year	\$	(1,332,851)	\$	(1,841,395)

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation Comparative Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	2017	2016		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from tobacco settlement revenues Other operating revenues Cash payments to directors Cash payments to vendors	\$ 672,594 371 (13,000) (29,868)	\$	1,536,096 736 (14,250) (19,960)	
Net Cash from Operating Activities	630,097		1,502,622	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Retirement of long-term debt Transfers out Interest on indebtedness	(450,000) (50,000) (202,800)		(1,220,000) (100,000) (252,550)	
Net Cash from Non-Capital Financing Activities	 (702,800)		(1,572,550)	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	24,321		34,455	
Net Change in Cash and Equivalents	(48,382)		(35,473)	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year	 861,885		897,358	
End of Year	\$ 813,503	\$	861,885	
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income from operations Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash from operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Accounts payable	\$ 695,391 (65,294)	\$	749,169 754,703 (1,250)	
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ 630,097	\$	1,502,622	
Jasii nom opolaang / loavidoo	 333,001	<u> </u>	.,002,022	

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation Comparative Statements of Net Position December 31,

	 2017	 2016
ASSETS		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,578	\$ 17,358
Funds held in escrow	3,773,546	3,766,007
Due from other funds	 102,794	66,130
Total Assets	 3,888,918	 3,849,495
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	111,656	79,772
Accrued liabilities	3,750,000	3,750,000
Deposit	-	-
Total Liabilities	 3,861,656	 3,829,772
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted	\$ 27,262	\$ 19,723

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Years Ended December 31,

	2017			2016			
OPERATING REVENUES Interest earned Other	\$	7,539 155,966	\$	7,529 120,040			
Total Operating Revenues		163,505		127,569			
OPERATING EXPENSES Appropriations received from County of Rockland Amount to be appropriated by the County Administrative expense		44,310 111,656 -		53,910 66,130 13,996			
Total Operating Expenses Income (Loss) from Operations		7,539		134,036 (6,467)			
NET POSITION Beginning of Year		19,723		26,190			
End of Year	\$	27,262	\$	19,723			

Proprietary Fund - Enterprise Fund Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation Comparative Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	 2017	 2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Other receipts Cash payments to vendors	\$ 124,082 (128,862)	\$ 117,912 (118,475)
Net Change in Cash and Equivalents	(4,780)	(563)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year	 17,358	 17,921
End of Year	\$ 12,578	\$ 17,358
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income (loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile income from operations to net cash from operating activities	\$ 7,539	\$ (6,467)
Transfer to escrow Changes in assets and liabilities Due from other funds Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Deposit	 (7,539) (36,664) 31,884 - -	(7,524) (2,133) 15,561 - -
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ (4,780)	\$ (563)

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds account for operations that provide services to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost reimbursement basis. The County has established its Workers Compensation and General Services funds as internal service funds.

Proprietary Funds - Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position December 31, 2017 (With Comparative Totals for 2016)

		Vorkers'				То		
		npensation Benefits	General Services			2017		2016
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	408,722	\$	3,793,361	\$	4,202,083	\$	5,829,867
Receivables				90 EEE		90 EEE		142 057
Accounts State and Federal aid		-		89,555 452,155		89,555 452,155		143,857 435,019
Due from other funds		-		3,091,358		3,091,358		4,405,716
		-		3,633,068		3,633,068		4,984,592
Inventories				00.000		00.000		444 704
Inventories	-			98,802		98,802		111,724
Prepaid expenses		4,790		701,445		706,235		654,160
Total Current Assets		413,512		8,226,676		8,640,188		11,580,343
Capital assets								
Not being depreciated		_		1,287,530		1,287,530		189,496
Being depreciated, net		_		65,187		65,187		455,313
Total Assets		413,512		9,579,393		9,992,905		12,225,152
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		2,366,663		2,366,663		4,770,639
	•							
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities								
Accounts payable		140,858		720,536		861,394		1,112,154
Accrued liabilities		6,301		1,002,439		1,008,740		1,051,121
Due to other funds		23,992				23,992		30,781
Total Current Liabilities		171,151		1,722,975		1,894,126		2,194,056
Noncurrent liabilities								
Due within one year		2,161,796		854,968		3,016,764		3,196,594
Due in more than one year		19,607,522		34,916,959		54,524,481		55,444,259
	•	04 700 040		05 774 007		57.544.045		50.040.050
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		21,769,318		35,771,927	_	57,541,245		58,640,853
Total Liabilities		21,940,469		37,494,902		59,435,371		60,834,909
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		_		588,861		588,861		669,443
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)								
Net investment in capital assets		_		(4,461,360)		(4,461,360)		(6,080,976)
Unrestricted		(21,526,957)		(21,676,347)		(43,203,304)		(38,427,585)
		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total Net Position	\$	(21,526,957)	\$	(26,137,707)	\$	(47,664,664)	\$	(44,508,561)

Proprietary Funds - Internal Service Funds
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes
in Net Position
Year Ended December 31, 2017
(With Comparative Totals for 2016)

						Tot	tals			
	С	Workers' ompensation Benefits	General Services		mpensation General					2016
OPERATING REVENUES										
Charges for services State aid	\$	4,199,960 <u>-</u>	\$	23,485,525 602,299	\$	27,685,485 602,299	\$	31,739,962 547,962		
Total Operating Revenues	_	4,199,960		24,087,824		28,287,784		32,287,924		
OPERATING EXPENSES										
Administrative and general expenses Salaries and wage expenses		1,341,849 169,921		8,625,891		1,341,849 8,795,812		449,708 9,813,142		
Employee benefits		4,336,138		7,639,339		11,975,477		8,934,145		
Judgments and claims Supplies and other expenses		-		- 8,788,121		- 8,788,121		1,946,204 8,719,090		
Depreciation		_		390,151		390,151		738,792		
Doprociation			_	000,101	_	000,101		100,102		
Total Operating Expenses		5,847,908		25,443,502		31,291,410		30,601,081		
Loss From Operations		(1,647,948)	_	(1,355,678)		(3,003,626)		1,686,843		
NON-OPERATING										
REVENUES (EXPENSES) Interest income		1,392		_		1,392		3,739		
Interest income Interest on indebtedness		-		(153,869)		(153,869)		(88,414)		
								, , ,		
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)		1,392		(153,869)		(152,477)		(84,675)		
Transfers out								(127,881)		
Change in Net Position		(1,646,556)		(1,509,547)		(3,156,103)		1,474,287		
NET POSITION (DEFICIT) Beginning of Year		(19,880,401)		(24,628,160)		(44,508,561)		(45,982,848)		
End of Year	\$	(21,526,957)	\$	(26,137,707)	\$	(47,664,664)	\$	(44,508,561)		

Proprietary Funds - Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2017 (With Comparative Totals for 2016)

	_	Workers'		 To	tals	
		ompensation Benefits	 General Services	 2017		2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from charges for services Cash received from State and Federal aid Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants Cash payments to employees Cash payments to vendors	\$	4,193,171 - (4,780,057) (162,871)	\$ 24,854,185 585,163 - (7,361,957) (16,793,174)	\$ 29,047,356 585,163 (4,780,057) (7,524,828) (16,793,174)	\$	36,260,369 551,714 (12,454,514) (8,128,535) (19,052,621)
Net Cash from Operating Activities		(749,757)	 1,284,217	 534,460		(2,823,587)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from long-term debt Retirement of long-term debt Interest on indebtedness Acquisition and construction of capital assets		- - - -	 (911,708) (153,869) (1,098,059)	(911,708) (153,869) (1,098,059)	_	4,700,000 (884,506) (88,414) (189,496)
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities			 (2,163,636)	 (2,163,636)		3,537,584
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income		1,392	 <u>-</u>	 1,392		3,739
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(748,365)	(879,419)	(1,627,784)		717,736
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year		1,157,087	 4,672,780	 5,829,867		5,112,131
End of Year	\$	408,722	\$ 3,793,361	\$ 4,202,083	\$	5,829,867
RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income (Loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash from operating activities	\$	(1,647,948)	\$ (1,355,678)	\$ (3,003,626)	\$	1,686,843
Depreciation Changes in operating assets and liabilities Accounts receivable		-	390,151	390,151		802,645 (40,432)
State and Federal aid receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventories Prepaid expenses Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Claims payable Compensated absences Net pension liability		(290) 626 (1) (6,789) 897,304 (6,091)	54,302 (17,136) - 1,314,358 12,922 (51,785) (251,386) (42,380) - (278,704) (63,625)	54,302 (17,136) - 1,314,358 12,922 (52,075) (250,760) (42,381) (6,789) 897,304 (284,795) (63,625)		3,752 157,908 4,339,078 (16,656) (482,785) 469,865 (1,883,009) 12,376 (11,897,339) 89,848 1,597,880
Other post employment benefit obligations payable		13,432	 1,573,178	 1,586,610		2,336,439
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	(749,757)	\$ 1,284,217	\$ 534,460	\$	(2,823,587)

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund Comparative Statements of Net Position December 31,

	2017			2016	
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	408,722	\$	1,157,087	
Prepaid expenses		4,790		4,500	
Total Assets		413,512		1,161,587	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities					
Accounts payable		140,858		140,232	
Accrued liabilities		6,301		6,302	
Due to other funds		23,992		30,781	
Total Current Liabilities		171,151		177,315	
Noncurrent liabilities					
Due within one year		2,161,796		2,078,157	
Due in more than one year		19,607,522		18,786,516	
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		21,769,318		20,864,673	
Total Liabilities		21,940,469		21,041,988	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Unrestricted	\$	(21,526,957)	\$	(19,880,401)	

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Years Ended December 31,

	2017		2016	
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 4,199,960	\$	4,284,000	
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Administrative and general expenses	1,341,849		449,708	
Salaries and wage expenses	169,921		179,168	
Employee benefits	4,336,138		(1,857,124)	
Total Operating Expenses	 5,847,908		(1,228,248)	
Loss From Operations	(1,647,948)		5,512,248	
NON-OPERATING REVENUES				
Interest income	 1,392		2,810	
Change in Net Position	(1,646,556)		5,515,058	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)				
Beginning of Year	 (19,880,401)		(25,395,459)	
End of Year	\$ (21,526,957)	\$	(19,880,401)	

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund - Workers' Compensation Benefits Fund Comparative Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	 2017		2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from charges for services Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants Cash payments to employees	\$ 4,193,171 (4,780,057) (162,871)	\$	4,347,853 (5,799,209) (179,168)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	 (749,757)		(1,630,524)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income	 1,392		2,810
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(748,365)		(1,627,714)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year	 1,157,087	_	2,784,801
End of Year	\$ 408,722	\$	1,157,087
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Income (Loss) from operations Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash from operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$ (1,647,948)	\$	5,512,248
Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Claims payable Compensated absences Other post employment benefit obligations payable	 (290) 626 (1) (6,789) 897,304 (6,091) 13,432		63,853 (4,500) 1,629 (14,942) 12,376 (7,225,738) 3,121 21,429
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ (749,757)	\$	(1,630,524)

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund - General Liability Claims Fund Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	 2017	2016
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ -	\$ 1,945,275
OPERATING EXPENSES Judgments and claims	 <u>-</u>	 1,946,204
Loss From Operations	-	(929)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES Interest income		929
Change in Net Position	-	-
NET POSITION Beginning of Year	 	 <u>-</u> _
End of Year	\$ _	\$ _

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund - General Liability Claims Fund Comparative Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

	20	17	 2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash received from charges for services Cash payments to insurance carriers and claimants	\$	-	\$ 4,327,246 (6,655,305)
Net Cash from Operating Activities			 (2,328,059)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest income			 929
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-	(2,327,130)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Beginning of Year		_	2,327,130
End of Year	\$		\$ _
RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss from operations Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash from operating activities Changes in assets and liabilities	\$	-	\$ (929)
Due from other governments Due from other funds Accounts payable Claims payable		- - - -	157,908 2,224,063 (37,500) (4,671,601)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$		\$ (2,328,059)

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund - Unemployment Benefits Fund Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position
Years Ended December 31,

	20	17	2016		
OPERATING REVENUES	\$	\$			
OPERATING EXPENSES		<u>-</u> _			
Income from Operations		-	-		
Transfers out		<u> </u>	(127,881)		
NET POSITION Beginning of Year		<u> </u>	127,881		
End of Year	\$	- \$	-		

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund - General Services Fund Comparative Statements of Net Position December 31,

400570	2017	2016
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,793,361	\$ 4,672,780
Receivables Accounts State and Federal aid Due from other funds	89,555 452,155 3,091,358	143,857 435,019 4,405,716
	3,633,068	4,984,592
Inventories	98,802	111,724
Prepaid expenses	701,445	649,660
Total Current Assets	8,226,676	10,418,756
Capital assets Not being depreciated Being depreciated, net	1,287,530 65,187	189,496 455,313
Total Assets	9,579,393	11,063,565
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,366,663	4,770,639
LIABILITIES Current liabilities		
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	720,536 1,002,439	971,922 1,044,819
Total Current Liabilities	1,722,975	2,016,741
Noncurrent liabilities Due within one year Due in more than one year	854,968 34,916,959	1,118,437 36,657,743
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	35,771,927	37,776,180
Total Liabilities	37,494,902	39,792,921
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	588,861	669,443
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		
Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	(4,461,360) (21,676,347)	(6,080,976) (18,547,184)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (26,137,707)	\$ (24,628,160)

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund - General Services Fund Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

Years Ended December 31,

	2017		2016		
OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services State aid	\$	23,485,525 602,299	\$	25,510,687 547,962	
Total Operating Revenues		24,087,824		26,058,649	
OPERATING EXPENSES					
Salaries and wage expenses		8,625,891		9,633,974	
Employee benefits		7,639,339		10,791,269	
Supplies and other expenses		8,788,121		8,719,090	
Depreciation		390,151		738,792	
Total Operating Expenses		25,443,502		29,883,125	
Loss From Operations		(1,355,678)		(3,824,476)	
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES					
Interest on indebtedness		(153,869)		(88,414)	
Change in Net Position		(1,509,547)		(3,912,890)	
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)					
Beginning of Year		(24,628,160)		(20,715,270)	
End of Year	\$	(26,137,707)	\$	(24,628,160)	

Proprietary Fund - Internal Service Fund - General Services Fund Comparative Statements of Cash Flows Years Ended December 31,

		2017		2016
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Cash received from charges for services	\$	24,854,185	\$	27,585,270
Cash received from State and Federal aid	Ψ	585,163	Ψ	551,714
Cash payments to employees		(7,361,957)		(7,949,367)
Cash payments to vendors		(16,793,174)		(19,052,621)
		7		, , ,
Net Cash From Operating Activities		1,284,217		1,134,996
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from long-term debt		(044.700)		4,700,000
Retirement of long-term debt		(911,708)		(884,506)
Interest on indebtedness		(153,869)		(88,414)
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(1,098,059)		(189,496)
Net Cash From Capital and Related Financing Activities		(2,163,636)		3,537,584
Net Change in Cash		(879,419)		4,672,580
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS				
Beginning of Year		4,672,780		200
End of Year	\$	3,793,361	\$	4,672,780
RECONCILIATION OF LOSS FROM OPERATIONS TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Loss from operations	\$	(1,355,678)	\$	(3,824,476)
Adjustments to reconcile loss from operations to net cash from operating activities		,		,
Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities		390,151		738,792
Accounts receivable		54,302		(40,432)
State and Federal aid receivable		(17,136)		3,752
Due from other funds		1,314,358		2,115,015
Inventories		12,922		(16,656)
Prepaid expenses		(51,785)		(478,285)
Accounts payable		(251,386)		505,736
Accrued liabilities		(42,380)		(1,868,067)
Compensated absences		(278,704)		86,727
Net pension liability		(63,625)		1,597,880
Other post employment benefit obligations payable		1,573,178		2,315,010
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$	1,284,217	\$	1,134,996

FIDUCIARY FUNDS AGENCY FUND

The Fiduciary Funds: The Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the County in an agency capacity on behalf of others. The County's Agency Fund is primarily utilized to account for employee payroll deductions, deposits for welfare trusts and various taxes that are payable to other jurisdictions or individuals.

Fiduciary Funds - Agency Fund Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Year Ended December 31, 2017

	Balance January 1, 2017	Increases	 Decreases	De	Balance ecember 31, 2017
ASSETS					
Cash and equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 6,575,377 (37,629)	\$ 174,367,321 293,367,039	\$ 174,207,605 293,234,247	\$ 	6,735,093 95,163
Total Assets	\$ 6,537,748	\$ 467,734,360	\$ 467,441,852	\$	6,830,256
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$ 1,000	\$ 12,381,639	12,337,376	\$	45,263
Employee payroll deductions	433,988	66,030,665	66,052,508		412,145
Deposits	3,983,049	3,118,340	3,082,738		4,018,651
Due to other governments	 2,119,711	 10,820,995	 10,586,509		2,354,197
Total Liabilities	\$ 6,537,748	\$ 92,351,639	\$ 92,059,131	\$	6,830,256

STATISTICAL

SECTION

(Unaudited)

Financial Trends

These schedules contain information to help the reader understand how the County's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. These schedules include:

Net Position by Component

Changes in Net Position

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

COUNTY OF ROCKLAND, NEW YORK

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Governmental Activities Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 405,279,887 113,990,838 (163,971,651)	\$ 413,765,675 104,294,397 (194,874,505)	\$ 401,818,749 110,920,044 (246,969,186)	\$ 394,449,480 43,843,923 (253,469,660)	\$ 406,255,827 45,321,506 (309,810,964)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ 355,299,074	\$ 323,185,567	\$ 265,769,607	\$ 184,823,743	\$ 141,766,369
Business-Type Activities Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unrestricted	\$ 11,068,096 (111,174,333)	\$ 10,662,786 (130,614,169)	\$ 10,070,880 (158,571,478)	\$ 9,351,936 (182,883,734)	\$ 8,473,692 (212,117,133)
Total Business-Type Activities Net Position	\$ (100,106,237)	\$ (119,951,383)	\$ (148,500,598)	\$ (173,531,798)	\$ (203,643,441)
Primary Government Invested in Capital Assets Net of Related Debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 416,347,983 113,990,838 (275,145,984)	\$ 424,428,461 104,294,397 (325,488,674)	\$ 411,889,629 110,920,044 (405,540,664)	\$ 403,801,416 43,843,923 (436,353,394)	\$ 414,729,519 45,321,506 (521,928,097)
Total Primary Government Net Position	\$ 255,192,837	\$ 203,234,184	\$ 117,269,009	\$ 11,291,945	\$ (61,877,072)

⁽¹⁾ Reflects initial implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions"

2013	2014			2015(1)	2016			2017		
\$ 399,882,283 49,940,089 (348,423,940)	\$	393,644,006 51,569,863 (376,463,542)	\$	403,356,345 27,323,793 (434,616,391)	\$	329,875,330 22,238,145 (474,913,178)	\$	243,556,051 26,421,331 (379,130,799)		
\$ 101,398,432	\$	68,750,327	\$	(3,936,253)	\$	(122,799,703)	\$	(109,153,417)		
\$ 8,687,161 (231,117,846)	\$	8,920,654 (239,106,491)	\$	4,722,791 (185,678,087)	\$	- (79,449,044)	\$	- (81,267,902)		
\$ (222,430,685)	\$	(230,185,837)	\$	(180,955,296)	\$	(79,449,044)	\$	(81,267,902)		
\$ 408,569,444 49,940,089 (579,541,786)	\$	402,564,660 51,569,863 (615,570,033)	\$	408,079,136 27,323,793 (620,294,478)	\$	329,875,330 22,238,145 (554,362,222)	\$	243,556,051 26,421,331 (460,398,701)		
\$ (121,032,253)	\$	(161,435,510)	\$	(184,891,549)	\$	(202,248,747)	\$	(190,421,319)		

CHANGES IN NET POSITION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
Expenses										
Governmental Activities	_		_		_				_	
General government	\$	67,293,698	\$	65,817,442	\$	65,578,858	\$	66,978,200	\$	75,339,999
Education		71,519,828		68,916,165		64,096,792		60,294,608		61,187,980
Public safety		70,103,143		70,550,166		78,884,977		82,354,581		80,067,023
Health		50,413,128		43,227,034		46,040,723		47,274,572		42,871,027
Transportation		55,737,309		52,323,652		55,073,427		53,254,863		51,440,827
Economic opportunity										
and development		174,367,673		180,334,640		182,610,808		181,264,332		180,315,323
Culture and recreation		939,766		896,680		973,087		1,185,479		790,039
Home and community services		35,782,255		34,575,699		35,091,249		38,698,119		30,494,470
Interest		13,400,239		14,110,025		13,768,045		15,746,647		17,284,497
morest	_	10,100,200	-	11,110,020			_	10,1 10,0 11	_	
Total Governmental Activities		539,557,039		530,751,503	_	542,117,966		547,051,401		539,791,185
Business-Type Activities										
Home and Infirmary Fund		115,135,691		108,938,933		112,706,758		104,940,810		101,631,745
Rockland Tobacco Asset										
Securitization Corporation		4,640,294		4,728,599		4,838,451		4,917,932		5,016,299
Rockland Second Tobacco Asset		, , -		, -,		, , -		,- ,		-,,
Securitization Corporation Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation		501,105		482,028		477,562		449,743		429,710
		120,277,090		114,149,560		118,022,771		110,308,485		107 077 754
	_	120,277,090	-	114,149,360	_	110,022,771		110,300,403	_	107,077,754
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	659,834,129	\$	644,901,063	\$	660,140,737	\$	657,359,886	\$	646,868,939
Program Revenues Governmental Activities Charges for Services										
General Government	\$	12,961,766	\$	16,075,012	\$	8,049,813	\$	10,638,502	\$	12,812,341
Education		-		-		-		-		1,628,565
Public Safety		1,935,136		1,951,080		2,306,656		3,378,478		4,451,924
Health		4,091,463		4,010,535		4,279,322		2,943,275		2,636,827
Transportation		7,937,745		7,879,870		7,548,277		5,468,990		5,463,805
Economic opportunity		1,001,140		1,010,010		1,040,211		0,400,000		0,400,000
		7 676 044		7,597,193		9,785,895		0.076.400		C EOE 770
and development		7,676,041						8,076,489		6,585,776
Home and Community Services		1,777,822		4,333,518		5,221,710		1,189,127		957,554
Operating Grants and Contributions		164,476,127		161,630,529		156,809,424		147,921,778		144,656,039
Capital Grants and Contributions		11,845,084		14,177,004		15,465,469		13,437,559		18,937,891
Total Governmental Activities	_	212,701,184	-	217,654,741	-	209,466,566	_	193,054,198	_	198,130,722
Business-type Activities										
Home and Infirmary Fund										
Charges for Services		106,029,852		89,041,990		87,266,807		81,357,297		73,658,002
Operating Grants and Contributions		4,896,669		-		-		-		-
Rockland Tobacco Asset										
Securitization Corporation										
Operating Grants and Contributions		3,818,692		4,234,771		3,377,533		3,385,346		3,014,014
Rockland Second Tobacco Asset										
Securitization Corporation		047.07		4 007 050		000 040		700 000		744.005
Operating Grants and Contributions		917,374		1,027,653		829,216		792,968		744,095
Rockland County Health Facilities Corporation Charges for Services				<u>-</u> _				<u>-</u> _		
Total Business-Type Activities		115,662,587	_	94,304,414		91,473,556		85,535,611		77,416,111
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$	328,363,771	\$	311,959,155	\$	300,940,122	\$	278,589,809	\$	275,546,833
·	÷		÷	,,	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	,,	<u> </u>	, -,

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (Continued)

	 2008	 2009		2010		2011		2012
Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ (326,855,855) (4,614,503)	\$ (313,096,762) (19,845,146)	\$	(332,651,400) (26,549,215)	\$	(353,997,203) (24,772,874)	\$	(341,660,463) (29,661,643)
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (331,470,358)	\$ (332,941,908)	\$	(359,200,615)	\$	(378,770,077)	\$	(371,322,106)
General Revenues Governmental Activities Taxes								
Real Property Taxes Other Tax Items Sales Tax Mortgage Tax E-911 surcharge	\$ 71,646,043 7,125,096 168,498,939 5,115,544	\$ 87,696,519 8,326,783 162,439,750 3,951,076	\$	92,768,618 4,941,267 169,152,688 3,537,937	\$	89,684,666 8,984,061 169,265,205 3,470,281	\$	111,274,889 9,500,343 169,581,358 3,480,654
Hotel/Motel Tax Residential Energy Use Tax Motor Vehicle Use Tax	- - -	- - -		- - -		- - -		968,837 2,077,687 112,279
Unrestricted Use of Money and Property Licenses and permits Fines and forfeitures Sale of Property and	3,285,209 - -	504,419 - -		1,207,909 - -		183,172 - -		110,267 - -
Compensation for Loss Miscellaneous Gain on Sale of Property	40,543 2,821,904	53,969 10,290,708		456,659 1,170,362		121,310 1,084,318		57,512 989,263
Transfers	 	 	_	2,000,000		258,326	_	450,000
Total Governmental Activities	 258,533,278	 273,263,224	_	275,235,440	_	273,051,339	_	298,603,089
Business-type activities Real Property Taxes Transfers	 - -	 - -		(2,000,000)	_	- (258,326)		(450,000)
Total Business-Type Activities	 	 		(2,000,000)	_	(258,326)		(450,000)
Total Primary Government General Revenues	\$ 258,533,278	\$ 273,263,224	\$	273,235,440	\$	272,793,013	\$	298,153,089
Change in Net Position Governmental Activities Business-Type Activities	\$ (68,322,577) (4,614,503)	\$ (39,833,538) (19,845,146)	\$	(57,415,960) (28,549,215)	\$	(80,945,864) (25,031,200)	\$	(43,057,374) (30,111,643)
Total Primary Government Change in Net Position	\$ (72,937,080)	\$ (59,678,684)	\$	(85,965,175)	\$	(105,977,064)	\$	(73,169,017)

⁽¹⁾ Reflects initial implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions"

2013		2014	 2015(1)		2016		2017
\$ 82,857,557 52,864,260 84,798,097	\$	77,839,214 51,721,701 77,170,283	\$ 80,792,042 53,847,271 75,595,088	\$	100,787,584 56,142,327 92,396,592	\$	89,872,406 58,413,123 85,761,711
43,639,894 51,611,960		40,344,309 50,904,715	40,874,395 51,626,951		56,674,745 59,415,474		50,459,489 51,900,294
183,124,815 912,444 30,527,243 17,885,215		180,280,563 913,144 34,985,229 18,469,266	174,740,290 709,525 50,758,774 18,228,712		178,556,781 1,069,966 43,390,235 17,939,810		162,773,575 752,070 37,263,187 16,719,029
 548,221,485		532,628,424	547,173,048		606,373,514		553,914,884
91,199,289		83,560,915	79,597,912		-		-
5,093,095		5,211,270	5,334,140		6,123,438		5,569,405
 404,125		370,008	 354,797 -		290,086 134,036		254,036 152,179
 96,696,509		89,142,193	 85,286,849		6,547,560		5,975,620
\$ 644,917,994	\$	621,770,617	\$ 632,459,897	\$	612,921,074	\$	559,890,504
\$ 12,820,733	\$	11,695,975	\$ 12,535,866	\$	13,586,109	\$	14,020,496
4,472,553 9,486,387 5,345,408		4,302,156 4,867,009 5,131,667	4,592,496 5,150,443 5,252,383		1,841,464 19,377,435 8,135,384		1,770,588 5,227,151 8,015,052
6,685,722 719,333 132,077,625 9,810,850		6,541,038 972,469 126,723,569 13,541,036	6,256,511 918,756 131,859,545 14,090,985		6,091,890 25,890,982 127,591,118 18,968,235		5,389,196 24,163,621 129,567,597 7,172,124
 181,418,611	_	173,774,919	 180,656,985	_	221,482,617	_	195,325,825
61,277,422		67,685,420 -	62,431,545		Ī		- -
3,428,387		4,020,290	5,750,776		3,360,085		3,234,464
809,285		969,985	1,402,235		828,309		762,580
 		586,889	 417,940		127,569		159,718
 65,515,094		73,262,584	 70,002,496		4,315,963		4,156,762
\$ 246,933,705	\$	247,037,503	\$ 250,659,481	\$	225,798,580	\$	199,482,587
							(Continued)

(Continued)

	2013		2014		2015(1)		2016		2017
\$	(366,802,874) (31,181,415)	\$	(358,853,505) (15,879,609)	\$	(366,516,063) (15,284,353)	\$	(384,890,897) (2,231,597)	\$	(358,589,059) (1,818,858)
\$	(397,984,289)	\$	(374,733,114)	\$	(381,800,416)	\$	(387,122,494)	\$	(360,407,917)
\$	128,690,277	\$	139,848,206	\$	142,433,272	\$	131,211,789	\$	132,833,513
	10,788,365		11,395,607		13,048,472		12,745,729		13,197,289
	178,737,484		184,165,811		188,622,788		198,017,776		199,115,739
	4,446,008		3,433,302		4,396,527		5,197,772		5,199,083
	-		-		-		1,279,522		1,311,551
	1,199,830		1,331,881		1,412,392		1,502,377		1,486,320
	8,677,106		9,946,569		9,346,358		8,287,928		9,078,819
	1,665,480		1,697,495		1,760,305		1,763,321		1,801,887
	140,245		323,132		304,746		3,306,048		1,704,694
	-		-		-		1,664,002		1,845,288
	-		-		-		1,336,011		1,563,842
	63,834		174,238		68,792		308,362		92,893
	696,087		435,523		467,691		3,144,659		3,004,427
	4,655,287		-		, -		-		, , , <u>-</u>
	(13,325,066)		(8,639,253)		(65,679,885)		(103,737,849)		_
	,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		, , , , ,		, , , , , ,		
	326,434,937		344,112,511		296,181,458		266,027,447		372,235,345
	-		-		-		-		-
	13,325,066		8,639,253		65,679,885		103,737,849		
	13,325,066		8,639,253		65,679,885		103,737,849		-
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				·		
\$	339,760,003	\$	352,751,764	\$	361,861,343	\$	369,765,296	\$	372,235,345
\$	(40,367,937)	\$	(14,740,994)	\$	(70,334,605)	\$	(118,863,450)	\$	13,646,286
Ψ	(17,856,349)	Ψ	(7,240,356)	Ψ	50,395,532	Ψ	101,506,252	Ψ	(1,818,858)
_	(17,000,049)	_	(1,240,300)	_	50,585,552	_	101,000,202	_	(1,010,000)
\$	(58,224,286)	\$	(21,981,350)	\$	(19,939,073)	\$	(17,357,198)	\$	11,827,428
Ψ	(50,224,200)	Ψ	(21,001,000)	Ψ	(10,000,010)	Ψ	(11,001,100)	Ψ	11,021,720

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011(1)	2012
General Fund	 				
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 46,719,075	\$ 62,050,495
Restricted	_	_	_	16,617,145	15,815,039
Committed	_	_	_	-	_
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	_	_	_	(96,514,297)	(127,253,007)
Reserved	54,784,809	51,006,383	48,086,001	-	
Unreserved	 (31,526,746)	 (38,732,135)	 (52,040,793)	 	
Total General Fund	\$ 23,258,063	\$ 12,274,248	\$ (3,954,792)	\$ (33,178,077)	\$ (49,387,473)
All Other Governmental Funds					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 266,143	\$ -
Restricted	-	-	-	20,085,391	30,183,443
Committed	_	_	_	1,100,575	1,193,725
Assigned	-	-	-	28,200,207	26,313,606
Unassigned	_	-	-	-	-
Reserved	9,043,239	7,760,958	11,849,335	-	-
Unreserved, Reported In:					
Special Revenue Funds	13,926,044	17,038,024	21,876,806	-	-
Capital Projects Fund	51,547,862	7,660,442	3,459,152	-	-
Debt Service Fund	 7,500,000	 6,800,000	 5,760,000	 	
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$ 82,017,145	\$ 39,259,424	\$ 42,945,293	\$ 49,652,316	\$ 57,690,774
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 105,275,208	\$ 51,533,672	\$ 38,990,501	\$ 16,474,239	\$ 8,303,301

^{(1) -} The County implemented The provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Government Fund Type Definitions", for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2011.

	2013		2014	 2015	 2016		2017
\$	70,565,150 17,437,659	\$	74,219,583 16,807,128	\$ 15,549,450 10,669,056	\$ 14,066,334 7,689,546	\$	14,776,092 6,283,811
	- (138,114,028) -		- (29,910,383) -	- (16,115,498) -	- (4,032,449) -		5,485,610 6,257,861
_	- (FO 444 240)	<u> </u>		 - 40 403 000	 - 47 700 404	_	
\$	(50,111,219)	\$	61,116,328	\$ 10,103,008	\$ 17,723,431	\$	32,803,374
\$	37,199,852 1,001,999 33,041,171	\$	61,456,633 1,393,274 39,748,742	\$ 92,552,496 1,603,199 25,930,847 (361,038)	\$ 600,900 91,005,348 2,033,291 28,636,885 (475,227)	\$	680,410 73,564,799 1,560,191 29,442,694 (13,020)
	-		-	· -	· -		-
	- -		-	-	-		- - -
\$	71,243,022	\$	102,598,649	\$ 119,725,504	\$ 121,801,197	\$	105,235,074
\$	21,131,803	\$	163,714,977	\$ 129,828,512	\$ 139,524,628	\$	138,038,448

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

EAST TENTISCAL TEAKS										
		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
Revenues					-		-		-	
Real Property Taxes	\$	80,701,948	\$	87,028,735	\$	87,800,079	\$	89.331.893	\$	109,486,028
Other Tax Items	Ψ	7,280,446	Ψ	8,427,783	Ψ	5,091,917	Ψ	9,074,061	Ψ	9,593,493
Non-Property Taxes		173,963,636		166,731,320		173,232,759		173,277,809		177,267,770
Departmental Income		31,830,638		36,307,225		32,200,999		30,918,923		30,521,098
Intergovernmental Charges		31,030,030		30,307,223		32,200,999		30,910,923		2,614,580
		6 760 075		2 405 602		2 420 254		645 505		
Use of Money and Property		6,760,275		2,495,692		2,420,254		615,595		487,067
Licenses and Permits		1,701,868		2,220,626		1,912,108		1,856,351		1,811,112
Fines and Forfeitures		1,050,166		1,138,392		905,750		903,400		934,792
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss		86,829		68,687		517,546		162,849		81,096
Interfund Revenues		15,691,757		15,235,243		23,708,228		24,220,938		23,268,608
State Aid		107,236,772		96,469,342		81,400,046		86,660,293		84,743,470
Federal Aid		65,639,498		77,357,853		89,359,897		66,442,279		71,429,363
Miscellaneous		2,662,174		11,305,071		2,479,776		3,130,510		4,561,139
Total Revenues		494,606,007	_	504,785,969		501,029,359		486,594,901		516,799,616
Expenditures										
Current:										
General Government		60,184,410		59,499,136		63,793,645		61,594,915		64,209,911
Education		67,786,623		64,602,751		60,029,496		56,226,904		57,340,086
Public Safety		61,193,182		61,580,954		68,157,961		68,586,927		70,078,849
Health		46,691,701		39,419,209		41,393,398		41,010,199		39,792,305
Transportation		42,704,822		42,742,977		43,350,978		40,738,199		41,231,827
Economic Opportunity and Development		169,264,751		175,552,253		176,620,319		172,543,034		173,925,483
Culture and Recreation		667,428		598,820		510,699		525,845		391,837
Home and Community Services		23,632,499		22,714,338		23,557,043		25,826,025		22,781,787
Employee Benefits		11,028,835		11,600,192		13,167,104		14,672,488		15,146,136
Debt Service:										
Principal		19,742,088		19,684,472		20,097,765		25,280,970		25,895,018
Interest		13,344,928		13,348,694		12,172,015		13,003,458		16,160,442
Refunding Bond Issuance Costs		-,- ,		329,477		409,034		_		-
Advance Refunding Escrow		_		-		.00,00.		_		_
Capital Outlay		38,699,088		50,083,709		56,470,847		45,767,866		39,338,593
Total Expenditures		554,940,355		561,756,982		579,730,304		565,776,830		566,292,274
Definional of Devenues										
Deficiency of Revenues		(60.334.340)		(EC 074 042)		(70 700 045)		(70.404.000)		(40, 400, 650)
Over Expenditures		(60,334,348)		(56,971,013)		(78,700,945)		(79,181,929)		(49,492,658)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Bonds Issued		24,000,000		2,900,000		56,045,142		53,625,003		40,122,000
Transfers In		57,988,686		19,140,422		62,941,820		55,651,759		58,334,685
Transfers Out		(57,988,686)		53,785,489		(60,941,820)		(55,393,433)		(57,884,685)
Sale of Real Property		-		-		(,,		55,900		(,,
Refunding Bonds Issued		_		(53,785,489)		18,989,304		-		9,529,000
Issuance Premium		459,114		689,475		852,178		1,924,332		1,740,538
		433,114		009,475				1,924,332		1,740,550
New York State loan proceeds		-		(10 500 420)		7,703,598		-		(0.717.712)
Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		-		(19,500,420)		(19,432,448)		-		(9,717,712)
Transfer from Home and Infirmary Fund				-		<u> </u>				
Total Other Financing Sources		24,459,114		3,229,477		66,157,774		55,863,561		42,123,826
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	(35,875,234)	\$	(53,741,536)	\$	(12,543,171)	\$	(23,318,368)	\$	(7,368,832)
Debt Service as a Percentage										
Debt Service as a Percentage		0.20/		E 40/		G 10/		7 50/		0.00/
of Non-Capital Expenditures		9.2%		6.4%		6.1%		7.5%		8.0%

	2013		2014		2015		2016		2017
\$	126,965,228	\$	139,338,204	\$	140,561,063	\$	130,341,630	\$	133,523,897
Ψ	10,788,365	Ψ	11,395,607	Ψ	13,048,472	Ψ	12,745,729	Ψ	13,197,289
	195,988,814		201,860,652		206,822,773		216,048,696		217,993,399
	37,316,181		31,468,037		32,118,930		74,923,264		58,586,104
	, ,						74,923,204		30,300,104
	1,023,361		1,072,736		1,035,054		- 200 200		4 700 000
	431,307		616,799		565,372		3,302,309		1,703,302
	1,809,156		2,003,655		1,873,261		1,664,002		1,845,288
	867,128		707,307		1,039,995		1,336,011		1,563,842
	252,138		175,991		183,862		308,362		92,893
	23,085,995		23,225,051		24,173,627		25,898,396		27,042,612
	69,570,589		70,696,278		75,165,570		79,673,316		79,004,635
	65,409,143		63,947,808		61,472,854		66,886,037		57,132,787
	2,326,640		2,791,941		6,229,931		3,144,659		2,407,427
	, ,						, ,		, ,
-	535,834,045		549,300,066		564,290,764	_	616,272,411		594,093,475
	68,405,934		67,804,182		68,204,599		84,220,831		80,091,454
	49,555,765		47,785,490		50,230,399		51,223,270		54,820,250
	69,197,018		68,542,504		70,150,846		76,601,762		80,083,980
	38,475,566		37,880,303		39,447,490		50,729,442		49,690,796
							, ,		
	42,941,812		43,138,853		42,892,881		42,474,353		44,276,461
	174,418,566		173,547,009		172,664,771		167,738,322		161,145,344
	374,492		374,778		376,888		314,425		278,593
	21,919,024		23,285,082		38,863,535		23,565,030		24,513,598
	15,861,323		16,330,661		16,852,008		18,400,799		19,563,128
	28,309,066		29,197,947		34,934,786		49,683,714		46,701,858
	17,154,768		16,059,559		21,765,176		18,976,820		18,405,473
	70,804		424,008		1,129,081		411,291		-
	70,004		1,327,903		569,498		798,609		
	38,036,154		45,891,033		39,974,450		43,285,025		21,199,158
						_			
	564,720,292		571,589,312		598,056,408	_	628,423,693		600,770,093
	(28,886,247)		(22,289,246)		(33,765,644)		(12,151,282)		(6,676,618)
	45,632,482		159,177,997		68,477,000		20,280,382		-
	57,179,807		61,111,024		77,820,703		86,850,437		80,959,137
	(70,504,873)		(69,750,277)		(143,500,588)		(91,456,125)		(80,959,137)
	8,199,069		-		-		-		-
	7,180,078		39,874,197		71,008,578		26,130,000		_
	1,733,804		15,595,967		3,128,062				597,000
	1,733,604		15,595,967		3,120,002		3,319,064		597,000
	(7,705,618)		(41,136,488)		(77,054,576)		(28,657,627)		-
				_		_	5,381,266		-
	41,714,749		164,872,420		(120,821)		21,847,397		597,000
•		_			<u>-</u> _	_		_	
\$	12,828,502	\$	142,583,174	\$	(33,886,465)	\$	9,696,115	\$	(6,079,618)
	8.7%		8.8%		10.5%		11.9%		11.2%
	3.70		0.070		10.070		11.070		11.270

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the County's most significant local revenue source, the property tax. These schedules include:

Tax Revenues by Source, Governmental Funds

Sales Tax Rates

Taxable Sales by Industry

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation

County Property Tax Rates by Town Per \$1,000 of Assessed Valuation

Principal Taxpayers

Property Tax Levies and Collections

TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		No			
Fiscal Year	Real Property Taxes	Sales Tax	911 Emergency Surcharge	Mortgage Tax	Total
2008	\$ 80,701,948	\$ 168,498,939	\$ 349,153	\$ 5,115,544	\$ 254,665,584
2009	87,028,735	162,439,750	340,494	3,951,076	253,760,055
2010	87,800,079	169,152,688	542,134	3,537,937	261,032,838
2011	89,331,893	169,265,205	542,323	3,470,281	262,609,702
2012	109,486,028	169,581,359	1,046,955	3,480,654	283,594,996
2013	126,965,228	178,737,484	1,262,906	4,446,008	311,411,626
2014	139,338,204	184,165,811	1,285,593	3,443,302	328,232,910
2015	140,736,285	188,218,112	1,284,403	4,396,527	334,635,327
2016	130,341,630	198,017,776	1,279,522	5,197,772	334,836,700
2017	133,523,897	199,115,739	1,311,551	5,199,083	339,150,270

SALES TAX RATES (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
New York State *	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %
MTA (1) **	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375
County *** ****	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000
Total	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %

(1) Metropolitan Transit Authority

^{*} Effective June 1, 2003 - May 31, 2005 the New York State rate increased from 4% to 4 1/4% Effective June 1, 2005 the New York State rate decreased from 4 1/4% to 4%.

^{**} Effective June 1, 2005 the MTA rate increased from 1/4% to 3/8%

^{***} Effective March 1, 2002 the County rate increased from 3% to 3 5/8%, of which 1/8% of 1% was designated for towns and villages.

^{****} Effective March 01, 2007 the County rate increased from 3 5/8% to 4%, of which 3/16 of 1% was designated for towns and villages.

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %	4.000 %
0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375	0.375
4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000	4.000
8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %	8.375 %

TAXABLE SALES BY INDUSTRY (Unaudited) TEN YEARS STATED

Industry		March 2006 to February 2007		March 2007 to February 2008		March 2008 to February 2009		March 2009 to February 2010		March 2010 to February 2011
	_		_		_		_		_	
Utilities (excluding residential energy)	\$	141,988,000	\$	163,002,000	\$	158,344,000	\$	157,587,000	\$	140,446,000
Construction		77,578,000		81,720,000		75,289,000		74,296,000		72,087,000
Manufacturing		123,204,000		122,873,000		105,796,000		107,198,000		79,296,000
Wholesale Trade		371,992,000		392,869,000		347,945,000		347,851,000		334,822,000
Retail Trade:										
Motor Vehicles and Parts		466,498,000		468,920,000		427,901,000		427,817,000		437,861,000
Furniture and Home Furnishings		113,692,000		114,307,000		100,076,000		99,613,000		91,312,000
Electronics and Appliances		82,325,000		73,782,000		71,865,000		72,225,000		85,563,000
Building Materials and Garden Equipment		268,814,000		252,831,000		231,800,000		230,730,000		222,662,000
Food and Beverage		188,296,000		189,433,000		194,638,000		193,139,000		211,277,000
Health and Personal Care		50,727,000		52,273,000		54,192,000		54,036,000		56,677,000
Gasoline Stations		43,629,000		21,843,000		21,745,000		22,805,000		25,521,000
Clothing		98,481,000		80,359,000		76,804,000		77,200,000		156,555,000
Sporting Goods, Hobby, Book and Music Stores		87,601,000		84,213,000		76,362,000		78,101,000		78,003,000
General Merchandise		335,776,000		338,294,000		324,747,000		325,470,000		308,310,000
Miscellaneous Retail		110,698,000		108,855,000		101,345,000		101,311,000		98,445,000
Nonstore Retail		47,030,000		52,510,000		63,956,000		63,077,000		74,606,000
Information		289,692,000		305,344,000		284,761,000		286,566,000		298,896,000
Professional, Scientific, and Technical		48,136,000		59,139,000		61,944,000		61,510,000		47,884,000
Administrative/Support Services		101,403,000		111,610,000		115,593,000		117,114,000		117,815,000
Health Care		2,771,000		2,522,000		2,789,000		2,692,000		3,273,000
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation		29,077,000		27,458,000		27,696,000		28,018,000		22,703,000
Accommodation and Food Services:										
Food Services		283,573,000		308,607,000		316,388,000		320,055,000		329,970,000
Accommodation		51,199,000		55,538,000		49,628,000		49,628,000		43,795,000
Other Services:										
Repair and Maintenance		85,180,000		94,239,000		95,020,000		96,470,000		99,037,000
Personal and Laundry Services		13,461,000		14,264,000		14.386.000		13,357,000		9,365,000
All Other Services		2.080.000		1,485,000		1,770,000		1.628.000		2.028.000
Ag., Mining, Trans., FIRE, Educ., Govt. RE		127,963,000		150,179,000		146,375,000		144,796,000		140,920,000
Unclassified by Industry		66,600,000		34,992,000		34,565,000		25,493,000		16,740,000
Sales to Qualified Empire Zone Enterprises (QEZEs)		303,000				-		,		-
Services to tangible personal property used in prod.		-	_							
Grand Total	\$	3,709,767,000	\$	3,763,461,000	\$	3,583,720,000	\$	3,579,783,000	\$	3,605,869,000

Source: New York State Department of Taxation and Finance

(1) Preliminary

<u>F</u>	March 2011 to February 2012 (1)	March 2012 to February 2013 (1	<u> </u>	March 2013 to February 2014 (1)	F	March 2014 to February 2015 (1)	F	March 2015 to February 2016 (1)
\$	126,439,000	\$ 109,308,000	\$	332,833,187	\$	368,393,998	\$	\$340,176,101
•	77,996,000	80,423,000	•	97,755,671	Ψ.	96,281,562	*	105,413,249
	167,207,000	146,034,000		161,274,264		166,741,938		154,522,936
	184,216,000	184,063,000		244,849,962		255,586,300		278,491,317
	430,674,000	419,406,000		460,084,204		492,914,356		550,216,369
	89,196,000	87,407,000		90,764,722		95,011,608		95,646,427
	122,363,000	106,230,000		101,916,453		66,347,554		67,034,423
	222,659,000	223,683,000		233,512,028		235,558,445		243,441,865
	223,019,000	232,339,000		257,511,942		261,725,994		268,745,867
	53,859,000	54,827,000		59,342,211		63,170,203		67,059,878
	35,363,000	32,551,000		172,795,650		156,683,276		132,791,844
	137,264,000	92,659,000		309,356,848		312,791,042		323,383,342
	67,458,000	65,234,000		69,132,520		71,501,030		83,889,518
	265,616,000	267,095,000		398,946,155		399,778,968		389,310,153
	151,270,000	144,369,000		112,651,512		114,686,095		118,895,630
	92,813,000	85,826,000		133,607,973		132,057,424		137,699,642
	247,583,000	257,264,000		284,930,682		297,949,224		295,355,334
	51,984,000	67,951,000		74,399,623		136,940,187		127,896,031
	117,690,000	112,119,000		136,312,899		132,473,866		143,669,078
	3,020,000	2,869,000		3,275,960		3,868,444		2,248,312
	25,303,000	25,080,000		30,528,766		31,046,730		31,741,769
	351,111,000	364,954,000		387,099,142		412,698,916		436,600,163
	38,571,000	54,373,000		56,415,283		59,784,101		61,082,759
	139,343,000	150,262,000		150,154,892		157,249,845		131,018,754
	11,033,000	12,017,000		12,798,360		13,843,152		35,164,577
	1,355,000	1,914,000		2,294,822		2,010,629		2,034,323
	137,463,000	132,155,000		148,538,680		124,492,007		145,566,255
	13,501,000	2,595,000		10,607,247		17,186,440		28,585,687
	<u> </u>							
\$	3,585,369,000	\$ 3,515,007,000	\$	4,533,691,658	\$	4,678,773,334	\$	4,797,681,603

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Real P	rope	erty		
Year Ended December 31	 Residential Property		Commercial Property	 Less: Tax Exempt Real Property	 Total Taxable Assessed Value
2008	\$ 10,880,269,795	\$	5,734,402,680	\$ 1,549,232,372	\$ 15,065,440,103
2009	10,772,710,984		5,647,856,442	1,636,309,661	14,784,257,765
2010	10,382,170,444		5,420,326,097	1,633,457,426	14,169,039,115
2011	10,353,021,141		5,392,238,666	1,639,692,384	14,105,567,423
2012	10,196,423,647		5,319,167,057	1,654,615,377	13,860,975,327
2013	10,000,314,618		5,216,019,671	1,669,260,505	13,547,073,784
2014	10,013,144,636		5,003,751,556	1,743,115,416	13,273,780,776
2015	10,019,564,077		4,968,028,441	1,737,186,924	13,250,405,594
2016	10,037,457,638		4,822,985,009	1,719,541,972	13,140,900,675
2017	10,076,278,185		4,775,421,679	1,701,527,875	13,150,171,989

Source: Rockland County Real Property Tax Department

Note: Taxable assessed values are determined by the city and town governments located within the County. The estimated actual taxable values represent the weighted average State equalization rates established for each city and town within the County.

The total direct tax rate is calculated by the County tax levy divided by the total taxable assessed value multiplied by a thousand

Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
3.570 %	\$ 48,274,170,415	31.21 %
3.997	43,318,941,021	34.13
4.289	41,710,339,760	33.97
4.374	38,236,489,073	36.89
5.848	38,245,682,561	36.24
7.086	36,615,123,723	37.00
7.983	36,265,356,221	36.60
8.149	35,216,017,356	37.63
9.030	35,922,686,810	36.58
9.126	37,628,860,485	34.95

COUNTY PROPERTY TAX RATES BY TOWN PER \$1,000 OF ASSESSED VALUATION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Clarkstown	Haverstraw	Orangetown	Stony Point	Ramapo
2008	\$ 5.023156	\$ 1.356	\$ 3.1316	\$ 12.0287	\$ 11.269
2009	5.267550	1.487	3.3264	11.2172	11.340
2010	5.363834	1.603	3.3103	12.3397	12.317
2011	6.978614	2.207	4.9810	15.2841	16.054
2012	8.257075	2.695	5.7660	18.4361	18.467
2013	9.184049	3.088	6.2895	20.5166	18.986
2014	9.336670	3.186	6.3297	20.6098	19.497
2015	10.268	3.309	7.1840	20.1465	23.856
2016	9.924	3.386	6.6510	20.6799	24.915
2017	9.737	3.428	6.8477	20.5448	26.119

PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS (Unaudited) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

2	n	1	_
/	u		_/

Taxpayer	Type of Business	 Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation
Palisades Interstate Park	State Lands	\$ 837,376,798	2.23 %
Orange & Rockland Utilities	Public Utility	824,322,868	2.19
United Water	Public Utility	473,524,488	1.26
Pyramid/EKLECTRO Properties	Retail Shopping	393,302,906	1.05
Alogonquin Gas	Public Utility	239,263,411	0.64
Con Edison	Public Utility	164,614,797	0.44
American Cyanamid Corp. (Pfizer)	Pharmaceuticals	133,485,714	0.35
Verizon	Public Utility	107,712,802	0.29
Pearl River Campus	Industrial	106,268,360	0.28
Garden Financing LLC	Housing Complex	 90,515,152	0.24
		\$ 3,370,387,296	8.97 %

Note: Total assessed valuation on the 2017 roll is \$37,628,860,485

2008

Taxpayer	Type of Business		Assessed Valuation	Perce of Tot Assess Valuati	al sed
Palisades Interstate Park	State Lands	\$	1,052,994,452	2.37	%
Pyramid/EKLECTRO Properties	Retail Shopping	·	1,037,021,947	2.33	
Wyeth-Ayerst Laboratories	Pharmaceuticals		920,346,464	2.07	
Mirant	Public Utility		702,799,361	1.58	
Orange & Rockland Utilities	Public Utility		584,454,161	1.31	
United Water	Public Utility		424,835,917	0.95	
Verizon	Public Utility		226,162,027	0.51	
Consolidated Edison	Public Utility		176,072,499	0.40	
Novartis Pharmaceuticals	Pharmaceuticals		123,846,245	0.28	
Glorious Sun Roberts fka Blue Hill Community	Retirement Community		118,558,891	0.27	
		\$	5,367,091,964	12.07	%

Note: Total assessed valuation on the 2008 roll is \$44,499,242,282

Source: Rockland County Real Property Tax Office

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

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Fiscal Year	 County	Town hargebacks eficiency) (2)	 Local Special Districts	 Relevied Schools	Relevied Villages	 Towns	 Late Penalties and fees
2008	\$ 53,804,066	\$ 4,759,562	\$ 42,010,230	\$ 22,813,093	\$ 2,094,973	\$ 246,122,883	\$ 6,472,073
2009	59,100,000	1,367,704	45,737,352	23,585,657	2,520,442	253,650,648	8,149,546
2010	60,500,000	2,154,896	48,736,705	24,687,900	2,859,696	263,478,889	4,737,710
2011	61,700,000	2,154,896	48,736,690	24,687,900	2,859,696	273,693,972	9,536,186
2012	81,060,623	4,942,177	52,400,670	25,029,192	2,980,506	279,333,437	8,632,359
2013	96,000,000	3,530,977	55,557,615	25,164,473	2,725,140	297,661,098	9,470,285
2014	105,960,166	2,563,216	57,459,228	26,015,534	2,499,169	312,024,803	10,065,679
2015	107,978,376	1,420,067	58,233,195	28,041,272	2,984,171	317,558,228	10,923,368
2016	118,629,010	3,152,832	61,571,129	25,651,197	3,308,866	322,443,712	10,862,627
2017	120,015,000	-	60,302,041	26,046,712	3,201,910	331,707,231	10,864,528

Note: Town receivers of taxes collect real property taxes for the town and county on a single tax bill. The respective town receivers distribute the collected tax money to the towns prior to distributing the balance collected to the county. The towns, thereby, are assured of full collections. On April 1st of each year, the town receivers turn over uncollected items to the County. The County satisfies the full amount of the unpaid school and village taxes by April 1st. Responsibility for the unpaid taxes rests with the County.

⁽¹⁾ Excludes relevied schools and village taxes

⁽²⁾ In 2017, the Town chargebacks have been pulled out of the property tax calculation and are being billed as an ordinary chargeback during the year.

 		Collected w Fiscal Year	 			Total Collectio	ons to Date			
 Total (1)	Percentage Amount of Levy		ir	Collections Subsequent Years		Amount	Perce of I	enta Levy	_	
\$ 353,168,814	\$	325,889,714	92.28 %	\$	24,101,607	\$	349,991,321	99.	10	%
368,005,250		343,864,852	93.44		9,121,466		352,986,318	95.	92	
379,608,200		354,481,303	93.38		6,025,449		360,506,752	94.	97	
395,821,744		367,357,941	92.81		9,099,305		376,457,246	95.	11	
426,369,266		397,974,491	93.34		6,659,581		404,634,072	94.	90	
462,219,975		430,631,166	93.17		8,270,685		438,901,851	94.	96	
488,073,092		459,558,389	94.16		4,579,189		464,137,578	95.	10	
496,113,234		467,289,050	94.19		8,177,491		475,466,541	95.	84	
516,659,310		482,740,681	93.44		8,586,366		491,327,047	95.	10	
522,888,800		493,640,178	94.41		10,889,537		504,529,715	96.	49	

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the County's outstanding debt and the County's ability to issue additional debt in the future. These schedules include:

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type

Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding

Direct and Underlying Governmental Activities Debt

Legal Debt Margin Information

RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Gov	ernmental Activit	Business-Type Activities					
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Installment Payable	Bond Anticipation Notes Payable	General Obligation Bonds	Tobacco Securitization Bonds (1)			
2008	\$ 306,426,208	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 15,478,717	\$ 83,234,773			
2009	292,501,813	-	2,900,000	13,874,183	83,771,691			
2010	331,510,505	3,786,261	-	13,948,638	84,527,722			
2011	359,239,248	3,389,459	-	12,489,758	85,334,971			
2012	372,814,732	2,995,269	-	12,179,274	86,499,760			
2013	389,009,453	2,597,879	-	17,519,029	87,786,997			
2014	534,257,206	2,197,033	-	15,753,616	87,547,616			
2015	567,661,806	1,789,886	-	15,729,116	89,040,501			
2016 (2)	559,616,467	1,380,902	-	-	89,386,071			
2017	510,610,155	971,292	-	-	90,866,954			

^{(1) -} Population and personal income data can be found in the schedule of demographic and economic statistics.

^{(2) -} In 2016, the County determined the Hospital Fund was no longer operating as an enterprise fund. Therefore, the Hospital Fund was closed and transferred to the General Fund.

	Total Primary overnment	Percentage Persona Income (ıl	 Per Capita (1)
\$ 4	05,139,698	2.54	%	\$ 1,357.05
3	93,047,687	2.33		1,309.40
4	33,773,126	2.47		1,391.69
4	60,453,436	2.81		1,461.02
4	74,489,035	2.78		1,493.24
4	96,913,358	2.75		1,548.48
6	39,755,471	3.49		1,975.37
6	74,221,309	3.58		2,067.93
6	50,383,440	3.62		1,990.28
6	02,448,401	3.31		1,831.89

RATIOS OF NET GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Available for Debt Service	Total	Percentage of Personal Income (1)	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property (2)	Per Capita (1)
Governmental Activities:						
2008	\$ 306,426,208	\$ 18,592,478	\$ 287,833,730	1.80 %	0.60 %	\$ 964.12
2009	292,501,813	9,839,189	282,662,624	1.67	0.65	941.67
2010	331,510,505	14,566,426	316,944,079	1.81	0.76	1,016.87
2011	359,239,248	12,621,169	346,618,079	2.11	0.91	1,099.82
2012	372,814,732	13,204,818	359,609,914	2.10	0.94	1,131.71
2013	389,009,453	13,085,153	375,924,300	2.08	1.03	1,171.46
2014	534,257,206	15,668,252	518,588,954	2.83	1.43	1,601.25
2015	567,139,998	9,113,649	558,026,349	2.97	1.58	1,711.54
2016	542,707,879	13,407,158	529,300,721	2.94	1.47	1,619.75
2017	397,422,879	13,704,413	383,718,466	2.11	1.02	1,166.79
Business-Type Activities:						
2008	15,478,717	-	15,478,717	0.10	0.03	51.85
2009	13,874,183	-	13,874,183	0.08	0.03	46.22
2010	13,948,638	_	13,948,638	0.08	0.03	44.75
2011	12,489,756	-	12,489,756	0.08	0.03	39.63
2012	12,179,274	-	12,179,274	0.07	0.03	38.33
2013	17,519,029	-	17,519,029	0.10	0.05	54.59
2014	15,753,616	-	15,753,616	0.09	0.04	48.64
2015	15,729,116	-	15,729,116	0.08	0.04	48.24
2016 (3)	-	-	-	0.00	0.00	-
2017	-	-	-	0.00	0.00	-
Total Primary Government:						
2008	321,904,925	18,592,478	303,312,447	1.90	0.63	1,015.97
2009	306,375,996	9,839,189	296,536,807	1.75	0.68	987.89
2010	345,459,143	14,566,426	330,892,717	1.89	0.79	1,061.62
2011	371,729,004	12,621,169	359,107,835	2.19	0.94	1,139.45
2012	384,994,006	13,204,818	371,789,188	2.18	0.97	1,170.04
2013	406,528,482	13,085,153	393,443,329	2.18	1.07	1,226.05
2014	550,010,822	15,668,252	534,342,570	2.91	1.47	1,649.89
2015	582,869,114	9,113,649	573,755,465	3.05	1.63	1,759.79
2016	542,707,879	13,407,158	529,300,721	2.94	1.47	1,619.75
2017	397,422,879	13,704,413	383,718,466	2.11	1.02	1,166.79

^{(1) -} Population and personal income data can be found in the schedule of demographic and economic statistics

^{(2) -} Based on values presented in the schedule of assessed value and estimated actual value of taxable property

^{(3) -} In 2016, the County determined the Hospital Fund was no longer operating as an enterprise fund. Therefore, the Hospital Fund was closed and transferred to the General Fund.

DIRECT AND UNDERLYING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (Unaudited) DECEMBER 31, 2017

Governmental Unit	Gross Long-Term Debt (1)	Less Exclusions (2)	Amount Applicable to County (3)
Towns (five)	\$ 233,221,751	\$ 1,385,000	\$ 231,836,751
Villages (nineteen)	67,182,765	4,042,767	63,139,998
School Districts (eight)	531,855,346	11,276,873	520,578,473
Fire Districts (twenty-one)	47,778,783	192,095	 47,586,688
Subtotal, Underlying Debt	880,038,645	16,896,735	863,141,910
Direct Bonded Debt of the County	 511,581,447	 13,704,413	 497,877,034
Direct and Overlapping Debt	\$ 1,391,620,092	\$ 30,601,148	\$ 1,361,018,944

⁽¹⁾ Excludes enterprise fund bonds.

Sources - Outstanding debt provided by New York State Office of the State Comptroller.

⁽²⁾ Exclusions for the County represents funds available for debt service repayments.

⁽³⁾ County percentage is 100% since all of the above municipalities and School Districts fall within the boundaries of the County.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		2008	2009	2010
Debt Limit	\$	2,706,285	\$ 2,869,344	\$ 2,979,424
Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit		195,497	 205,161	 179,210
Legal Debt Margin	\$	2,510,788	\$ 2,664,183	\$ 2,800,214
Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit As a Percentage of Debt Limit		7.22%	7.15%	6.01%
Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 201	7			
Five Year Average Full Valuation of Taxable Real Property	\$	37,628,860		
Debt Limit - 7% of Average Full Valuation		2,634,020		
Outstanding Indebtedness - Serial bonds (1) Bond Anticipation Notes		495,914 -		
Less Exclusions: Debt Service Appropriations for Bonds Exempt Sewer District Debt \$ 25,182 182,141		207,323		
Total Net Indebtedness		288,591		
Net Debt Contracting Margin	\$	2,345,429		
Percentage of Debt Contracting Margin Available as of December 31, 2017		89.04%		
Percentage of Debt Contracting Power Exhausted as of December 31, 2017		10.96%		

Note - Amounts expressed in thousands

(1) - Excludes serial bonds for the Rockland Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation and the Rockland Second Tobacco Asset Securitization Corporation

State Finance Law limits the County's outstanding net general obligation long-term debt to no more than 7% of the five year average full valuation of taxable real property. The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the County's net debt outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the County's legal borrowing authority.

	2011		2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
\$	2,988,989	\$	2,925,248	\$ 2,776,945	\$ 2,674,437	\$ 2,598,195	\$ 2,518,979	\$ 2,634,020
_	179,210	_	232,297	 242,171	343,839	 328,981	 316,757	 288,591
\$	2,809,779	\$	2,692,951	\$ 2,534,774	\$ 2,330,598	\$ 2,269,214	\$ 2,202,222	\$ 2,345,429
	6.00%		7.94%	8.72%	12.86%	12.66%	12.57%	10.96%

Demographic and Economic Information

This schedule offers demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the County's financial activities take place. This schedule includes:

Demographic and Economic Statistics

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (amounts expressed in thousands) (2)	Per Capita Personal Income (2)	Median Age (3)	Percent High School Graduate or Higher (3)	K-12 School Enrollment (4)	Unemployment Rate (5)
2008	298,545	\$ 15,966,784	\$ 53,482	37.5	88.2 %	41,343	4.8
2009	300,173	16,903,342	56,312	37.7	90.8	41,102	7.0
2010	311,687	17,551,718	56,312	37.7	90.8	41,162	7.1
2011	315,158	16,397,671	52,030	36.7	87.3	41,089	6.5
2012	317,757	17,091,196	53,787	36.6	87.9	43,218	6.7
2013	320,903	18,044,376	56,230	36.6	87.9	40,279	6.3
2014	323,866	18,349,276	56,657	36.4	87.5	40,121	5.1
2015	326,037	18,813,965	57,705	35.0	87.3	39,931	4.5
2016	326,780	17,976,821	55,012	36.7	87.3	39,345	4.5
2017	328,868	18,221,589	55,407	36.5	87.3	39,237	4.4

⁽¹⁾ U.S. Census Bureau, Annual Population Estimates, Population Division

⁽²⁾ U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

⁽³⁾ U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey; U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Census, Summary File 4

⁽⁴⁾ New York State Education Department, New York State District Report Card Comprehensive Information Report

⁽⁵⁾ New York State Department of Labor, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Operating Information

These schedules contain serve and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the County's financial report relates to the services the County provides and the activities it performs. These schedules include:

Principal Employers

Full-Time Equivalent County Government Employees by Function

Operating Indicators by Function

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS (Unaudited) CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	20	17	2008			
EMPLOYER	EMPLOYEES	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL COUNTY EMPLOYMENT	EMPLOYEES	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL COUNTY EMPLOYMENT		
Active International	340	0.27 %	360	0.31 %		
Aide Services, Inc.	600	0.48	-	-		
Aluf Plastics, A Div of of API	385	0.31	_	_		
ARC of Rockland	715	0.58	648	0.55		
AT & T Healthcare	800	0.65	750	0.64		
Avon Products, Inc.	315	0.25	332	0.28		
Barr Labortories	-	0.20	415	0.36		
Better Homes and Gardens Rand Realty	310	0.25	-10	-		
Bon Secours Good Samaritian Hospital	1,751	1.41	2,100	1.80		
Brega Transport Corp.	330	0.27	2,100	1.00		
Camp Venture, Inc	680	0.55	600	0.51		
Chestnut Ridge Transportation	456	0.37	600	0.51		
Chromalloy New York	319	0.26	501	0.43		
Community Home Health & Aide Svc, Inc.	560	0.45	-	0.43		
Friedwald Center for Rehab & Nursing	437	0.35	_	_		
Hamapik of Rockland County, Inc.	1,993	1.61	_	_		
Helen Hayes Hospital	891	0.72	861	0.74		
Hudson Valley Dev. Disabilities Svcs	523	0.42	-	-		
Intercos America, Inc.	450	0.36	_	_		
Jawonio, Inc.	1,100	0.89	806	0.69		
Lamont- Doherty Earth Observatory	560	0.45	480	0.41		
Nathan S. Kline Inst for Psy Research	350	0.28		-		
Nice-Pak / PDI	753	0.61	752	0.64		
Northern Services Group	832	0.67	1,100	0.94		
Novartis Pharmaceuticals Corp	-	-	440	0.38		
Nyack Hospital	1,850	1.49	1,500	1.28		
Orange and Rockland Utilities	819	0.66	766	0.66		
Par Pharmaceutical, Inc.	636	0.51	-	-		
PDI	753	0.61	_	_		
Pfizer, Inc.	700	0.57	_	_		
Prudential Rand Realty	310	0.25	_	_		
Raymour & Flanigan	337	0.27	_	_		
Rockland Bakery	400	0.32	396	0.34		
Rockland Psychiatric Center	1,219	0.98	-	-		
St. Dominic's Home	820	0.66	399	0.34		
The Dress Barn	-	-	350	0.30		
Tilcon New York, Inc.	189	0.15	338	0.29		
U.S. Information Systems, Inc.	-	-	375	0.32		
Verizon Wireless	850	0.69	1,000	0.86		
Wyeth-Ayerst Laboratories			3,059	2.62		
	24,333	19.65 %	18,928	16.19_ %		
				-		

Source: Rockland County Planning Department

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT COUNTY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Full-time Equivalent Employees as of December 31,

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
Function										
General Government	548	574	336	600	480	471	473	466	450	421
Public Safety	400	370	374	356	343	366	376	375	409	410
Health	1,091	954	948	908	812	707	656	548	198	209
Transportation	134	125	298	118	118	115	116	116	117	118
Economic Opportunity and										
Development	533	500	496	474	444	424	424	398	408	409
Culture and Recreation	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Home and Community Services	141	131	132	128	125	117	117	118	120	123
Total	2,848	2,655	2,585	2,585	2,323	2,201	2,163	2,022	1,703	1,691

Source - Rockland County Budget Department

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Function:					
General Government (1): Motor Vehicles					
Number of drivers' licenses issued	205,523	205,880	204,672	203,819	204,531
Number of vehicle registrations	211,399	210,205	210,957	211,312	213,166
Public Safety (2): Emergency Services					
Number of calls at 911 center	322,572	388,309	304,194	306,546	370,114
Corrections (2)					
Number of inmates	3,377	3,123	3,083	3,219	2,972
Transportation (2):					
Paving (Sq. yards)	43,850	53,232	55,591	45,220	_
Sealing- Microseal (Sq. yards)	93,653	87,342	126,727	105,968	95,542
Sealing- Chipseal (Sq. yards)	70,971	76,306	120,232	76,491	73,122
Ridership on public buses	3,852,758	3,675,390	3,534,225	3,405,632	3,320,589
Home and Community Services (2):					
Number of Metered Accounts	72,334	72,966	73,364	73,394	75,146
Miles of Mains	1,027	1,041	1,046	1,049	1,053
Average daily sewage treatment	25,331,565	28,442,011	29.830.136	29.119.833	28,275,588
(thousands of gallons)	-,,	-, ,-	.,,	-, -,	-, -,
Summit Park Nursing Care Center (2) -					
Number of beds occupied Summit Park NCC-closed 12/31/15	338	336	322	306	289

N/A - Information not available

⁽¹⁾ Source: Department of Motor Vehicles(2) Source: Rockland County Budget and individual County departments

2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
207,459	211,575	212,216	218,609	N/A
214,264	216,192	218,941	220,834	N/A
365,126	313,901	296,416	313,026	330,923
2,844	2,558	2,460	2,427	2,279
2,011	2,000	2,100	2, 127	2,270
180,017	12,000	150,175	128,494	77,877
149,332	137,342	81,201	93,172	70,343
203,385	145,268	84,674	134,676	127,921
3,178,084	2,942,940	2,701,601	2,534,101	2,362,533
75,177	75,339	75,423	N/A	N/A
1,051	1,056	1,059	N/A	N/A
28,269,480	28,572,457	28,591,653	N/A	N/A
,,	,_,			
253	228			
200	220	-	-	-

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION (Unaudited) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function	
General Government: Construction Permit Data- New Residential	
Number of Permits Issued 260 82 117 136	106
Estimated Value \$ 68,725,212 \$ 36,601,485 \$ 48,907,870 \$ 39,854,614	\$ 38,382,672
Buildings 7 7 7 7	7
Vehicles 199 125 126 128	137
Education:	
Buildings 10 10 10 10	10
Vehicles	
Public Safety:	
Buildings 8 8 8	8
Vehicles 151 159 159 165	167
Number of Fire and Rescue Companies 42 42 42 42	42
Number of Firehouses 51 51 51 51	51
Number of Members 2,180 2,344 2,346 2,349	2,279
Health:	
Buildings 16 16 16 16	16
Vehicles 115 107 110 112	50
Transportation:	
Buildings 2 2 2 2	2
Vehicles 257 262 263 265	162
Culture and Recreation:	
County Parks\ Open Space (acreage) 3,094 3,179 3,179	3,179
Number of County Parks\ Open Space 25 25 27 27	27
Vehicles 17 17 17 15	14

Source - Various County departments N/A - Information not available

-				
2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
167	179	222	167	185
\$ 53,807,151	\$ 71,481,454	\$ 81,972,203	\$ 56,965,711	\$ 103,434,004
5	5	5	5	5
134	142	148	153	161
10	10	10	10	10
10	10	10	10	16
				10
8	8	8	8	8
205	237	229	230	229
42	42	42	42	42
51	51	51	51	51
2,225	2,196	2,185	2,189	2,242
16	16	16	16	16
52	33	28	31	38
_	_	_		
2	2	2	1	1
167	158	163	165	167
3,179	3,179	3,179	3,179	3,179
27	27	27	27	27
14	16	12	14	14

COUNTY OF ROCKLAND, STATE OF NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amount Provided to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Pass - Through From: NYS Department of Health Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children (WIC)	10.557	C02579	\$ 12,022,011	\$ -	
Pass - Through From: NYS Office of Temporary Disability Assistance SNAP Cluster State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program	10.561	Not available	4,198,921	-	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			16,220,932	-	
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD):					
CDBG - Entitlement Grants Cluster Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218		1,854,845	945,334	
Emergency Solutions Grant Program	14.231		106,559	92,644	
Home Investment Partnership Program	14.239		1,293,697	602,121	
Community Development Block Grants Section 108 Loan Guarantees	14.248		4,895,000	-	
Continuum of Care Program	14.267		394,939	-	
Fair Housing Assistance Program State and Local	14.401		35,153	-	
Lower Income Housing Assistance Program - Section 8 Moderate Rehabilitation	14.856		716,698	-	
Pass - Through From: New York City Department of Health and Mental Hygiene Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS	14.241	Not available	193,888	47,707	
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	14.241	Not available	9,490,779	1,687,806	
U.S. Department of Justice:			0,100,110	.,001,000	
Drug Court Discretionary Grant Program	16.585		119,534	-	
State Criminal Alien Assistance Program	16.606		205,000	-	
Equitable Sharing Program	16.922		884,687	8,150	
Pass - Through From: NYS Division of Criminal Justice Services Violence Against Women Formula Grants Violence Against Women Formula Grants	16.588 16.588	C652128 C652124	66,750 66,750	35,000 35,000	
Total Violence Against Women Formula Grants			133,500	70,000	
Total U.S. Department of Justice			1,342,721	78,150	
U.S. Department of Labor: Pass - Through From: Rockland Comm. College WIA Cluster					
Workforce Development Board Management Services	17.267	Not available	114,461	-	
Pass - Through From: NYS Office for the Aging Senior Community Service Employment Program Pass - Through From: Senior Service of America	17.235	Not available	41,519	-	
Senior Community Service Employment Program	17.235	Not available	170,373		
Total Senior Community Service Employment Program			211,892		
Total U.S. Department of Labor			326,353	(Continued)	
				(Continued)	

COUNTY OF ROCKLAND, STATE OF NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amount Provided to Subrecipients	
U.S. Department of Transportation:					
Federal Transit Cluster Federal Transit - Formula Grants (Urbanized Area Formula Program)	20.507		\$ 1,952,560	\$ -	
Pass - Through From: Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration					
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training & Plan	20.703	T972956	1,944	_	
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training & Plan	20.703	C972969	72,166	_	
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training & Plan	20.703	T972966	2,076	_	
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training & Plan	20.703	C9729559	25,787	-	
Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training & Plan	20.703	C000754	161,209		
Total Interagency Hazardous Materials Public Sector Training & Plan			263,182		
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster					
Pass - Through From: NYS Department of Transportation					
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	C033469	4,306	-	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	D011607	860,678	-	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	D017592	640,000	355,000	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	Not available	148,963	-	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	D024657	32,196	-	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	D035445	1,576,800	-	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	D011514	3,535	-	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	D034740	2,854	-	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	D034703	122,423	-	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	D033977	17,546	-	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	D035405	42,273	-	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	D011607	1,595,701	-	
Highway Planning and Construction (Federal-Aid Highway Program)	20.205	D035752	583		
Subtotal Highway Planning and Construction Cluster			5,047,858	355,000	
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			7,263,600	355,000	
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency: Pass - Through From: NYS Environmental Conservation					
Performance Partnership Grants	66.605	C009693	5,500		
Total U.S. Environmental Protection Agency			5,500		
U.S. Department of Education:					
Pass - Through From: NYS Department of Education Special Education - Grants for Infants and Families	84.181	C027503	74,392	-	
Total U.S. Department of Education			74,392		
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:					
Pass - Through From: NYS Office of Temporary Disability Assistance					
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part D Disease Prevention and Health Promotion Services	93.043	Not available	16,509	-	
National Family Caregiver Support - Title III, Part E	93.052	Not available	121,923		
	30.032	Not available	121,320		
Aging - Cluster Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part B - Grants					
for Supportive Services and Senior Centers	93.044	Not available	258,821	-	
Special Programs for the Aging-Title III, Part C - Nutrition Services	93.045	Not available	513,876	-	
Nutrition Services Incentive Program	93.053	Not available	63,604		
Subtotal Aging Cluster			836,301	-	
3 3					
Deep Through Franci Health Deeperch In Comment of			974,733		
Pass - Through From: Health Research Incorporated					
Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP) and Public Health Emergency Preparedness (PHEP) Aligned Cooperative Agreements	93.074	1597-11	182,747	-	
Sodium Reduction in Communities	93.082	Not available	77,516	8,045	
	55.00 <u>2</u>	110t dvallable	77,510	0,040	
Comprehensive Community Mental Health Services for Children with Serious Emotional Disturbances	93.104	Not available	581,077	-	
				(Continued)	

COUNTY OF ROCKLAND, STATE OF NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures	Amount Provided to Subrecipients
Pass - Through From: Public Health Solutions HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants	93.914 93.914 93.914	15-MCT-990 15-EIT-990 15-HOT-990	\$ 92,761 133,408 197,888	\$ - - -
Total HIV Emergency Relief Project Grants			424,057	
Pass - Through From: NYS Department of Social Services Family Planning Services	93.217	C027054	33,515	-
Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.268	C028314	73,481	-
TANF Cluster Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	93.558	Not available	14,089,418	742,006
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	Not available	2,318,116	-
Refugee Entrant Assistance	93.566	Not available	3,282	-
Low Income Home Energy Assistance Program	93.568	Not available	2,922,950	-
CCDF Cluster Child Care and Development Block Grant	93.575	Not available	7,969,731	456,138
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	Not available	175,115	-
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	Not available	3,362,895	-
Adoption Assistance - Title IV-E	93.659	Not available	57,430	-
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	Not available	2,332,439	-
Co-location of Behavioral Health Services-CAPTA	93.669	Not available	39,178	-
Chafee Foster Care Independence Program	93.674	Not available	112,051	-
Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)	93.767	C028901	14,687	2,090
Medicaid Cluster Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Title XIX)	93.778	Not available	3,688,103	11,403
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to States Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to States	93.994 93.994	C027054 C030914	18,433 24,764	<u>-</u>
Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to States			43,197	-
Pass - Through From: NYS Office of Alcoholism and Substance Abuse Services Block Grants for Prevention and Treatment of Substance Abuse	93.959	Not available	1,209,119	1,158,352
Pass - Through From: NYS Board of Elections Voter Access to Individuals with Disabilities	93.617	C003241	826	
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			40,685,663	2,378,034
U.S. Department of Homeland Security: Homeland Security Preparedness Technical Assistance	97.007		139,186	-
Pass-Through From: NYS Division of Homeland Security & Emergency Services Emergency Management Performance Grant	97.042	Not available	105,141	-
Homeland Security Grant Program	97.067 97.067 97.067 97.067 97.067	T839840 C839851 C972950 C972952 C972962 C972960	10,644 18,421 158,133 115,167 46,518 118,913	- - - -
Total Homeland Security Grant Program			467,796	-
Total U.S. Department of Homeland Security			712,123	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 76,122,063	\$ 4,498,990

See independent auditors' report and notes to schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

COUNTY OF ROCKLAND, STATE OF NEW YORK NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the County of Rockland, State of New York (the "County") under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (the "Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, except for amounts passed through to subrecipients which are reported on the Schedule when the disbursement is made to the subrecipient. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATES

The County has elected not to use the 10 percent *de minimis* indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 - NONCASH AWARDS

Included in the amount reported for CFDA 10.557 Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children ("WIC") is \$10,251,046 for the value of the redeemed food instrument issuances. A food instrument is a check produced through the New York State WIC Statewide Information System ("WICSIS") that is issued to WIC participants and may be redeemed to obtain WIC approved foods/formula from authorized vendors.

Included in the amount reported for CFDA 93.568; Low-Income Home Energy Assistance Program; ("HEAP") are payments to utility vendors for \$2,788,445 issued directly by the New York State Office of the State Comptroller ("OSC"). These payments are processed through the Statewide Financial System ("SFS").

NOTE 5 - LOAN GUARANTEE PROGRAM

The loan guarantee program ("loans") outstanding at the beginning of the year are included in the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule. The balance outstanding at December 31, 2017 consisted of:

<u>Program Name</u>	CFDA#	<u>Out</u>	standing Balance
Community Development Block Grants Section 108 Loan Guarantees	14.248	\$	4,362,000

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable Legislature of the County of Rockland, State of New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Rockland, New York (the "County"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents and have issued our report thereon dated June 29, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

Marks Pareth UP

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

New York, NY June 29, 2018



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY UNIFORM GUIDANCE

The Honorable Legislature of the County of Rockland, State of New York

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the County of Rockland, State of New York's ("County") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget ("OMB") Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the year ended December 31, 2017. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each of the major federal programs. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance.

Basis for Adverse Opinion on HUD Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the County did not comply with compliance requirements regarding CFDA 14.248 HUD Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program as described in finding number 2017-001 regarding eligibility and subrecipient monitoring. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the County to comply with the requirements applicable to that program.

Adverse Opinion on HUD Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the *Basis for Adverse Opinion on HUD Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program* paragraph, the County did not comply, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on HUD Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program for the year ended December 31, 2017.



Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Major Federal Programs

In our opinion, the County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its other major federal programs identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Other Matter

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and question costs as item 2017-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

The County's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying corrective action plan. The County response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for the major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirement of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Marks Pareth UP



COUNTY OF ROCKLAND, STATE OF NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results

No matters reported.

<u>Financial Statements</u>			
Type of Auditors' report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	YesXNoYesXNone reported		
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No		
Federal Awards			
Internal control over major programs: Material weaknesses identified? Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses? Type of auditors' report issued on compliance	YesXNoYesXNone reported		
for major programs:	Adverse/Unmodified		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance?	XYesNo		
Identification of major programs:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Pass - Through From: NYS Department of Health Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants and Children (WIC) (10.557)			
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD): Community Development Block Grants Section 108 Loan Guarantees (14.248)			
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass - Through From: NYS Department of Social Services Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) (93.558)			
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Pass - Through From: NYS Department of Social Services: Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Title XIX) (93.778)			
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$2,283,662		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes <u>X</u> No		
Section II—Financial Statement Findings			

COUNTY OF ROCKLAND, STATE OF NEW YORK SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

1. Finding 2017-001

CFDA #14.248 – Community Development Block Grants Section 108 Loan Guarantees, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)
Compliance Requirements – Eligibility, Subrecipient Monitoring

Criteria: The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development ("HUD") Section 108 Loan Guarantee Program ("Section 108") offers state and local governments the ability to transform a small portion of their Community Development Block Grant ("CDBG") funds into federally guaranteed loans large enough to pursue physical and economic revitalization projects capable of revitalizing entire neighborhoods. Under the Section 108 program, the County established two programs, one for microloans of up to \$50,000 and a second program for loans from \$50,000 to \$2,000,000.

Condition: Although there were no new loans issued in 2017, during our audit of the Section 108 program, we noted that the County Department of Community Development did not maintain sufficient documentation of the loan disbursements. While we understand there were no program activities (program funds disbursed or funds received from HUD) during 2016, we were made aware by the County of certain discrepancies within the Section 108 program. Such discrepancies included maintaining inadequate documentation of loans disbursed and not following all compliance requirements for the program established by HUD. Compliance requirements for these loans extend beyond the issuance and repayment of the loans.

Questioned Costs: None noted

Context: The outstanding loan balance for the year ended December 31, 2017 was \$4,362,000.

Effect: The County did not maintain documentation of its loan disbursements and payments received from borrowers and interest due from borrowers was calculated was on a different basis from HUD guidelines by program staff in prior years. In addition, there was inadequate monitoring of past due loans or loans in default, as well as an overall lack of documentation maintained by program staff to substantiate compliance with the eligibility and other ongoing compliance requirements for the program established by HUD.

Cause: The County did not adhere to its policies and procedures related to the management of the Section 108 Program.

Identification as a Repeat Finding: See Finding 2016-001.

Recommendation: We understand that the County has established certain procedures to improve the monitoring of the Section 108 program. In order to ensure accurate account balances in the general ledger, we suggest the County record all the activity within the loan fund each month. This practice will ensure a better review and reconciliation process over the outstanding loan balances and thereby safeguard County assets.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: See Management's Corrective Action Plan.

COUNTY OF ROCKLAND, STATE OF NEW YORK SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2017

Prior Year Audit Findings

1. Finding 2016-001

CFDA #14.248 – Community Development Block Grants Section 108 Loan Guarantees, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD)
Compliance Requirements – Eligibility, Subrecipient Monitoring

Not resolved. See Finding 2017-001.

2. **Finding 2016-002**

Significant Deficiency in Internal Control over Compliance – Preparation and Review of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Resolved.

3. **Finding 2016-003**

Significant Deficiency in Internal Control Over Compliance – Documentation of Centralized Procedures for Monitoring Subrecipients

Resolved.

4. Finding 2016-004

Single Audit Reporting for December 31, 2016

Resolved.



COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT Dr. Robert L. Yeager Health Center

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Phone: (845) 364-3939 Fax: (845) 364-3940

September 28, 2018

Marks Paneth, LLP 685 Third Avenue New York, NY 10017

This Corrective Action Plan is provided in compliance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code* of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) relating to your Single Audit of the County of Rockland for the year ended December 31, 2017.

Finding 2017-001

CFDA #14.248 – Community Development Block Grants Section 108 Loan Guarantees, U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Compliance Requirements – Eligibility, Subrecipient Monitoring

Name of Contact Person:

Maria Frank, Assistant Director of Community

Development

Corrective Action:

Although there were no program activities (program funds disbursed or funds received from HUD) during 2017, the Department of Community Development is taking action to become more actively involved in the review and reconciliation of outstanding loan balances. An attorney from the Department of Law has been employed to work within the department and to seek repayment of defaulted loans using all available resources, including initiating litigation as necessary. The department is also hiring an inhouse accountant who will be responsible for monitoring all loan activity, including all monthly activity and identifying past due loans and loans in default. The Department is working closely with the County Auditor to address identified issues in recordkeeping. The Department of Community Development will implement enhanced

processes for documentation to ensure compliance with HUD's program requirements.

Proposed Completion Date:

The Department's in-house counsel started in late June, 2018 and is reviewing the outstanding Section 108 loans for enforcement action. The accountant is expected to start in mid-October 2018. The above remaining procedures will be implemented immediately.

us Frank Date: 9/28/18

Signature:

Name: Maria Frank

Title: Assistant Director of Community Development